

**Columbia River Basin
PIT Tag Information System**

**2004
PIT Tag
Specification Document**

**Prepared by
Pacific States Marine Fisheries Commission
for the
PIT Tag Steering Committee**

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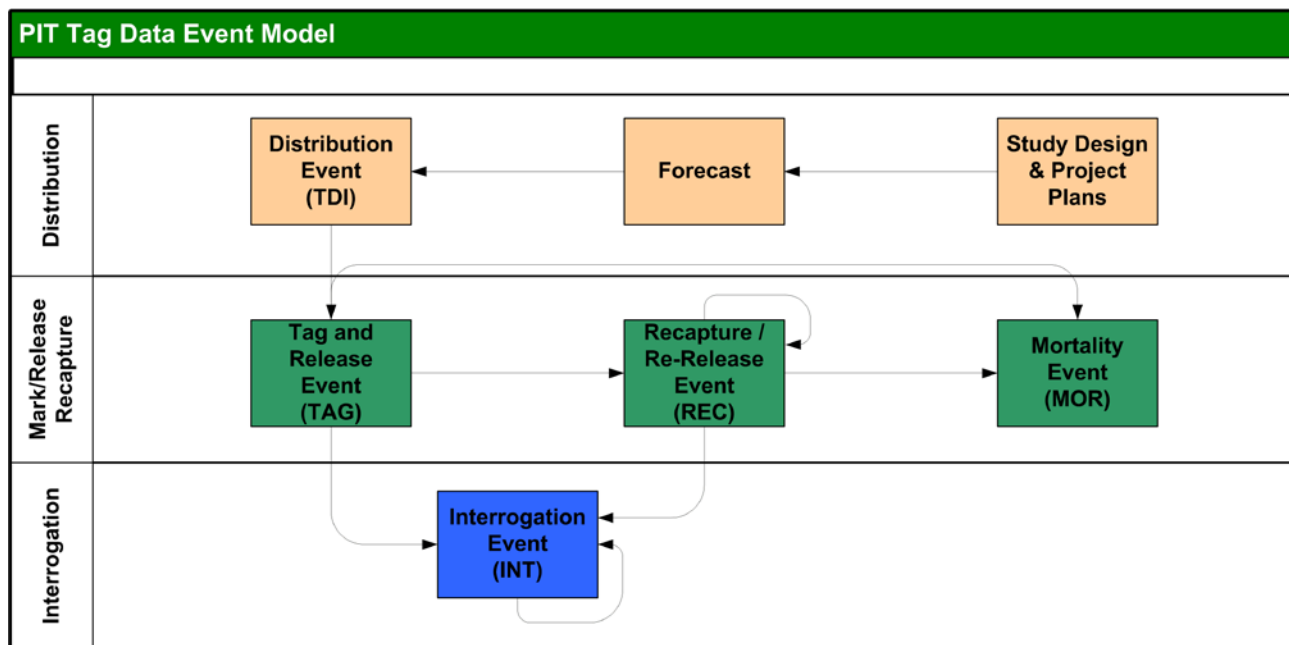
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I. Overview

Passive Integrated Transponder (PIT) tags have been used since 1987 to monitor the movement and behavior of anadromous salmonids in the Columbia and Snake river basins. The Columbia Basin PIT Tag Information Systems (PTAGIS) was implemented in 1991 to manage the collection, correlation, and exchange of Columbia River Basin PIT tag data. PTAGIS encompasses dedicated data collection software, a centralized relational database management system, and standardized data descriptions and reporting processes. Since 2002, the scope of the Columbia Basin PTAGIS program was expanded to include entries for resident and semi-anadromous stocks of rainbow and cutthroat trout, bull trout, and lamprey, sturgeon and others.

There are four general classes of PIT tag events represented in the PTAGIS database. The relationships between these different events are shown in the diagram below. Every unique PIT tag code in the database is expected to have a single **Tag and Release Event**, and a single entry in the database for this event. Subsequent to release, a PIT-tagged fish may be physically recaptured one or more times. Each recapture is a separate **Recapture and Re-release Event**, and each of these events has a separate entry in the PTAGIS database. If, during a recapture event, a PIT-tagged fish dies, or a PIT tag from a previously released fish is recovered, then the observed or inferred death is recorded as a **Mortality Event**, and the PTAGIS database receives a single entry for each such event. Each of these three events is recorded, and reported to PTAGIS, in a **Tagging File**. A single Tagging File may contain entries for any one, two, or all three of the **Tag and Release**, **Recapture and Re-release**, and **Mortality** events.

There are PIT tag interrogation systems deployed at numerous locations throughout the Columbia and Snake river basins. The tag codes of PIT-tagged fish are passively detected when the fish swim through or past one or more transceiver antennas at these locations. Each of these passive interrogations is recorded as an **Interrogation Event**, and entered into an **Interrogation File**. Many interrogation sites employ an array of antennas, resulting in multiple detections per site. In addition, a single anadromous fish may encounter, and be passively detected at, multiple interrogation sites as the fish migrates downstream to the ocean, and yet again as it returns to freshwater to spawn.



The PTAGIS database has been designed, modified, and refined to incorporate, relate, and report detailed information about PIT-tagged fish, using the four classes of the Data Event Model. This Specification Document has been prepared to ensure that all PIT tag data entry to, and retrieval from, the PTAGIS database is consistent with the Model. Database flexibility exists to modify data inputs as the Model evolves. However, all proposed changes to this document must be reviewed annually by the PIT Tag Steering Committee (PTSC). Review and modification of this Specification Document will occur annually prior to February. Questions concerning this document should be addressed to the PTSC (see **PIT Tag Steering Committee Members**, in Section I.

A. Data Use and Ethics

At the March 24, 2004 PIT Tag Steering Committee meeting, the PTSC agreed to formalize the expectations of the community for the use of the PTAGIS data set. The consensus guidelines follow:

Action items associated with efforts to ensure the appropriate and ethical use of the PTAGIS database

A) It is proposed that a “Data Use and PITfalls” tutorial be included on the PTAGIS web site. Example queries would be shown demonstrating potential pitfalls in data use. The nature of a database with a multitude of contributors with potentially conflicting definitions would be explored. The point of this tutorial would be to underscore the importance of contacting the PIT Tag Coordinators to fully understand the data (and limitations) prior to use.

B) It is proposed that the expected roles those submitting data be clearly delineated and included on the web page. **Those who submit data** should be clearly informed that they:

Make all submitted data immediately available without prior contact for use by managers and for independent and unpublished work.

Submission by the coordinator identifies him or herself as the initial contact for data users to verify and provide context for data.

The coordinator can expect to be contacted by data users prior to use in any literature for other than internal distribution (both reviewed and non reviewed documents) in order to;

Provide verification and context for data.

Secure appropriate permissions (in writing) prior to submission of this data for publication.

Arrange appropriate acknowledgements, citations and/or authorships.

C) It is proposed that the expected role of those **using data** be clearly delineated and included on the web page. Those who use data should be clearly and unambiguously informed that:

Regardless of the source, the data in PTAGIS is incomplete and unverified. Despite potential ambiguities, the database provides a “real time template” that is available to the public and agencies for independent research and adaptive management *with these caveats in mind*. It is the

responsibility of the Data User to contact the PIT tag coordinators as to the *availability, and correctness of the data*.

The Data User is expected to contact the appropriate PIT Coordinator(s) prior to using data in any literature for other than internal distribution (both reviewed and non reviewed documents) in order to;

Provide verification and context for data.

Secure appropriate permissions (in writing) prior to submission of this data for publication.

Arrange appropriate acknowledgements, citations and/or authorships.

D- PTAGIS should undertake efforts to make these efforts user-friendly

Facilitate a means by which coordinators can opt out of data use limitations or provide a coordinator defined “expiration date” for open use

Facilitate contact with the appropriate agency if the coordinator is unavailable

All queries should have a verification box that affirms the data user having read and accepted the following:

WARNING!

The data you have just accessed is unverified and may be incomplete. You are strongly encouraged to contact the coordinators below for context and limitations of this data. Prior to submission of this data for publication, it is the responsibility of the DATA USER to secure appropriate permissions in writing.

All queries should provide a list of names and emails so that they can be “cut and paste” so that a user might email all appropriate data providers at once.

E- The PTSC should submit a letter to peer review journals that have or are likely to receive submissions using PTAGIS derived data. The letter should include the following points:

Some contributors of data to the PTAGIS database have had problems with use of data without permission.

We are requesting the help of the editors in preventing future unethical data use.

We ask that editors require written affirmation from contributing authors drawing data from PTAGIS that all data contributors have been notified and appropriate permissions granted in writing.

B. Procedure to Request New Validation Code Setup

Tagging Coordinators are responsible for selecting the appropriate codes to use in marking, releasing and recapturing fish.

If the Tagging Coordinators require a new code in order to set up a new tagging, release, recapture or interrogation site, the Tagging Coordinator should submit the new code request to their organization's PIT Tag Steering Committee member for review and approval by the PTSC and inclusion into the next Specification Document (See section IV.K for PTSC member contact information).

C. Procedure to Request Separation By Code Support

Requirement:

PTAGIS requires a written request for Separation by Code support for any project that requires this service. Since the PTAGIS project does not 'police' research activities, the written request simply assures the PTAGIS project that the SbyC activity has been coordinated with the "Fisheries Community", and provides study specific logistical information required to implement the service.

The request is to be made to the PTAGIS Program Manager and should include the following sections:

Project Identification: Projects funded through the Northwest Power and Conservation Council's Fish and Wildlife program, should provide the "BPA Project Number". Projects not part of NWPPC's program should provide the contracting agency and contract number funding the project. The descriptive title of the project must be included as part of the Project Identification Section.

Affirmation of "Program Coordination" This section should provide assurance to the PTAGIS project that the SbyC activity has been coordinated with the Fish Passage Advisory Committee and the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers District office. It must also include an assurance that all necessary permits have been or will be acquired.

Affirmation of "Project Coordination" This section should provide affirmation that the SbyC activity has been coordinated with the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Site Biologist, of the juvenile fish collection location where the SbyC activity will be conducted.

Study Schedule and Requirements This section should provide: A) The location where the SbyC activities will take place; B) For each location, the begin date, and duration of the SbyC activity; C) The "Action Request". (Contact PTAGIS for assistance in identifying the specific action request to use); D) The number of fish encoded for the specific action request.

If the schedule requirement is complex, that is, there are multiple begin and end dates, or begin and end times, then provide a detailed schedule of when to begin and end for each Action Request.

Notify PTAGIS two months in advance of the request if the data set of PIT tag codes will be dynamic, that is, if the data set will change with any frequency throughout the migration season.

Background and Introduction

PIT tags have been used to track the movement of anadromous salmonids in the Columbia Basin since 1987. The automated PIT tag interrogation systems installed at hydroelectric dams within the Basin are Integral to this mark/recapture system. Many of the smolts (including PIT-tagged fish) that approach these dams are diverted, concentrated, and routed through Juvenile Bypass Systems (JBSs) away from the turbines. The bypass systems at [Lower Granite](#), [Little Goose](#), [Lower Monumental](#), and [McNary](#) dams include Juvenile Fish Facilities (JFFs), operated by the US Army Corps of Engineers (COE), from which smolts are collected and transported around the downstream dams. The bypass systems at these four sites, and at [John Day](#) and [Bonneville](#) dams, also include Juvenile Monitoring Facilities (JMFs); subsamples of fish are regularly diverted to the JMF and inspected to determine the magnitude, species composition, and condition of the collected population. Fish entering the various juvenile fish and/or monitoring facilities are routed through a series of flumes and pipes. These various routes are equipped with arrays of PIT tag detection antennas, and provide a convenient and effective method to passively and non-lethally detect previously-tagged smolts as they migrate downstream.

Prior to 1993, the interrogation of PIT-tagged fish had no effect on the disposition of those fish as they migrated through the JFF. During those years, the majority of smolts collected at COE JFFs were transported below Bonneville Dam, and so most PIT-tagged fish were interrogated at no more than a single site. Beginning in 1993, control gates, activated by the detection of a PIT tag, were systematically employed at Lower Granite and Little Goose dams to return any PIT-tagged to the river, rather than to a barge or truck. PIT tag control gates were first employed at Lower Monumental Dam in 1994, and in 1995 at McNary dam. Returning tagged fish to the river increases the probability of multiple downstream detections, a key criterion for the generation of reach survival estimates.

Since 1997, PIT Tag Separation by Code (SbyC) activities have been implemented at the JFFs of various COE projects. In contrast to the diversion of any and all detected PIT-tagged fish, the SbyC technology allows the controlled segregation of individual marked fish as they are routed through a JFF. The SbyC technology has been used to satisfy both fisheries research and management objectives. The National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS) developed the SbyC protocol, including the creation of the MULTIMON.EXE software to link the tag recognition and segregation actions. A typical use of SbyC is to separate and sample individual marked fish from the general population of tagged and non-tagged animals. Another application of the SbyC technology is to divert a known proportion of a marked cohort either to or away from transportation vessels at a JFF, as part of a controlled study design. SbyC technology was first used to divert adult PIT-tagged fish at the Lower Granite Dam Adult Trap in 1997, and at the Bonneville Dam Adult Fish Facility in 2000.

SbyC Coordination Overview

One requirement of a successful Separation by Code (SbyC) study is the coordination of that study with other Columbia Basin research and management programs. The successful study must also take into account the different capabilities and constraints of the SbyC facilities at the various hydroelectric projects. And, the successful SbyC program requires careful, coordinated implementation of the study parameters. All three of these coordination components must be addressed before the initiation of the SbyC study. The scope and duration of these coordination efforts will vary by study, but should generally be prioritized by "**Program**", "**Project**", and then "**Study**".

Program Coordination

There are at least two, and potentially four, steps to coordinate SbyC projects at the regional, or Program level.

All researchers must coordinate their prospective SbyC studies through the Columbia Basin Fish Passage Advisory Committee ([FPAC](#)), the regional forum for fisheries management and research.

Each study must also be coordinated with the Columbia Basin PIT Tag Information System ([PTAGIS](#)). The PTAGIS program operates and maintains the Region's mainstem PIT tag interrogation systems, including the SbyC components.

Additionally, all research in the Columbia Basin is subject to the constraints of the Endangered Species Act ([ESA](#)). Essentially all SbyC activities will impact, directly or otherwise, one or more stocks of salmon or steelhead listed under the ESA, and must be covered by an ESA permit.

Finally, SbyC activities are conducted at dams operated by the Army Corps of Engineers ([COE](#)), and may require coordination through the appropriate COE District office. Depending on the scope and complexity of the SbyC request, coordination with FPAC, PTAGIS, and the COE may require a lead time of anywhere from one month to one year. The initiation of any necessary ESA permit process requires a minimum of 90 days.

If your research targets another researcher's tagged fish, you have the additional responsibility to first obtain the permission of the original [tag coordinator](#).

Project Coordination

All researchers must coordinate their SbyC studies with the COE site biologist at each of the various fish facilities. At the juvenile fish facilities at Lower Granite ([LGR](#)), Little Goose ([LGO](#)), Lower Monumental ([LMN](#)), McNary ([MCN](#)), John Day ([JDA](#)), and Bonneville ([BON](#)) dams, prospective researchers must also contact the state-contracted Smolt Monitoring Program Leader. Researchers contemplating SbyC research at the Lower Granite Dam adult trap, operated by the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), must coordinate those activities with the NMFS on-site personnel. Any SbyC activity at the Bonneville Adult Fish Facility must be coordinated through FPAC. The amount and extent of coordination necessary at the Project level may vary from simple acknowledgement to a complex approval and scheduling process. Initial contact at the Project level should occur concurrent with, or soon after, Program coordination is initiated.

Study Coordination

All SbyC studies are implemented through the PTAGIS O&M function. At the Study level, researchers will define the individual tag codes of interest, and provide PTOC with any necessary scheduling information. PTAGIS requests a minimum of two weeks lead time between the receipt of the tag codes and scheduling information, and the implementation of the SbyC study. This lead time is in addition to the scoping and procedural development coordinated with PTAGIS through the Program-level coordination described above.

D. Procedure to Request PIT Tag Distribution

Objective

The purpose of this procedure is to describe the steps to be performed and items to be verified in order to distribute tags from inventory to projects funded by Bonneville Power Administration as part of the Northwest Power and Conservation Council's Fish and Wildlife Program as recommended by the Columbia Basin Fish and Wildlife Authority.

Scope

This procedure is for BPA / NWPCC / CBFWA projects only.

This procedure only addresses the three key deliverables required in order to send tags to the projects described above. These are: 1) Forecast Information; 2) PIT Tag Distribution Request Form (PDRF); 3) COTR Approval.

This procedure is not intended to describe how to acquire tag forecasts, or how to use the TDI software application to distribute tags.

Responsibilities

Project Sponsors are responsible for filling out and sending in the forecasted tag requirements for their projects periodically.

Project Sponsors are responsible for filling out and sending in the PIT Tag Distribution Request Form (PDRF).

Project Sponsors are responsible for notifying their BPA Contract Officer's Technical Representative that they require tags, and to have the COTR send the PIT Tag Distribution Coordinator approval.

After the PIT Tag Distribution Coordinator receives: 1) a Forecast, 2) a PDRF and 3) COTR approval, the DC can ship tags using the TDI procedure.

References

The illustration below highlights two phases of the Tag Distribution and Inventory Process.

The first phase is the forecasting phase. The purpose of the forecast is to collect enough data to allow the tag manufacturer to schedule production of tags. Ideally, the manufacturer requires four months lead time for orders of over 150,000 tags.

The forecast is also used to gain funding from Bonneville Power Administration in order to procure tags so that they are available when the Project Sponsors need them.

The second phase is the distribution phase. A PDRF is returned requesting shipment of a specific number of tags to a specific FWP project. Notice that this phase requires not only the PDRF to be submitted, but also approval from the BPA COTR.

PTAGIS Tag Distribution and Inventory

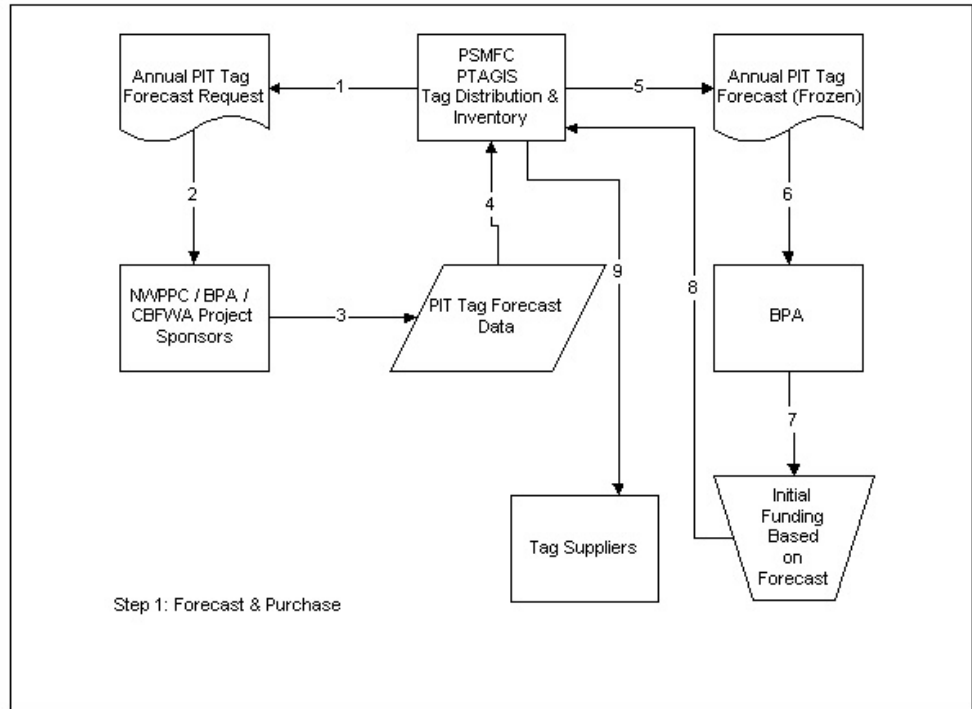
TDI_Process.vsd

11/4/2002

G:\doc\Misc_Stuff\Visio_Models\TDI\

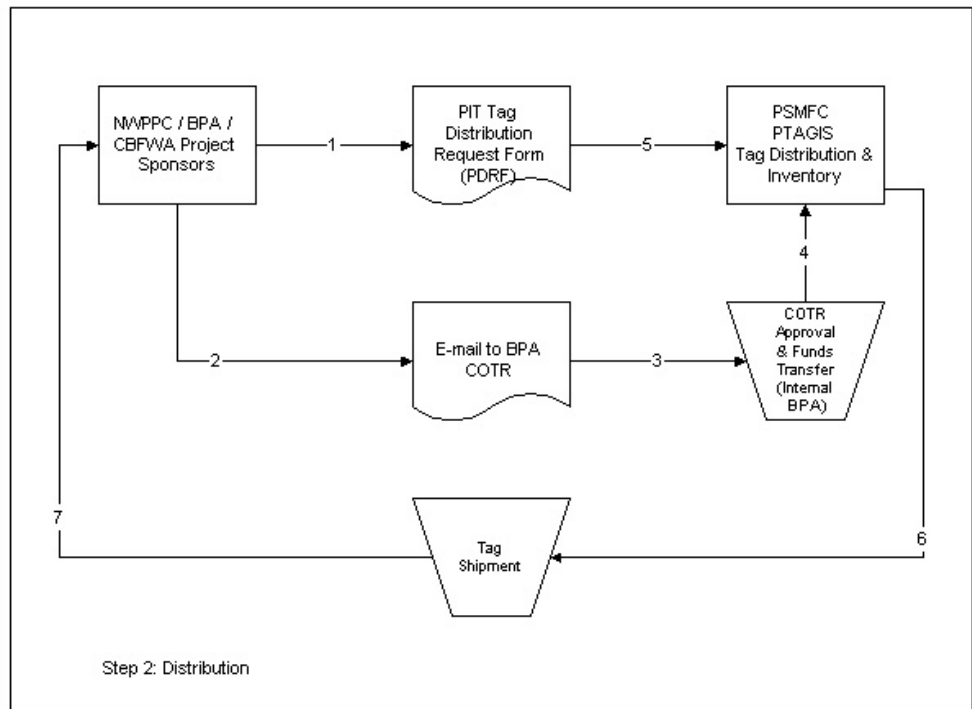
Step 1: Forecast & Purchase

1. 11/1/02: PSMFC Prepares Annual PIT Tag Forecast Request.
2. 11/4/02: Forecast Request is sent to Project Sponsors.
3. 11/4-14/02: Project Sponsors provide quarterly PIT tag forecast on forecast form.
4. 11/14/02: Project Sponsors submit quarterly PIT tag forecast to PSMFC.
5. 11/15-20/02: PSMFC prepares aggregate forecast.
6. 11/20/02: Aggregate forecast is transmitted to BPA.
7. 11/20/02: BPA prepares funding for all or part of aggregated forecast.
8. 12/1/02: BPA transmits funding approval for tag purchases.
9. 12/1/02: PSMFC purchases tags.



Step 2: Distribution

1. 30 days before tags required: Project Sponsor prepares distribution request form.
2. 30 days before tags required: Project Sponsor informs BPA of distribution request and PDRF number.
3. 25 days before tags required: BPA COTR initiates BPA Internal process to transfer project funds to appropriate accounts.
4. 20 days before tags required: BPA COTR notifies pit_tdi@psmfc.org that funds are available.
5. 15 days before tags required: PSMFC Processes PDRF.
6. 5 days before tags required: PSMFC schedules tags for shipment.
7. Tags are shipped .



II. 2004 Changes

The following is a list of significant changes made to the *2003 PIT Tag Specifications Document* which results in this *2004 PIT Tag Specification Document*:

Changed “2003” year references to “2004” throughout.

Section 1 – Overview: Change “PIT Tag Information System” to “Columbia Basin PIT Tag Information Systems.”

Section 1 – Overview: Included Tag Distribution (TDI) events in event model.

Section 1 – Overview: Changed last sentence of first paragraph from “In 2002 ... lamprey” to “Since 2002 ... lamprey, sturgeon and others.”

Section 1 – Overview: Change final sentence in section from “...addressed to PTSC...” to “addressed to the PTSC ...”

Section II – This section revised for 2004.

Section III – Data File Definitions:

Sub-section A Tagging File: . Changed “The current version of the **P3.EXE** program is available from the PIT Tag Operations Center (PTOC) at the Pacific States Marine Fisheries Commission (PSMFC)” to “The current version of the **P3.EXE** program is available from the PTAGIS project website, **www.ptagis.org**.”

Sub-section A Tagging File: . Changed “A **Variable Release Time Definition** records are required for each unique release time variable used in the **Tag Detail** record(s).” to “A **Variable Release Time Definition** record is required for each unique release time variable used in one or more **Tag Detail** records.”

Sub-section 4 Header Records, b. Tag Date: added reference to P3.EXE.

Sub-section 5.e.2, Tag Detail Records, Conditional Comments, Recapture Events: Added “BT” (Bare Tag) to appear with “RE” (Recapture).

Sub-section 7: Format changed to match .

Sub-section B: Added the following to the first paragraph: “These codes must be defined before data can be incorporated into the PTAGIS database.”

Sub-section 2, Start Message Records, FILE TITLE: Changed to allow alphanumeric file extension.

Sub-section 4, Other Record Types: Added “Annotations” and “Buffered Records”.

Section IV Code Lists

All code lists were updated based upon current data in PTAGIS data validation tables.

Sub-section H: The Tagging Method code, “NONE” was changed from “None” to “Recapture or Mortality”.

Sub-section K: Contact information for Carter Stein was changed.

Section V Glossary of Terms

Minor format changes were made.

Added Species Code “E” for Brook Trout; Verbose Species Run Rear Type code “ERU”.

Added new Flag Code, “EF” used to code Fin Erosion.

Tom Hoffman replaces Joe Zydlewski as PTSC representative for USFWS.

Added section on Data Use and Ethics.

Added procedure to request new validation code setup.

Added procedure to request Separation by Code service.

Added procedure to request PIT tag distribution to NWPCC projects.

This document contains the complete versions of the PTAGIS validation code lists as of 10/2/2018.

The reader can obtain the latest version of each list directly from the PTAGIS web site at:

<http://www.ptagis.org>

III. Data File Definitions

Three data file types are currently recognized by the PTAGIS system: **Tagging**, **MiniMon Interrogation**, and **MultiMon Interrogation**. All files must be in ASCII format and cannot contain non-printable characters (*e.g.*, <ESC> or <TAB>). Within each data class, all records must comply with the following specifications. The first record of Tagging and MiniMon Interrogation data files will be the "FILE TYPE" record.

Format: "FILE TYPE" starting at line 1 in column 5; a colon (:) in column 36; and the File Type identifier starting in column 38 ("TAGGING" or "INTERROGATION").

A. Tagging File

A **Tagging File** is used to provide information on the marking (and release) of newly marked fish. The **Tagging File** may also include information on the *recapture* and/or *mortality* of previously PIT-tagged fish (see Recapture and Mortality definitions in Section V. Glossary).

PTAGIS will accept Tagging Files created by the **P3.EXE** and **PITTAG2.EXE** programs. PTAGIS will **not** accept files created with the DOS programs **PITTAG.EXE** or **BIOMARK.EXE**. PTAGIS discourages the continued use of the **PITTAG2.EXE** program. The current version of the **P3.EXE** program is available from the PTAGIS project website, www.ptagis.org.

A Tagging File consists of eight possible record categories. (1-4) PTAGIS requires that the Tagging File contain a single record each of the **File Type**, **Program Version**, **Session or Project Message**, and **End of File Record** types, and (5) exactly 19 **Header** records. (6) A tagging file contains zero or more **Tag Detail** records. (7) The inclusion of one or more **Note** records is optional. (8) A **Variable Release Time Definition** record is required for each unique release time variable used in one or more **Tag Detail** records.

In the ASCII output file, each **Tag Detail** record is distinguished by a right justified sequence number in columns 1-4. The contents of all other record types are preceded by spaces (ASCII character 32dec./ØH2Ø) in columns 1-4. The **File Type**, **Program Version**, **Header**, and **End of File Record** definitions are all formatted as follows: the record declaration begins in column five, a colon (":") appears in column 36, and the record contents are displayed beginning in column 38. The individual Tagging File record types are defined in detail below.

1. File Type Record

Format: "FILE TYPE" starting in column 5; a colon (:) in column 36; and "TAGGING" starting in column 38. This record is generated by the software on the first line of the ASCII output file. This is a required record.

```
FILE TYPE                : TAGGING
```

2. Program Version Record

The only valid program version declarations are:

PITTAG2.EXE 1.04; OR

PITTAG3 (version 1.0 or greater)

This record is generated by the software on the second line of the ASCII output file. This is a required record.

3. Session Message

Text, 76 character input maximum. This required record is formatted by the software; and is delimited by dashed sequences on lines three and five of the ASCII output file. While the exact record content is left to the user's discretion, the Session Message should provide a summary of the purpose or scope of the tagging project.

Example 1: Typical Session Message

```
SPCA habitat utilization study in Swimin River  
drainage, 2004
```

4. Header Records

The label contents, order, and format of the header records are standardized and cannot be changed. These are required records. The mandatory inclusion of record contents may be required, as individually noted.

	FIELD NAME	CONTENT	MANDATORY/OPTIONAL
a.	FILE TITLE	xxxYYDDD.zzz	Mandatory
	This required format is auto-generated by the PITTAG2.EXE and P3.EXE programs and consists of a valid tagging data coordinator's ID (initials) and the day-of-year (YYDDD). The contents of the extension (zzz) are left to the discretion of the tagging supervisor. However, as all data files submitted to PTAGIS must have unique titles, it is imperative that the "filename.extension" combination not conflict with any other PIT tag data files generated within the Columbia Basin.		
b.	TAG DATE	MM/DD/YY hh:mm	Mandatory
	This field records the date the tag data was collected. The value is generated by the software, and defaults to the current computer date and time. This value can be modified in PITTAG2.EXE or P3.EXE . When the Tagging File contains records of PIT tag releases or recaptures/mortalities collected over multiple days then, by convention, the Tag Date field should contain the first day of sampling effort, the Release Date field (see below) should reference the last day of sampling effort, the actual dates of PIT tag release/recovery should be denoted using Variable Release Times (see below), and the procedure should be documented in a session Note (see below) preceding the first Tag Detail record (see below).		

	FIELD NAME	CONTENT	MANDATORY/OPTIONAL
c.	TAGGER	Lastname I	Mandatory
	This field records the tagging supervisor or primary tagger's last name, followed by a space and first initial, to a maximum of 15 characters.		
d.	HATCHERY SITE	[Valid Hatchery]	Optional
	When fish are tagged at a hatchery, this field contains the four-character abbreviation from the domain of hatchery codes (see Hatchery Codes in Section IV).		
e.	STOCK	Text	Optional
	This field contains a description of the genetic or geographic stock, to a maximum of 15 characters.		
f.	BROOD YR	Nn	Optional
	This field contains the last two digits of the calendar year when eggs were deposited or collected, if known.		
g.	MIGRATORY YR	Nn	Mandatory
	This field contains the last two digits of the earliest possible calendar year when fish will out-migrate. For a recapture/mortality event, or if adults are tagged, this value references the current calendar year.		
h.	TAG SITE	[Valid Tag Site]	Mandatory
	This field contains a code, from the domain of valid Tag and Release Site codes, denoting the site where the fish were marked (see Tag and Release Site Codes in Section IV). When reporting a recapture or mortality event, this code designates the recapture or mortality site.		
i.	RACEWAY/TRANSECT	Text	Optional
	This field contains an abbreviated description of the sampling location, to a maximum of six characters.		
j.	CAPTURE METHOD	[Valid Capture Method]	Mandatory
	This field contains a code, from the domain of valid Capture Method codes, denoting the method by which the fish were collected. (See Capture Method Codes in Section IV.)		
k.	TAGGING TEMP	nn.n	Mandatory
	This field contains the temperature (00.0-25.0°C, inclusive) of the tagging water. A value of 25.0 should be entered if the water temperature is not obtained, or the value varies over the period of time detail tag records are collected.		
l.	POST TAGGING TEMP	nn.n	Optional
	When there is a significant time interval between the marking and release of PIT-tagged fish, this field contains the temperature (00.0-25.0°C, inclusive) of the water in the post-tagging holding facilities (<i>e.g.</i> , an outdoor raceway).		

	FIELD NAME	CONTENT	MANDATORY/OPTIONAL
m.	RELEASE WATER TEMP	nn.n	Cond. Mand.*
	This field contains the temperature (00.0-25.0°C, inclusive) of the water the tagged fish were released into. This field is required when the Tagging File provides Release Information. A value of 25.0 should be entered if the water temperature is not obtained, or the value varies over the period of time detail tag records are released.		
n.	TAGGING METHOD	[Valid Tagging Method]	Mandatory
	This field contains the four-character code, from the domain of valid Tagging Method codes, denoting the method by which PIT tags were inserted into the fish. If all Tag Detail records in the file refer to the recapture or mortality of fish previously tagged, the value is "NONE". (See Tagging Method Codes in Section IV.)		
o.	ORGANIZATION	[Valid Organization]	Mandatory
	This field contains the code, from the domain of valid Organization codes, denoting the agency or entity responsible for the PIT tag marking or recovery activity. (See Organization Codes in Section IV.)		
p.	COORDINATOR ID	[Valid Coordinator ID]	Mandatory
	This field contains the code, from the domain of valid Coordinator ID codes, identifying the individual responsible for the PIT tagging data (not necessarily the person conducting the marking or recovery activity). (See Coordinator ID Codes in Section IV.)		
q.	RELEASE DATE	MM/DD/YY hh:mm	Cond. Mand.*
	This field contains the date and time of Release, in Pacific Standard Time (PST). During a recapture event, this code designates the re-release date. This record is required when the Tagging File provides Release Information. (When the Tagging File contains records of PIT tag releases or recaptures/mortalities collected over multiple days then, by convention, the Tag Date field (see above) should contain the first day of sampling effort. Under these circumstances, the Release Date field should reference the last day of sampling effort, the actual dates of PIT tag release/recovery should be denoted using Variable Release Times (see below), and the procedure should be documented in a session Note (see below) preceding the first Tag Detail record (see below).		
r.	RELEASE SITE	[Valid Release Site]	Cond. Mand.*
	This field contains a code (between four and six characters) denoting the site where the tagged fish were released. When the file contains records detailing recapture or mortality events, this code denotes the mortality site or the re-release site for recaptures. This field is required when the Tagging File provides Release Information (see Tag and Release Site Codes in Section IV).		
s.	RELEASE RIVER KM	nnn(.nnn)	Cond. Mand.*
	This field contains a series of three-digit values, separated by periods, corresponding to the lengths of river segments (in kilometers) between the mouth of the Columbia River and the release site. The length of the field is between three and 27 characters. This field is required when the Tagging File provides Release Information (see Tag and Release Site Codes in Section IV).		

***Cond. Mand (Conditionally Mandatory):** If any of the four header fields related to release information (Release Water Temp, Release Date, Release Site, or Release River KM) is submitted with data, then all four of those header records must contain data. In addition, if Variable Release Times are declared and defined within the Tag Detail records, all four Release Information header records must be completed.

5. Tag Detail Records

Up to 9,999 of these records may appear in the Tagging File.

FIELD NAME, DETAILS	COLU MN #	MAND./OPT.
<p>a. SEQUENCE NUMBER</p> <p>This is a computer-generated value, incremented sequentially, and right-justified, with values between 1 and 9999, inclusive.</p>	1-4	Mandatory
<p>b. PITCODE</p> <p>Left-justified, hexadecimal. Two general formats are permitted. The first consists of a 10-character hex tag code, optionally trailed by the combination of two spaces (32dec./ØH2Ø) and a two-character hex checksum value. This mask is characteristic of 400 kHz PIT Tags. The second format consists of a 14-character hex tag code comprised of a three-character hex country code, a period (ASCII 46dec./ØH2E), and a 10-character hex ID code; this mask is typical of 134.2 kHz ISO-compliant Duplex-B PIT Tags. PTAGIS also recognizes a series of 10 periods as a null value for a PITCODE in either of the above formats.</p>	7-20	Mandatory¹
<p>c. FORKLENGTH</p> <p>Forklength of fish. Integer, right justified, in millimeters.</p>	21-28	Optional
<p>d. WEIGHT</p> <p>Weight of fish. Floating point numeric, right justified, and precise to a tenth of a gram.</p>	29-38	Optional
<p>e. COMMENTS</p> <p>There are three classes of comments: Positional, Conditional, and Textual. These comments are used to describe specific characteristics of individual fish.</p> <p>1. POSITIONAL COMMENTS</p> <p>Only Positional Comments defined in this specification document may appear in columns 41-45 of the ASCII output file. The Positional Comments currently specified are as follows:</p>		
<p>A. SPECIES</p> <p>Single-digit integer. (See Species Codes in Section IV.)</p>	41	Mandatory
<p>B. RUN</p> <p>Single-digit integer. (See Run Codes in Section IV.)</p>	42	Mandatory

¹ PIT Tags can only be re-used in the Columbia River system if each tag is removed from the fish and the tag code is removed or changed to ten periods (.) prior to the Tagging File being submitted to PTAGIS. All other fields in the record should remain intact for future reference. PIT Tags from recaptured fish CAN NOT be re-used, and must NOT be "dotted out."

FIELD NAME, DETAILS	COL. #	MAND./OPT.
C. REARING TYPE Single-character text. (See Rearing Type Codes in Section IV.)	43	Mandatory

See Section IV.D for a list of the Verbose Species, Run and Rearing Type codes

FIELD NAME, DETAILS	COL. #	MAND./OPT.
D. RELEASE TIME VARIABLE	44-45	Optional
<p>Two digits. This value allows users to specify multiple release times for Tag Detail records in a single file. Valid values are 00-99, inclusive. Each unique Release Time Variable used must have a corresponding Release Time Variable Definition that reports the actual date and time of release. (See 7.Variable Release Time Definitions in Section III.7.)</p> <p>When the Tagging File contains records of PIT tag releases or recaptures/mortalities collected over multiple days then, by convention, the Tag Date field (see above) should contain the first day of sampling effort. Under these circumstances, the Release Date field (see above) should reference the last day of sampling effort, the actual dates of PIT tag release/recovery should be denoted using Variable Release Times (see below), and the procedure should be documented in a session Note (see below) preceding the first Tag Detail record.</p>		
E. ADDITIONAL POSITIONAL COMMENTS	Var.	Optional
<p>Up to 45 columns of Additional Positional Comments, required by individual research projects, may appear after column 45. These Additional Positional Comments are not recorded into the PTAGIS database.</p>		
2. CONDITIONAL COMMENTS	Var.	Optional
<p>Conditional Comments, also known as Flag Codes, are used to systematically catalog a variety of morphological, environmental, and logical factors associated with a specific tagged fish. Conditional Comments, if present, appear after any Additional Positional Comments and are preceded by a single vertical bar symbol (" ", ASCII 124dec./ØH7C) and are delimited with a single space. This field can hold up to 50 characters, including the space separators. Only Conditional Comments approved by the PTSC will be recognized by PTAGIS. (See Conditional Comments (Flag Codes) in Section IV.)</p>		

FIELD NAME, DETAILS**COL. #****MAND./OPT.**

By default, the **Tag Detail Record** describes a new **Tagging** event. However, the presence of specific Flag Codes in the Tag Detail Record denote either a **Recapture** or **Mortality** event, as described below.

Recapture Events: A recapture is defined as a previously PIT-tagged fish that is handled subsequent to the release event. The Tagging File is used to record recaptures. The flag code **RE** or **BT** must be added to each recapture tag record in the Tagging File. If all of the tag records in the Tagging File reference recaptured fish, then the Header records will also reference those Recapture Events. In such a case, for example, the Tag Site will actually denote the Recapture Site, and the Release Date will serve as the re-Release Date.

Mortality Events: A mortality is defined as a PIT tag that is recovered, with or without its host animal, subsequent to the tagged release of that animal. One of the defined mortality flag codes (**M**, **MB**, **MK**, **MS**, **L**, **SM**) must be added to each corresponding mortality tag record in the Tagging File. PIT Tags recovered from Mortality Events are to be returned to the PTOC, if possible. The death of tagged fish and/or the retrieval of those tags prior to release are not considered to be Mortality Events. Under such circumstances, the original owner of the tag can remove ("dot-out") the reference to that tagging event in the original Tagging File, submit the corrected Tagging File to PTAGIS, and then re-use the tag as part of a new tagging event.

Adult Returns: PIT-tagged fish returning to spawning locations may be recorded as Tagging, Recapture, or Mortality events. In addition to any required recapture or mortality code, all returning fish should be flagged with an **RF** code, plus an **MT** (for "Mature"), **KL** (for "Kelt"), **JA** (for "Jack"), or **MJ** (for "MiniJack") code, as appropriate.

3. TEXTUAL COMMENTS

Var.

Optional

Textual Comments are separated from Conditional Comments by a single vertical bar symbol. If no Conditional Comments are present, Textual Comments are preceded by two vertical bar symbols "||" and consist of information specific to the individual fish. This field can hold up to 50 alphanumeric characters, including ASCII punctuation. The contents of this field are unregulated by PTAGIS. By convention, Textual Comments are *ad hoc* annotations unique to individual tag detail records rather than a common descriptor duplicated in all tag detail records.

6. Note Records

Most Note Records are *ad hoc* annotations to the data file. Global comments pertaining to the tagging session are generally entered between the header and first Tagging Detail record, using the **Session Note** function in **P3.EXE** or **PITTAG2.EXE**. Additional comments can be added during the tagging session. The format and content of all Note Records are ignored by PTAGIS.

7. Variable Release Time Declaration Records

Format: VARIABLE RELEASE TIME DECLARATION: (One required for each unique release time variable used in the Tagging Detail records.) The VRT declaration begins with an upper case "V" in column five, followed by the two digit release variable (nn) in columns six and seven, an equals sign "=" in column eight, the two digit month (MM) in columns nine and ten, a slash (/) in column 11, the two digit day (DD) in columns 12 and 13, a slash (/) in column 14, the two digit year (YY) in columns 15 and 16, a space in column 17, the two digit military-style hour (hh, 00-23) of release, in Pacific Standard time, in column 18 and 19, a colon (:) in column 20, and the two digit minutes (mm) of release in columns 21 and 22.

Vnn=MM/DD/YY hh:mm

e.g., V01=04/08/01 16:45

When the Tagging File contains records of PIT tag releases or recaptures/mortalities collected over multiple days then, by convention, the Tag Date field (see above) should contain the first day of sampling effort. Under these circumstances, the Release Date field (see above) should reference the last day of sampling effort, the actual dates of PIT tag release/recovery should be denoted using Variable Release Times, and the procedure should be documented in a session Note (see above) preceding the first Tag Detail record (see above).

8. End of File Record

The End of File record uses the same positional formatting as HEADER records. The record is created by the software and is required by PTAGIS as the last record in the file.

Format: CLOSE DATE: Beginning in column 5, a colon (":") at column 36, and a date/time stamp (MM/DD/YY hh:mm) starting at column 38. The time is formatted as Pacific Standard Time (PST).

CLOSE DATE	: 06/09/04 14:50
------------	------------------

Example 2. Tagging File with Predominantly New Tags

FILE TYPE : TAGGING

PROGRAM VERSION : PITTAG3 1.0.4

TAGGING FILE EXAMPLE FOR 2004 SPECIFICATION DOCUMENT

FILE TITLE : ATL03118.KF1

TAG DATE : 04/28/04 04:30

TAGGER : LOSER A

HATCHERY SITE :

STOCK :

BROOD YR :

MIGRATORY YR : 03

TAG SITE : KILFAT

RACEWAY/TRANSECT :

CAPTURE METHOD : SCREWT

TAGGING TEMP : 8.9

POST TAGGING TEMP :

RELEASE WATER TEMP : 8.9

TAGGING METHOD : HAND

ORGANIZATION : SPCA

COORDINATOR ID : ATL

RELEASE DATE : 04/28/04 05:15

RELEASE SITE : KILFAT

RELEASE RIVER KM : 999.748.048

MARKING AT KILLUM FALLS TRAP FOR AMERICAN SPCA. ONLY SALMONIDS MARKED.

ALL FISH CAPTURED WERE TREATED WITH RESPECT AND WITHOUT CONSIDERATION OF

EXTERNAL APPEARANCE, ECONOMIC IMPORTANCE, OR POSITION IN FOOD CHAIN.

CLIP #Z194

1	1F5F6B187F	231	32H01	AD
2	1F565D5A54	223	32H01	AD LV
3	133	32H01	AD L

THE BRUTE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE MURDER ABOVE HAS BEEN FIRED.

4	1F56304D0E	111	11H01	AD RV
5	200F03034B	118	11W01	
6	1F5F47310A	190	32H01	AD 1>
7	1F562F726A	213	32H01	AD LV
8	200F0E3112	240	32H01	AD

< TIME CHECK > 04 APRIL 2004 AT 07:02

9	200F0E6E55	246	32W02	RE
10	1F57080B77	262	32H02	AD LV
11	200F1D072D	186	32W02	GS
12	524336416C	224	110.7 32H02RART4	AD <2 PB ROCKING "T" FREEZE BRAND
	.			
	.			
	.			
1234	3D9.12349809D4	137	15.6 90U	COCKROACH. BIG SUCKER.

WITHOUT A VARIABLE RELEASE DECLARATION, THE PREVIOUS RECORD USES THE

DEFAULT RELEASE DATE/TIME PROVIDED IN THE HEADER.

1235	3D9.42D980FD14	137	15.6 11H05	
1236	3D9.5612FE09D3	104	11H05	
1237	3D9.7DCA27F3B1	185	25.1 32W05	

V01=04/28/04 06:30

V02=04/28/04 07:20

V03=04/28/04 07:50

V04=04/28/04 07:55

V05=04/28/04 08:15

CLOSE DATE

: 04/28/04 09:34

Example 3. Tagging File Containing Recaptures of Previously-Tagged Fish

```
FILE TYPE                : TAGGING
PROGRAM VERSION          : PITTAG3 1.2.5
-----
2004 SPCA HABITAT UTILIZATION AND BEHAVIOR STUDY; PIT TAG RECAPTURES
-----

FILE TITLE               : ATL03091.KF1
TAG DATE                 : 04/01/04 10:30
TAGGER                   : LOSER A
HATCHERY SITE           :
STOCK                   :
BROOD YR                 :
MIGRATORY YR            : 03
TAG SITE                 : KILFAT
RACEWAY/TRANSECT       :
CAPTURE METHOD           : SCREWT
TAGGING TEMP            : 10.0
POST TAGGING TEMP       :
RELEASE WATER TEMP      : 10.0
TAGGING METHOD           : NONE
ORGANIZATION            : SPCA
COORDINATOR ID         : ATL
RELEASE DATE            : 06/04/01 12:00
RELEASE SITE            : KILFAT
RELEASE RIVER KM        : 999.748.048

SEASONAL SUMMARY OF PIT TAG RECAPTURES AT KILLUM FALLS TRAP.  SAMPLING
OCCURRED 24x7 BETWEEN 4/1/04 AND 6/1/04, AS SHOWN IN THE TAG DATE AND
HEADER RELEASE DATE FIELDS.  TRAP WAS CHECKED DAILY.  COLLECTED FISH WERE
RE-RELEASED 100M ABOVE TRAP.
```

WHEN USING P3.EXE OR PITTAG2.EXE, A NOTE IN THE TAG DETAIL SECTION IS LOGICALLY ASSOCIATED WITH THE TAG DETAIL RECORD IN WHICH IT IS CREATED, BUT THE NOTE IS REPORTED BELOW THAT TAG DETAIL RECORD IN THE ASCII TAGGING FILE. IF TAG DETAIL NOTES ARE CREATED AS VISUAL, RATHER THAN LOGICAL, CUES, THEN

IT'S MORE LEGIBLE TO REFERENCE THOSE RECORDS HERE IN THE SUMMARY. SO...

THE ADULT IN RECORD #5 WAS RETRIEVED FROM THE MOUTH OF THE TRAP, SCANNED,
AND ALLOWED TO RECOVER BEFORE BEING RE-RELEASED UPSTREAM.

REGARDING THE FISH IN RECORD #1236: HE'S DEAD, JIM.

1	3D9.1F5F6B187F	231	32H01	RE AD
2	3D9.1F565D5A54	223	32H01	RE AD LV
3	3D9.1E004238E5	133	15U02	RE
4	3D9.1F56304D0E	111	15H03	RE AD RV
5	200F03034B	818	15W04	RE RF MT MA PRE-SPAWNER
6	3D9.1F5F47310A	190	32H05	RE AD 1>

...

...

1235	3D9.42D980FD14	137	15.6 45W78	RE
1236	3D9.5612FE09D3	104	15H78	RE AD >2 M IMPINGED BY DEBRIS
1237	3D9.7DCA27F3B1	185	25.1 32W79	RE

V01=04/02/04 12:00

V02=04/04/04 12:00

V03=04/05/04 12:00

V04=04/06/04 12:00

V05=04/08/04 08:15

...

...

V78=05/29/04 12:00

V79=05/30/04 12:00

CLOSE DATE : 06/28/04 09:34

Example 4. Tagging File Containing Mortalities of Previously-Tagged Fish

FILE TYPE : TAGGING
PROGRAM VERSION : PITTAG3 1.2.5

2001 RETURNS TO SWIMIN HATCHERY

FILE TITLE : ATL03091.SIH
TAG DATE : 04/01/04 10:30
TAGGER : LOSER A
HATCHERY SITE :
STOCK :
BROOD YR :
MIGRATORY YR : 03
TAG SITE : SWIH
RACEWAY/TRANSECT :
CAPTURE METHOD : HATCH
TAGGING TEMP : 10.0
POST TAGGING TEMP :
RELEASE WATER TEMP : 10.0
TAGGING METHOD : NONE
ORGANIZATION : SPCA
COORDINATOR ID : ATL
RELEASE DATE : 09/04/01 12:00
RELEASE SITE : SWIH
RELEASE RIVER KM : 999.888.777

SEASONAL SUMMARY OF PIT TAG RETURNS TO SWIMIN HATCHERY IN 2004. COLLECTION
INCLUDED NATURAL AND SUPPLEMENTATION STOCKS. THESE WERE SEGREGATED,
TUBE-SCANNED, AND RETURNED TO THE SWIMIN RIVER DAILY. ALL HATCHERY STOCK

WERE COLLECTED, SCANNED, AND SPAWNED. ADULTS WERE PONDED FROM 4/01/04
THROUGH 9/01/04, AS SHOWN IN THE TAG DATE AND HEADER RELEASE DATE FIELDS.
THE ACTUAL DATES OF TAKE OR RE-RELEASE ARE REPORTED IN THE DETAIL RECORDS.

1	3D9.1F5F6B187F	834	12H01	RF MT RE M
2	7F7F5D5A54	982	12H01	RF MT RE M
3	7F7E4238E5	913	12H02	RF MT RE M
4	3D9.1F56304D0E		15U03	RF MT RE NATIVE
5	200F03034B	1043	12H04	RF MT RE M
6	3D9.1F5F47310A	967	12H05	RF MT RE M

...

...

272	7F7D629176		15U78	RF MT RE NATIVE
273	3D9.5612FE09D3	982	12H78	RF MT RE M
274	3D9.7DCA27F3B1	991	12H79	RF MT RE M

V01=04/08/04 12:00

V02=04/09/04 12:00

V03=04/19/04 12:00

V04=04/20/04 12:00

V05=04/21/04 08:15

...

...

V78=08/19/04 12:00

V79=08/28/04 12:00

CLOSE DATE

: 09/21/04 15:12

B. MiniMon Interrogation File

Interrogation files are computer-generated using the *MINIMON.EXE* program. The format is described below. Interrogation Site Codes, System ID Codes, and Coil ID codes are typically assigned by the PIT Tag Operations Center (PTOC) when a new system is installed. These codes must be defined before data can be incorporated into the PTAGIS database.

Interrogation files consist of five record categories: **File Type, Start Message Records, Interrogation Data Records, Other Record Types,** and an **End of File Record.**

1. File Type Record

Format: "FILE TYPE" starting at line 1 in column 5; a colon (:) in column 36; and "INTERROGATION" starting in column 38. This record is generated by the software on the first line of the ASCII file. This is a required record.

```
FILE TYPE                : INTERROGATION
```

2. Start Message Records

FIELD NAME	MANDATORY
a. FILE TITLE	Mandatory
File Titles are a maximum of 12 characters. The format consists of a three-character site code, two-digit year, and three-digit day-of-year. The alphanumeric extension is reserved for partitions (e.g., DOJ01114.A). This record is generated by the software on the second line of the ASCII file. This is a required record.	
b. FILE CREATED	Mandatory
Date and time (e.g., 24 April 2001 AT 16:45). This record is generated by the software on the third line of the ASCII file. This is a required record.	

3. Interrogation Data Records

Individual records consist of the following required components. **Optional.**

FIELD NAME	FORMAT	COLUMN #
a. DATA TOKEN	" " (a "vertical bar" or "pipe" symbol, ASCII 124dec./ØH7C)	1
b. PORT ID	2-char Hexadecimal	3-4
c. DATE	MM/DD/YY	6-13
d. TIME	hh:mm:ss (PST)	15-22

	FIELD NAME	FORMAT	COLUMN #
e.	PITCODE	14-char (3.10) Hexadecimal	24-37
f.	CHECKSUM	"XX"	39-40
g.	COIL ID	2-char Hexadecimal	42-43

4. Other Record Types

a. Status and Warning Messages **Optional**

Records prefaced with a tilde ("~") in the first column contain information regarding site and transceiver operations.

b. Annotations **Optional**

Records prefaced with an exclamation point ("!") are manually entered textual annotations.

c. Buffered Records **Optional**

Records prefaced with an asterisk ("*") have been downloaded from a transceiver buffer.

d. Blank Lines **Optional**

5. End of File Record

c. **FILE CLOSED** **Mandatory**

Date and time (*e.g.*, 24 April 2001 AT 20:45). This record is generated by the software on the last line of the ASCII file.

Test Tags: Test tags are used to monitor the operation of an interrogation unit. There are two types of test tags. The first type is referred to colloquially as a **stick tag**, or formally as a **Variable Reference Tag**. These tags are usually embedded in a piece of wood and passed through the detection field of a monitor. At least 10 test tags should be passed through remote interrogation systems daily, if possible, to ensure the system is functioning. The second type of test tag is referred to colloquially as a **timer tag** or formally as a **Fixed Reference Tag**. These "tags" are passive, electronic devices powered by the electro-magnetic field of the interrogation unit they are testing. Each timer tag is permanently mounted in the unit and fires at a specified frequency.

ALL TEST TAGS MUST BE REGISTERED WITH PTOC BEFORE USE.

Example 5. Interrogation File

FILE TYPE : INTERROGATION
FILE TITLE : DOJ01121.C
FILE CREATED : 30 APRIL 2001 AT 12:00

```
~04/30/01 13:00:05
| 06 04/30/01 13:09:05 3D9.1BF0F0DC2F XX 10
| 05 04/30/01 13:09:06 3D9.1BF0F0DC2F XX 11
~04/30/01 14:00:05
~04/30/01 15:00:04
| 06 04/30/01 15:01:51 3D9.1BF0E974D5 XX 10
| 05 04/30/01 15:01:52 3D9.1BF0E974D5 XX 11
| 06 04/30/01 15:22:51 3D9.1BF0E59874 XX 10
| 05 04/30/01 15:22:52 3D9.1BF0E59874 XX 11
| 06 04/30/01 15:33:13 3D9.1BF0F123E1 XX 10
| 05 04/30/01 15:33:14 3D9.1BF0F123E1 XX 11
| 06 04/30/01 15:49:10 3D9.1BF0E677B0 XX 10
| 05 04/30/01 15:49:11 3D9.1BF0E677B0 XX 11
| 06 04/30/01 15:56:29 3D9.1BF0E68597 XX 10
| 05 04/30/01 15:56:30 3D9.1BF0E68597 XX 11
~04/30/01 16:00:03
| 06 04/30/01 16:07:42 3D9.1BF0F195C7 XX 10
| 05 04/30/01 16:07:43 3D9.1BF0F195C7 XX 11
| 06 04/30/01 16:07:44 3D9.1BF0E96F68 XX 10
| 06 04/30/01 16:33:06 3D9.1BF0F5D3EF XX 10
| 05 04/30/01 16:33:07 3D9.1BF0F5D3EF XX 11
~04/30/01 17:00:03
| 06 04/30/01 17:19:11 3D9.1BF0E67D24 XX 10
| 05 04/30/01 17:19:12 3D9.1BF0E67D24 XX 11
| 06 04/30/01 17:45:17 3D9.1BF0E6A631 XX 10
| 05 04/30/01 17:45:18 3D9.1BF0E6A631 XX 11
~04/30/01 18:00:02
```

FILE CLOSED : 30 APRIL 2001 AT 18:00

C. MULTIMON File

The **MULTIMON.EXE** program has been developed by the National Marine Fisheries Service (NOAA Fisheries) for the interrogation of PIT-tagged fish at mainstem Columbia and Snake river collection and sampling facilities. In addition to simply recording interrogation data, **MULTIMON.EXE** is designed to react to the presence of specific fish and trigger electrical or mechanical operations to control the routing of those fish through research facilities. This capability is a keystone of current and proposed Separation by Code activities. The **MULTIMON.EXE** ASCII file output includes not only interrogation records, but configuration and diagnostic records relating to the program's logical processes.

IV. Code Lists

The following are lists of standardized codes used in the Columbia River Basin PIT Tag Information System (PTAGIS). If tagging coordinators have additional codes they would like to use, please submit these to your organization's PIT Tag Steering Committee (PTSC) member for review and approval by the PTSC and inclusion in the next Specification Document.

The code domains listed below are correct and complete as of 10/2/2018 10:20:00 AM. However, codes may be added or modified at any time. The current values of all code lists in the *2003 PIT Tag Specification Document* can be accessed and downloaded from the Internet at: <http://www.ptagis.org>

Species Codes

All detail data records in files submitted to the PTAGIS database must contain a Valid Species Code.

CODE	SPECIES
0	Unknown
1	Chinook
2	Coho
3	Steelhead
4	Sockeye
5	Chum
6	Pink
7	Bulltrout
8	Cutthroat
9	Other
A	Lamprey
B	White Sturgeon

C	Green Sturgeon
D	Northern Pikeminnow
E	Brook Trout

Run Codes

All detail data records in files submitted to the PTAGIS database must contain a valid Run Code.

CODE	RUN
0	N/A
1	Spring
2	Summer
3	Fall
4	Winter
5	Unknown
R	Resident

Rearing Type Codes

All detail data records in files submitted to the PTAGIS database must contain a valid Rearing Type Code.

CODE	REARING TYPE
H	Hatchery Origin
U	Unknown Origin
W	Wild Fish or Natural Production

Verbose Species Run and Rearing Type Codes

CODE	VERBOSE DESCRIPTION
00U	Unknown (fish not observed)
11H	Hat. Spring Chinook
11U	Spring Chinook (unknown r/t)
11W	Wild Spring Chinook
12H	Hat. Summer Chinook
12U	Summer Chinook (unknown r/t)
12W	Wild Summer Chinook
13H	Hat. Fall Chinook
13U	Fall Chinook (unknown r/t)
13W	Wild Fall Chinook
15H	Hat. Chinook (unknown run)
15U	Chinook (unknown run & r/t)
15W	Wild Chinook (unknown run)
25H	Hat. Coho
25U	Coho (unknown r/t)
25W	Wild Coho

CODE	VERBOSE DESCRIPTION
32H	Hat. Summer Steelhead
32U	Summer Steelhead (unknown r/t)
32W	Wild Summer Steelhead
35H	Hat. Steelhead (unknown run)
35U	Steelhead (unknown run & r/t)
35W	Wild Steelhead (unknown run)
3RH	Hat. Rainbow Trout
3RU	Rainbow Trout (unknown r/t)
3RW	Wild Rainbow Trout
42H	Hat. Summer Sockeye
42U	Summer Sockeye (unknown r/t)
42W	Wild Summer Sockeye
45H	Hat. Sockeye (unknown run)
45U	Sockeye (unknown run & r/t)
45W	Wild Sockeye (unknown run)
65W	Wild Pink
7RW	Bulltrout
85H	Hat. Coastal Cutthroat
85U	Coastal Cutthroat (unknown r/t)
85W	Wild Coastal Cutthroat
8RW	Wild Resident Cutthroat
90U	Other
A0W	Lamprey

CODE	VERBOSE DESCRIPTION
BOW	White Sturgeon
COW	Green Sturgeon
DOW	Northern Pikeminnow
ERU	Brook Trout

Coordinator ID Codes

The Coordinator ID code is the (two or three) initials of the project leader responsible for the PIT Tag data (not necessarily the person conducting the tagging or creating the Tagging File). Data files submitted to the PTAGIS database must contain a valid, recognized Coordinator ID code.

COORD ID	NAME, AGENCY/ORG
AAB	Alan Byrne, IDFG
ACG	Andrew Grassell, CPUD
AFB	Arnie Brimmer, IDFG
AFE	Allen Evans, CRITFC
ALS	Ann Setter, ODFW
APR	Andrew Reasoner, DUCKSU
BAR	Brad Ryan, NMFS
BCJ	Brian Jonasson, ODFW
BDA	Bill Arnsberg, NPT
BDW	Bruce Watson, YINN
BHM	Bruce Monk, NMFS
BRB	Brian Beckman, NMFS
CAP	Chris Peery, ICFWRU
CAR	Chris Reighn, ShoBan
CCP	Charlie Cochran, WDFW

COORD ID	NAME, AGENCY/ORG
CCW	Catherine Willard, IDFG
CFB	Cyndi Baker, DUCKSU
CFM	Charles Morrill, WDFW
CM	Christine Mallette, ODFW
CRC	Craig Contor, CTUIR
CSM	Scott McCutcheon, BIOMRK
DAB	Dean Brege, NMFS
DAC	Dave Cannamela, IDFG
DAN	Duane A. Neitzel, PNL
DAW	David Wills, USFWS
DBJ	David Johnson, NPT
DDT	Doug Taki, ShoBan
DJN	Doug Nemeth, IDFG
DMM	Doug Marsh, NMFS
DPC	Doug Cramer, PGE

COORD ID	NAME, AGENCY/ORG
DPM	Dave Marvin, PSMFC
DRH	Doug Hatch, CRITFC
DTL	David Lind, YINN
DTV	Dimitri Videgar, IDFG
EEH	Eric Hockersmith, NMFS
EFP	Earl Prentice, NMFS
EJL	Eric Leitzinger, IDFG
EMD	Earl Dawley, NMFS
EVD	Erick Van Dyke, ODFW
EWB	Ed Buettner, IDFG
FAG	Fred Goetz, COE
GAA	Gordon Axel, NMFS
GAM	Geoff McMichael, PNL
GBZ	Gayle Zydlewski, USFWS
GES	Gene Shippentower, CTUIR

COORD ID	NAME, AGENCY/ORG
GSH	Glen Holmberg, USGS
HLB	Howard Burge, USFWS
IGJ	Ian Jezorek, USGS
JAH	Jay Hesse, NPT
JAS	Jen Stone, USFWS
JDZ	Joe Zydlewski, USFWS
JJL	Jeff Lutch, IDFG
JJP	Jay Pravecsek, IDFG
JKB	Jody Brostrom, USFWS
JKF	Jeff Fryer, CRITFC
JLC	Jim Congleton, ICFWRU
JLH	Lance Hebdon, IDFG
JLV	Jason Vogel, NPT
JMH	Jon Hansen, NPT
JMO	Jill Olson, USFWS
JMP	John Plumb, USGS
JNL	Jerry Lockhart, NPT
JP	John Plumb, USGS
JPA	Jeff Abrams, IDFG
JPW	Jody Walters, IDFG
JRH	Jim Harbeck, NPT
JVT	J. Vince Tranquilli, ODFW
KA A	Kim Apperson, IDFG
KB	Kent Ball, IDFG
KEP	Kurtis E. Plaster, IDFG
KFT	Ken Tiffan, USGS
KGM	Keely Murdoch, YINN

COORD ID	NAME, AGENCY/ORG
KMC	Ken Collis, CRITFC
LCS	Lowel Stuehrenburg, NMFS
LGG	Lyle Gilbreath, NMFS
LRB	Larry Basham, FPC
MBE	Brad Eppard, NMFS
MBL	Mike Lambert, CTUIR
MHG	Michael Gessel, NMFS
MLB	Mike Blenden, NPT
MLS	Mark Schuck, WDFW
MPF	Mike Faler, USFWS
MRC	MAtt Cooper, USFWS
NRB	Nathan Brindza, IDFG
PAK	Paul Kucera, NPT
PCS	Carter Stein, PSMFC
PEB	Patricia Bigelow, USFWS
PHB	Phaedra Budy, UCFWRU
PJC	Peter Cleary, NPT
PKL	Paul Kline, IDFG
PMS	Paul Sankovich, ODFW
PTL	Peter Lofy, CTUIR
RBK	Russ Kiefer, IDFG
RBR	Ralph Roseberg, USFWS
RDL	Dick Ledgerwood, NMFS
RDM	Rick Martinson, NMFS
RFA	Randy Absolon, NMFS
RFW	Robert Warren, SEARES
RGP	Russell Porter, PSMFC

COORD ID	NAME, AGENCY/ORG
RHW	Robert Wertheimer, COE
RKS	Kirk Schroeder, ODFW
RLT	Rosanna Tudor, WDFW
RMC	Robert McDonald, CPUD
RMK	Robert Keith, ShoBan
RNI	Robert Iwamoto, NMFS
RPM	Bob Mueller, PNL
RWS	Wes Stonecypher, ODFW
SA	Steve Achord, NMFS
SCS	Sherman Sprague, NPT
SGH	Steve Hays, CPUD
SJB	Steve Boe, CTUIR
SJR	Steve Rocklage, NPT
SMF	Shannon Jewett, ODFW
SPR	Steve Rubin, USGS
TAF	Tom Flagg, NMFS
TAH	Thomas Hoffman, USFWS
TBH	Terry Holubetz, IDFG
TCB	Ted Bjornn, ICFWRU
TDR	T. Dean Rhine, IDFG
TER	Tom Ruele, NMFS
TGC	Tim Cochnauer, IDFG
TLL	Theresa Liedtke, USGS
TRM	Thaddeus Mosey, CPUD
TRW	Tim Walters, ODFW
TSC	Tom Curet, IDFG
WAC	Will Cameron, ODFW

COORD ID	NAME, AGENCY/ORG
WDM	William Muir, NMFS
WHW	Wayne Wilson, ODFW
WJB	Bill Bosch, YINN

COORD ID	NAME, AGENCY/ORG
WPC	William Connor, USFWS

Conditional Comments (Flag Codes)

CODE	COMMENT
0	Possible 0-Aged Chinook
1<	Descaled Less than 10 Percent
1>	Descaled Greater than 10 Percent
1P	Descaled - Patchy
1S	Descaled - Scattered
<2	Descaled Between 11 and 20%
>2	Descaled Greater than 20%
AD	Adipose Fin Clip
AF	Adipose Fin Damage
AI	Adipose Intact (not clipped)
AN	Anal Fin Damage
AT	Tagged as Adult
B	Bleeding after Tagged
BL	Bloated
BR	Brood Stock
BS	Body Scars
BT	Bare Tag Recovered after Release
CA	Caudal Fin Damage
CW	Coded Wire Tag
CY	Cyst
D	Dropped

CODE	COMMENT
DB	Double PIT-tagged
DF	Dorsal Fin Damage
DI	Deep Insertion
DK	Dark Body Color
DO	Dis-orbited Eye
DT	Duplicate Tag
EB	Electro-Shocker Burn
EF	Fin Erosion
EJ	Elastomer Jet / Photonic Fin Mark
EL	Damaged Eye - Left - after Tagging
EM	Excessive Mucous
ER	Damaged Eye - Right - after Tagging
FE	Female
FU	Fungus
FX	Fish Examination
GB	Gas Bubble Trauma
GS	Gill Sample
HE	Hemorrhage
I	Body Injury - Prior to Tagging
IM	Immature
JA	Jack

CODE	COMMENT
JT	Jaw Tagged
JW	Jaw Damage
KD	Possible BKD
KL	Kelt
L	Fish Lost/Rejected Tag before Release
LA	Lacerations
LF	Large Flume from Separator
LP	Left Pectoral Fin Ray Sample
LT	Light Body Color
LV	Left Ventral Fin Clip
M	Mortality
MA	Male
MB	Bleeding at Tagging/Died Pre-Release
MJ	Minijack
MK	Removed from Release Group (Killed)
MS	Sample Mort (Intentional Sacrifice)
MT	Mature
NF	Non-Functional Tag also in Fish
NM	No Mucous
OP	Opercule Damage
PA	Parasite
PB	Previously Branded

CODE	COMMENT
PC	Poor Fin Clip
PD	Peterson Disc
PR	Precocious
PT	Pectoral Fin Damage
PV	Pelvic Fin Damage
Q1	Complete and Legible Freeze Brand
Q2	Brand is Legible but Incomplete
Q3	Brand is not Legible
Q4	Brand Rotation or Position Wrong
Q5	No Brand
Q6	Brand Caused Light to Excessive Burn
RE	Recapture
RF	Returning Fish
RP	Right Pectoral Fin Ray Sample
RT	Radio Tagged
RV	Right Ventral Fin Clip
SC	Scoliosis
SF	Small Fish Flume from Separator
SM	Subsequent Mort
SP	Spaghetti Tag
ST	Streamer Tag
SU	Surgery

CODE	COMMENT
SV	Silvery Body Color
TM	Tagged In Muscle
UL	Ulcer
VI	Visual Implant / Eye Adipose

CODE	COMMENT
WD	Possible Whirling Disease
X	Duplicate Tag for Pre-Release Mort
Y	Possible Age One (Yearling)

Hatchery Codes

CODE	HATCHERY
ABEH	Abernathy SCTC
BEAH	Beaver Creek Hatchery
BIGC	Big Creek Hatchery (ODFW)
BONH	Bonneville Hatchery
CARS	Carson NFH
CASC	Cascade Hatchery
CASS	Cassimer Bar Hatchery
CHEL	Chelan PUD Hatchery
CLAH	Clackamas Hatchery
CLEE	Cle Elum Hatchery
CLWH	Clearwater Hatchery
COWS	Cowlitz Salmon Hatchery
COWT	Cowlitz Trout Hatchery
CROP	Crooked River Rearing Pond

CODE	HATCHERY
DWOR	Dworshak NFH
EAGH	Eagle Creek NFH
EAGL	Eagle Hatchery
EBNK	East Bank Hatchery Facility
ELRH	Elochoman River (Washington) Hatchery
ENTH	Entiat NFH
GNAT	Gnat Creek Hatchery
GRAY	Grays River Hatchery
HAGE	Hagerman NFH
IRRI	Irrigon Hatchery
ISQH	Issaquah Hatchery
KALA	Kalama Falls Hatchery
KLAS	Klaskanine Hatchery
KLIH	Klickitat Hatchery

CODE	HATCHERY
KOOS	Kooskia NFH
LEAB	Leaburg Hatchery
LEAV	Leavenworth NFH
LEWH	Lewis River Hatchery
LOOH	Lookingglass Hatchery
LOWK	Lower Kalama Hatchery
LWSH	Little White Salmon NFH
LYFE	Lyons Ferry Hatchery
MARI	Marion Forks Hatchery
MAVA	Magic Valley Hatchery
MCCA	McCall Hatchery
MCKE	McKenzie Hatchery
METH	Methow Hatchery
MONT	Montlake Hatchery
NCHH	Naches Hatchery
NISP	Niagara Springs Hatchery
NPTH	Nez Perce Tribal Hatchery
OASP	Oak Springs Hatchery
OXBO	Oxbow Hatchery (IDFG)
PAHH	Pahsimeroi Hatchery
POWP	Powell Rearing Pond
PRDH	Priest Rapids Hatchery
RAPH	Rapid River Hatchery

CODE	HATCHERY
REDP	Red River Rearing Pond
RINH	Ringold Hatchery
ROAR	Roaring River Hatchery
ROBU	Round Butte Hatchery
RRHH	Rocky Reach Hatchery
SAND	Sandy Hatchery
SAWT	Sawtooth Hatchery
SERH	Sea Resources Hatchery (Chinook River, WA)
SIMP	Similkameen Pond/Hatchery
SKAM	Skamania Hatchery
SOSA	South Santiam Hatchery
SPEE	Speelyai Hatchery
SPRC	Spring Creek NFH
SWSP	Sweetwater Springs Hatchery
TOUT	Toutle Hatchery
TRAS	Trask Hatchery
TUCH	Tucannon Hatchery
TURO	Turtle Rock Hatchery
UMAH	Umatilla Hatchery
VANC	Vancouver Hatchery
WAHA	Washougal Hatchery
WALH	Wallowa Hatchery
WELH	Wells Hatchery

CODE	HATCHERY
WILH	Willamette Hatchery
WILL	Willard NFH
WINT	Winthrop NFH
WSPH	Warm Springs NFH

CODE	HATCHERY
YAKH	Yakima Hatchery
	No Hatchery Specified

Capture Method Codes

CODE	CAPTURE METHOD
BPRCOL	Bypass Facility Raceway Collection
BPSUB	Bypass Sub-Sample
BSEINE	Beach Seine
BTRAP	Box Trap
CMTRAP	Cray-Meeken Trap
CREEL	Sport Fishery
DIPNET	Dip Net
DIPTRP	Dipper Trap
DIVSYS	Diversion System
FYKNET	Fyke Net
GILNET	Commercial or Tribal Gillnet Fishery
GWAIRL	Gatewell Airlift
GWDIP	Gatewell Dip Net
GWFYKE	Gatewell Fyke Net
HATCH	Hatchery Returns
HATRAK	Hatchery Rack
HOOK	Hook and Line
LADDER	Adult Passage Ladder
MTRAP	Minnow Trap
NONE	Not Applicable
PRED	Predation Mark Recovery

CODE	CAPTURE METHOD
PSEINE	Purse Seine
SCOTRP	Scoop Trap
SCREWT	Screw Trap
SHOCK	Electro-Shock
SURVEY	Spawning Survey
TRAWL	Trawl Net
TROLL	Ocean Troll Fishery
WTRAP	Weir Trap

Tagging Method Codes

CODE	TAGGING METHOD
AUTO	Auto Tagger
GAST	Gastric Implantation
HAND	Hand-Held Syringe
NONE	Use for Recaptures or Mortalities
SURG	Surgically Implanted

Organization Codes

CODE	ORGANIZATION
BIOMRK	Biomark
COE	U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
CPUD	Chelan County Public Utility District
CRITFC	Columbia River Inter-Tribal Fish Commission
CTUIR	Confed. Tribes of the Umatilla Indian Reser.
DUCKSU	Ducks Unlimited
FPC	Fish Passage Center
ICFWRU	Idaho Cooperative F&W Research Unit
IDFG	Idaho Dept. of Fish and Game
NMFS	NOAA Fisheries
NPT	Nez Perce Tribe
ODFW	Oregon Dept. of Fish and Wildlife
PGE	Portland General Electric
PNL	Pacific Northwest Labs (Battelle)
PNW	U.S. Dept. of Agriculture
PSMFC	Pacific States Marine Fisheries Commission
SEARES	Sea Resources
SHOBAN	Shoshone-Bannock Tribes
UCFWRU	Utah Cooperative F&W Research Unit
USFWS	U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
USGS	U.S. Geological Survey

WDF	Washington Dept. of Fish (archaic)
WDFW	Washington Dept. of Fish and Wildlife
WDW	Washington Dept. of Wildlife (archaic)
YINN	Yakama Nation

Tag and Release Site Codes

1. Site Codes

The site code is an abbreviated description (four to six characters) of the tagging and/or release location. A site descriptor, if present, will be found in the last one to three characters. For all site codes that replicate an already established code, a number (2 through 9) will immediately proceed the site descriptor.

For example:

ELKC: Elk Creek	ELK2C: A second Elk Creek	ELK3C: A third Elk Creek
------------------------	----------------------------------	---------------------------------

Rivers and streams that extend through two or more USGS Hydrologic Units are assigned specific River Reach codes for each corresponding Hydrologic Unit Code (HUC). The River Reach codes terminate in a single-digit integer starting with '1' (corresponding with the mouth of the river or stream, and incrementing to the maximum number of distinct HUCs, For example, the Columbia River passes through nine HUCs between its mouth and Chief Joseph Dam (blocking anadromous fish passage), and thus there are nine Columbia River Reach codes (COLR1 – COLR9).

The following are valid site descriptors:

B: Bridge	C: Creek	CH: Channel
CN: Canal	D: Dam	FK: fork of a river, but not part of a name (e.g., Salmon River, East Fork, but not Brushy Fork Creek)
I or IS: Island	P: Pond	
R: River	S: Screen	
SL: Slough	T or TRP: Trap	W: Weir

2. River Kilometer Code

The river kilometer code uses a hierarchical coding scheme: kilometers from the mouth of the Columbia to the Release site (up to 7th order stream for point release sites), with each tributary delimited with a period (e.g., the code for the location of the Lower Granite Dam is 522.173 = 522 km from the mouth of the Columbia to the mouth of the Snake, and 173 km from the mouth of the Snake to the dam). Each segment of the code is three characters long, zero-padded from the left. If additional sites are required, contact your PIT Tag Steering Committee member to add your requests to the list. River kilometer codes have a minimum length of three characters and a maximum length of 27 characters; the domain of characters is generally limited to integers and the period. There is an exception for the OCEAN code (“~~~”), and landlocked site definitions (such as Potholes Reservoir) that use the “___” code to indicate a “landlocked” location. When kilometers are calculated from measurements in miles, a standard conversion of 0.6214 m/km is used and the result is rounded to the nearest integer.

When releasing or recovering fish in-river (as opposed to releasing or recovering at one of the listed fixed-site locations), the distance upstream from the mouth of the river, stream, or creek, is appended (in kilometers) to the base river kilometer code for that river.

For example, a project that is tagging 10 kilometers above the mouth of the Salmon River, South Fork would be identified as:

SALRSF 522.303.215.010

3. GIS Hydrounits

See Appendix B for a more formal treatment of this topic. The USGS Hydrologic Unit Code (HUC) is an eight-digit number, comprised of four two-digit fields, used to identify part or all of a surface drainage basin. In the Pacific Northwest, these are generally the same sub-basins or “provinces”, identified in the Northwest Power and Conservation Council’s Fish & Wildlife Program. Each tagging, release, recapture, or mortality site listed in tables IV.5a-b is located within a specific HUC.

4. Point Release Sites vs. Fixed Release Sites

In the following two tables, the indicator column labeled "I" contains a "Y" or an "N". This indicator specifies "Y" if the associated Tagging or Release Site is a "Point Release Site", or an "N" otherwise.

A point release site cannot be modified with an additional suffix or segment. Examples of point release sites are dams, weirs, traps, bridges, etc. For release locations upstream from the point release sites, find the code for the confluence of the first stream down from the point release site and then append the suffix you need to that river kilometer value.

5. Mark and Recapture Site Codes

The valid site codes for tag, release, recapture, and mortality events are listed in the tables below, sorted by either “Site Code” or “River KM”.

Mark and Recapture Site Codes By Site Code

SITE CODE	LOCATION NAME	I	RIVER KM	TOTAL RKM	HYDRO UNIT
3LINKC	Three Links Creek	N	522.224.120.037.051	954	17060302
3MILIS	Three Mile Canyon Island (Col. R. below Blalock Island)	Y	412	412	17070101
4JULYC	Fourth of July Creek	N	522.303.630	1455	17060201
ABEH	Abernathy SCTC	Y	087.005	92	17080003
ABERC	Abernathy Creek, Lower Columbia River, Washington	N	087	87	17080003
AHTANC	Ahtanum Creek, Yakima River	N	539.172	711	17030003
ALTULC	Alturas Lake Creek	N	522.303.633	1458	17060201
ALTURL	Alturas Lake	Y	522.303.633.011	1469	17060201
AMERR	American River	N	522.224.120.101	967	17060305
BADGEI	Badger Island, Columbia River	Y	512	512	17070101
BARGAC	Bargamin Creek	N	522.303.255	1080	17060207
BBC	Big Beef Creek	N	*	0	17110018
BCANF	Big Canyon Facility	Y	522.271.131.018.001	943	17060105
BCCAP	Big Canyon Creek Acclimation Facility (Clearwater River)	Y	522.224.057	803	17060306
BCKROC	Buckaroo Creek	N	465.117	581	17070103

SITE CODE	LOCATION NAME	I	RIVER KM	TOTAL RKM	HYDRO UNIT
BCTRAP	Lake Washington, Bear Creek Trap	Y	***	0	17110012
BEARC	Bear Creek	N	522.224.120.037.081	984	17060301
BEARVC	Bear Valley Creek	N	522.303.319.170	1314	17060205
BEAVEC	Beaver Creek	N	522.303.642	1467	17060201
BEDRKC	Bedrock Creek	N	522.224.042	788	17060306
BIG2C	Big Creek, Middle Fork Salmon River	N	522.303.319.029	1173	17060206
BIGC	Big Creek Hatchery (ODFW) near Knappa	N	043.006	49	17080006
BIGCAC	Big Canyon Creek	N	522.224.057	803	17060306
BIGFLC	Big Flat Creek	N	522.224.120.037.113.026	1042	17060303
BIGMAC	Big Mallard Creek	N	522.303.247	1072	17060207
BIGWSP	Big White Salmon Ponds	Y	271.002	273	17070105
BIRCHC	Birch Creek	N	465.077	541	17070103
BIRCHE	East Fork Birch Creek	N	465.077.026	567	17070103
BIRCHW	West Fork Birch Creek	N	465.077.026	567	17070103
BLNDSL	Blind Slough Net Pens (Oregon side of Columbia River Estuary)	Y	047	47	17080006
BO1	Bonneville Dam PH1 (Archaic - replaced with generic BON designation)	N	*	0	17070105
BO2	Bonneville Dam PH2 (Archaic - replaced with generic BON designation)	N	*	0	17070105
BON	Bonneville Dam Complex	N	*	234	17070105
BONH	Bonneville Hatchery	Y	232.001	233	17080001
BONP	Bonifer Springs Acclimation Pond	Y	465.127.003	595	17070103
BOSTCC	Boston Canyon Creek	N	465.127.003	594	17070103
BOULDC	Boulder Creek	N	522.224.120.037.042	945	17060303

SITE CODE	LOCATION NAME	I	RIVER KM	TOTAL RKM	HYDRO UNIT
BOUNDC	Boundary Creek	N	522.303.319.154	1298	17060205
BOUTRP	Boulder Creek Trap	Y	522.224.120.037.042.001	946	17060303
BRUSHC	Brushy Fork Creek	N	522.224.120.037.113.011	1027	17060303
BSHEEC	Big Sheep Creek	N	522.308.032	862	17060102
BUCKC	Buck Creek	N	465.145.002	611	17070103
BURNLC	Burnt Log Creek	N	522.303.215.060.024.024	1148	17060208
BUTCHC	Butcher Creek	N	465.127.034	625	17070103
CAMASC	Camas Creek, Middle Fork Salmon River	N	522.303.319.057	1201	17060206
CAMPC	Camp Creek	N	465.127.018	609	17070103
CANYOC	Canyon Creek	N	522.224.120.037.012	915	17060303
CAPEHC	Capehorn Creek	N	522.303.319.170.010	1324	17060205
CARP	Carlton Acclimation Pond	Y	843.058	902	17020008
CARS	Carson National Fish Hatchery	Y	251.028	279	17070105
CASS	Cassimer Bar Hatchery	N	*	0	17020006
CATCMF	Middle Fork Catherine Creek	N	522.271.232.052.005	1082	17060104
CATCNF	North Fork Catherine Creek	N	522.271.232.052	1077	17060104
CATCSF	South Fork Catherine Creek	N	522.271.232.052	1077	17060104
CATHEC	Catherine Creek	N	522.271.232	1025	17060104
CATHEP	Catherine Creek Pond	Y	522.271.232.048	1073	17060104
CATHEW	Catherine Creek Weir	Y	522.271.232.032	1057	17060104
CEDARC	Cedar Creek, tributary to Lewis River	N	140.025	165	17080002
CFCTRP	Crooked Fork Creek Trap	Y	522.224.120.037.113.003	1019	17060303
CHAMBC	Chamberlain Creek	N	522.303.282	1107	17060207
CHAMPC	Champion Creek	N	522.303.631	1456	17060201

SITE CODE	LOCATION NAME	I	RIVER KM	TOTAL RKM	HYDRO UNIT
CHAMWF	West Fork Chamberlain Creek	N	522.303.282.024	1131	17060207
CHANDL	Chandler Canal	N	539.076	615	17030003
CHEL	Chelan PUD Hatchery	N	*	0	17020010
CHEWUP	Chewuch Acclimation Pond (WDFW)	Y	843.080.010	933	17020008
CHEWUR	Chewuch River	N	843.080	923	17020008
CHINOR	Chinook River, Washington (Columbia River Estuary)	N	006	6	17080006
CHIP	Chiwawa Rearing Pond	Y	754.077.002	833	17020011
CHIWAR	Chiwawa River	N	754.077	831	17020011
CHIWAT	Chiwawa River Trap, 0.5 km below CHIP acclimation pond	Y	754.077.002	833	17020011
CJRAP	Captain John Rapids Acclimation Pond	Y	522.263	785	17060103
CLARFP	Clark Flat Acclimation Pond	Y	539.270	809	17030001
CLEARC	Clear Creek	N	522.224.120.004	870	17060304
CLEE	Cle Elum Hatchery	Y	539.293	832	17030001
CLELMD	Cle Elum Dam	Y	539.299.013	851	17030001
CLELMR	Cle Elum River	N	539.299	838	17030001
CLWH	Clearwater Hatchery	N	*	0	17060306
CLWR	Clearwater River	N	522.224	746	17060306
CLWRMF	Middle Fork Clearwater River	N	522.224.120	866	17060304
CLWRNF	North Fork Clearwater River	N	522.224.065	811	17060308
CLWRSF	South Fork Clearwater River	N	522.224.120	866	17060305
CLWTRP	Clearwater Trap	Y	522.224.010	756	17060306
COLR	Columbia River (Archaic - replaced with reach-specific definitions)	N	000	0	170*
COLR1	Columbia River - mouth to Three	N	000	0	17080006

SITE CODE	LOCATION NAME	I	RIVER KM	TOTAL RKM	HYDRO UNIT
	Tree Point, WA (km 0-49)				
COLR2	Columbia River - Three Tree Point, WA to Lewis River (km 49-140)	N	000	0	17080003
COLR3	Columbia River - Lewis River to Bonneville Dam (km 140-234)	N	000	0	17080001
COLR4	Columbia River - Bonneville Dam to John Day Dam (km 234-347)	N	000	0	17070105
COLR5	Columbia River - John Day Dam to Snake River (km 347-522)	N	000	0	17070101
COLR6	Columbia River - Snake River to Lower Crab Creek (km 522-661)	N	000	0	17020016
COLR7	Columbia River - Lower Crab Creek to Chelan Falls, WA (km 661-809)	N	000	0	17020010
COLR8	Columbia River - Chelan Falls, WA to Grand Coulee Dam (km 809-960)	N	000	0	17020005
COLTC	Colt Creek	N	522.224.120.037.113.020	1036	17060303
COLTKC	Colt Kill Creek - Replaces WHITSC	N	522.224.120.037.113	1016	17060303
COONSC	Coonskin Creek	N	465.109	573	17070103
COTNWC	Cottonwood Creek	N	522.224.031	777	17060306
COTP	Cottonwood Acclimation Pond	Y	522.271.046	839	17060106
COTTWC	Cottonwood Creek (Umatilla River)	N	465.105	569	17070103
COWLR1	Cowlitz River - mouth to Crispus River (km 0-145)	N	111	111	17080005
COWLR2	Cowlitz River - Crispus River to headwaters (km 145-216)	N	111	111	17080004
COWS	Cowlitz Salmon Hatchery	Y	111.080	191	17080005
COWT	Cowlitz Trout Hatchery	Y	111.071	182	17080005
COYOTC	Coyote Creek	N	465.145.005	614	17070103
CRESIS	Crescent Island, Columbia River	Y	510	510	17070101
CROOC	Crooked Creek	N	522.303.200	1025	17060207

SITE CODE	LOCATION NAME	I	RIVER KM	TOTAL RKM	HYDRO UNIT
CROOKC	Crooked Fork Creek	N	522.224.120.037.113	1016	17060303
CROOKP	Crooked River Pond	Y	522.224.120.094.015	975	17060305
CROOKR	Crooked River	N	522.224.120.094	960	17060305
CROTRP	Crooked River Trap	Y	522.224.120.094.001	961	17060305
CRTRAP	Lake Washington, Cedar River Trap	Y	***	0	17110012
CUNNSL	Cunningham Slough	N	139.000	139	17090012
CURP	Curl Lake Rearing Pond	Y	522.100.066	701	17060107
DAGGEC	Dagger Creek	N	522.303.319.155	1299	17060205
DAYP	Dayton Acclimation Pond	Y	509.035.087	631	17070102
DEADMC	Deadman Creek	N	522.224.120.037.016	919	17060303
DECKEC	Decker Creek	N	522.303.624.001	1450	17060201
DESCH1	Deschutes River - mouth to Round Butte Dam (0-178 km)	N	328	328	17070306
DRNP	Deep River Net Pens (Deep River, Washington)	Y	035.002	37	17080006
DRYP	Dryden Acclimation Pond	Y	754.026	780	17020011
DWOR	Dworshak National Fish Hatchery	Y	522.224.065	811	17060306
DWORMS	Dworshak NFH, release into mainstem Clearwater River	Y	522.224.065	811	17060306
DWORNF	Dworshak NFH, release into North Fork Clearwater River	Y	522.224.065.000	811	17060308
EAGH	Eagle Creek National Fish Hatchery, in Clackamas River Basin	Y	163.040.027.016	246	17090011
EAGL	Eagle Hatchery	N	*	0	17050114
EAGLEC	Eagle Creek	N	522.224.120.037.253.003	1159	17060301
EASTOP	Easton Acclimation Pond	Y	539.325	864	17030001
EBNK	East Bank Hatchery	N	*	0	17020010
ELDORC	Eldorado Creek	N	522.224.087.041	874	17060306

SITE CODE	LOCATION NAME	I	RIVER KM	TOTAL RKM	HYDRO UNIT
ELKC	Elk Creek	N	522.303.319.170.014	1328	17060205
ELRH	Elochoman River Hatchery (Elochoman River, Washington)	Y	058.019	77	17080003
ENTH	Entiat NFH	Y	778.017	795	17020010
ENTIAR	Entiat River	N	778	778	17020010
ESANIS	East Sand Island, Columbia River	Y	008	8	17080006
FALLC	Fall Creek	N	522.303.319.163	1307	17060205
FISHC	Fish Creek	N	522.224.120.037.039	942	17060303
FISHEC	Fisher Creek	N	522.303.628	1453	17060201
FISTRP	Fish Creek Trap	Y	522.224.120.037.039.002	944	17060303
FIVEMC	Five Mile Creek	N	522.224.120.094.018	978	17060305
FLOSSC	Flossie Creek	N	522.303.282.027	1134	17060207
FOUNDI	Foundation Island, Columbia River	Y	518	518	17070101
FRENCC	Frenchman Creek	N	522.303.647	1472	17060201
FRENCH	French Creek	N	522.303.169	994	17060209
GEDCWF	West Fork Gedney Creek	N	522.224.120.037.029.005	937	17060302
GEDNEC	Gedney Creek	N	522.224.120.037.029	932	17060302
GOLDC	Gold Creek	N	522.303.621	1446	17060201
GRAND1	Grande Ronde River - mouth to Wallowa River (km 0-131)	N	522.271	793	17060106
GRAND2	Grande Ronde River - Wallowa River to headwaters (km 131-325)	N	522.271	793	17060104
GRANDP	Grande Ronde River Pond	Y	522.271.320	1113	17060104
GRANDR	Grande Ronde River (Archaic - replaced with reach-specific definitions)	N	522.271	793	170601*
GRANDW	Grande Ronde River Weir	Y	522.271.307	1100	17060104
GRNTRP	Grande Ronde River Trap	Y	522.271.002	795	17060106

SITE CODE	LOCATION NAME	I	RIVER KM	TOTAL RKM	HYDRO UNIT
HAGE	Hagerman NFH	N	*	0	17040212
HARDC	Hard Creek	N	522.303.140.031.002	698	17060210
HATRCK	Hat Rock State Park (Oregon)	Y	480	480	17070101
HAZARC	Hazard Creek	N	522.303.140.031	996	17060210
HCD	Hells Canyon Dam	N	*	919	17060101
HELLRC	Hell Roaring Creek	N	522.303.631	1456	17060201
HERDC	Herd Creek	N	522.303.552.014	1391	17060201
HORSEC	Horse Creek	N	522.303.301	1126	17060207
HUCKLC	Huckleberry Creek	N	522.303.624	1449	17060201
HUNGC	Hungry Creek (Lochsa River Basin)	N	522.224.120.037.039.007	949	17060303
I-90B	I-90 bridge over Columbia River upstream of Wannapum Dam	Y	677	677	17020010
ICICLC	Icicle Creek	N	754.041	795	17020011
ICTRAP	Lake Washington, Issaquah Creek Trap	Y	***	0	17110012
IHR	Ice Harbor Dam	N	*	538	17060110
IMNAHR	Imnaha River	N	522.308	830	17060102
IMNAHW	Imnaha River Weir	Y	522.308.074	904	17060102
IMNTRP	Imnaha Trap	Y	522.308.007	837	17060102
IMQP	Imeques Acclimation Pond	Y	465.123	588	17070103
INDIAC	Indian Creek, Middle Fork Salmon River	N	522.303.319.110	1254	17060205
IRRI	Irrigon Hatchery	N	*	0	17070101
IS18	Island 18, Columbia River	Y	549	549	17020016
JACKCP	Jack Creek Acclimation Pond	Y	539.284.017.009	849	17030001
JACKSC	Jacks Creek	N	522.224.047	793	17060306
JDA	John Day Dam	N	*	347	17070105

SITE CODE	LOCATION NAME	I	RIVER KM	TOTAL RKM	HYDRO UNIT
JDAR	John Day River (Archaic - replaced with reach-specific definitions)	N	351	351	170702*
JDAR1	John Day River - mouth to North Fork John Day River (km 0-298)	N	351	351	17070204
JDAR2	John Day River - North Fork John Day River to headwaters (km 298-454)	N	351	351	17070201
JDARMF	Middle Fork John Day River	N	351.298.052	701	17070203
JDARNF	North Fork John Day River	N	351.298	649	17070202
JDARSF	South Fork John Day River	N	351.341	692	17070201
JERSEC	Jersey Creek	N	522.303.223	1048	17060207
JOHNC	Johns Creek	N	522.224.120.056	922	17060305
JOHNSC	Johnson Creek	N	522.303.215.060.024	1124	17060208
JOHTRP	Johnson Creek Trap	Y	522.303.215.060.024.007	1131	17060208
JSFBC	Black Canyon Creek, South Fork John Day River	N	351.341.023	715	17070201
JSFDC	Deer Creek, South Fork John Day River	N	351.341.028	720	17070201
JSFMC	Murderers Creek, South Fork John Day River	N	351.341.027	719	17070201
JSFWC	Wind Creek, South Fork John Day River	N	351.341.033	725	17070201
KNAPPC	Knapp Creek	N	522.303.319.170.015	1329	17060205
KNOXB	Knox Bridge	Y	522.303.215.112	1152	17060208
KOOS	Kooskia National Fish Hatchery	Y	522.224.120.004.001	871	17060304
LAKEC	Lake Creek	N	522.303.215.059.045	1144	17060208
LAPC	Lapwai Creek	N	522.224.019	765	17060306
LCATHC	Little Catherine Creek	N	522.271.232.044	1069	17060104
LEA	Leaburg Dam	N	*	501	17090004

SITE CODE	LOCATION NAME	I	RIVER KM	TOTAL RKM	HYDRO UNIT
LEAB	Leaburg Hatchery	Y	163.282.056	501	17090004
LEAV	Leavenworth National Fish Hatchery	Y	754.041.005	800	17020011
LEMHIR	Lemhi River	N	522.303.416	1241	17060204
LEMHIW	Lemhi River Weir	Y	522.303.416.049	1290	17060204
LEWISR	Lewis River	N	140	140	17080002
LGR	Lower Granite Dam	N	*	695	17060107
LGS	Little Goose Dam	N	*	635	17060107
LICKC	Lick Creek	N	522.303.215.059.008	1107	17060208
LINEC	Line Creek	N	465.127.008	599	17070103
LITCAC	Little Canyon Creek	N	522.224.057.005	808	17060306
LITNGC	Lightning Creek - Imnaha River	N	522.308.008	838	17060102
LMEMIS	Little Memaloose Island, Columbia River	Y	314	314	17070105
LMILIS	Little Miller Island, Columbia River	Y	331	331	17070105
LMN	Lower Monumental Dam	N	*	589	17060110
LNSANR	Little North Santiam River	N	163.174.019.044	400	17090005
LOCHSA	Lochsa River	N	522.224.120.037	903	17060303
LOLOC	Lolo Creek	N	522.224.087	833	17060306
LOOH	Lookingglass Hatchery	Y	522.271.137.003	933	17060104
LOOKGC	Lookingglass Creek	N	522.271.137	930	17060104
LOONC	Loon Creek	N	522.303.319.073	1217	17060205
LOSTIP	Lostine River Pond	Y	522.271.131.042.021	987	17060105
LOSTIR	Lostine River	N	522.271.131.042	966	17060105
LOSTIW	Lostine River Weir	Y	522.271.131.042.001	967	17060105
LSALR	Little Salmon River	N	522.303.140	965	17060210
LSFTRP	Lower South Fork Salmon River	Y	522.303.215.000	1040	17060208

SITE CODE	LOCATION NAME	I	RIVER KM	TOTAL RKM	HYDRO UNIT
	Trap				
LSHEEF	Little Sheep Facility	Y	522.308.032.005.008	875	17060102
LUNION	Lake Union	Y	***	0	17110012
LWBEAR	Bear Creek, Lake Washington below Redmond Way Bridge	Y	***	0	17110012
LWCEDR	Cedar River, Lake Washington at Logan Street Bridge	Y	***	0	17110012
LWISSQ	Lake Washington, Issaquah Creek at SE 56th Street Bridge	Y	***	0	17110012
LWSCCL	Ballard Locks	Y	***	0	17110012
LWSCFC	Ship Canal, Lake Washington at Fremont Cut/Bridge	Y	***	0	17110012
LWSCMC	Ship Canal, Lake Washington at Montlake Cut/Bridge	Y	***	0	17110012
LWSCML	Ship Canal, Lake Washington at King County/Metro Environmental Lab	Y	***	0	17110012
LWSH	Little White Salmon National Fish Hatchery	Y	261.002	263	17070105
LYFE	Lyons Ferry Hatchery	Y	522.095	617	17060107
MARSHC	Marsh Creek	N	522.303.319.170	1314	17060205
MARTRP	Marsh Creek Trap	Y	522.303.319.170.011	1325	17060205
MAVA	Magic Valley Hatchery	N	*	0	17040212
MAYD	Mayfield Dam	Y	111.085	196	17080005
MAYSC	Mays Creek	N	522.303.631	1456	17060201
MCCA	McCall Hatchery	N	*	0	17050123
MCKAYC	McKay Creek	N	465.082	546	17070103
MCKE	McKenzie Hatchery	Y	163.282.053	498	17090004
MCKER	McKenzie River	N	163.282	445	17090004

SITE CODE	LOCATION NAME	I	RIVER KM	TOTAL RKM	HYDRO UNIT
MCN	McNary Dam	N	*	470	17070101
MEACHC	Meacham Creek	N	465.127	591	17070103
MEACHE	East Fork Meacham Creek	N	465.127.031	622	17070103
MEACHN	North Fork Meacham Creek	N	465.127.024	615	17070103
MEAD2C	Meadow Creek, South Fork Clearwater	N	522.224.120.053	919	17060305
MEADOC	Meadow Creek, Selway River	N	522.224.120.037.031	934	17060302
METH	Methow Hatchery	Y	843.085	928	17020008
METHR	Methow River	N	843	843	17020008
METRO	King County/Metro Environmental Lab	Y	***	0	17110012
MILL2C	Mill Creek, SF Clearwater River	N	522.224.120.052	918	17060305
MILLC	Mill Creek, Walla Walla River	N	509.054	563	17070102
MINAMR	Minam River	N	522.271.131.016	940	17060105
MINKC	Mink Creek	N	522.224.120.037.051	954	17060302
MINP	Minthorn Acclimation Pond	Y	465.109	574	17070103
MISSC	Mission Creek	N	522.224.019.016	781	17060306
MISSNC	Mission Creek (Umatilla River)	N	465.098	562	17070103
MONT	Montlake Hatchery	N	*	0	17110012
MOONSC	Moonshine Creek	N	465.108	572	17070103
MOOS2C	Moose Creek (Selway River)	N	522.224.120.037.065	968	17060302
MOOS2N	North Fork Moose Creek, Selway River	N	522.224.120.037.065.006	974	17060302
MOOSEC	Moose Creek	N	522.303.282.031	1138	17060207
MULTCH	Multnomah Channel, Columbia River	N	139	139	17090012
NASONC	Nason Creek (tributary to Wenatchee River)	N	754.089	843	17020011

SITE CODE	LOCATION NAME	I	RIVER KM	TOTAL RKM	HYDRO UNIT
NATCHR	Natches River	N	539.187	726	17030002
NEWSOC	Newsome Creek	N	522.224.120.084	950	17060305
NISP	Niagara Springs Hatchery	N	*	0	17040212
NLVP	North Lapwai Valley Acclimation Pond	Y	522.224.019.001	766	17060306
NONE	Deprecated null value used only to support legacy data.	N	*	0	99999999
NPTH	Nez Perce Tribal Hatchery	Y	522.224.038	784	17060306
NSANTR	North Santiam River, Oregon	N	163.174.019	356	17090005
OCEAN	Ocean Recovery	Y	~~~	0	N/A
OHARAC	O'Hara Creek	N	522.224.120.037.012	915	17060302
OKANR	Okanogan River	N	858	858	17020006
OLDMAC	Old Man Creek	N	522.224.120.037.028	931	17060303
OMAKC	Omak Creek (tributary to Okanogan River)	N	858.064	922	17020006
OROFC	Orofino Creek	N	522.224.072	818	17060306
OSOL	Osoyoos Lake	Y	858.130	988	17020006
OXBO	Oxbow Hatchery (IDFG)	N	*	0	17050201
PAHP	Pahsimeroi Pond	N	522.303.489.011	1325	17060202
PAHSIR	Pahsimeroi River	N	522.303.489	1314	17060202
PAHSIW	Pahsimeroi Weir	Y	522.303.489.002	1316	17060202
PAHTRP	Pahsimeroi River Trap	Y	522.303.489.002	1316	17060202
PANT2C	Panther Creek (trib. to Wind River, Wash.)	N	251.007	258	17070105
PANTHC	Panther Creek (Salmon River)	N	522.303.338	1163	17060203
PAPOOC	Papoose Creek	N	522.224.120.037.105	1008	17060303
PARTRC	Partridge Creek	N	522.303.160	985	17060209

SITE CODE	LOCATION NAME	I	RIVER KM	TOTAL RKM	HYDRO UNIT
PEARSC	Pearson Creek	N	465.077.026.018	585	17070103
PELTON	Pelton Ladder	Y	328.161	489	17070306
PENP	Pendleton Acclimation Pond	Y	465.090	555	17070103
PESHAR	Peshastin River	N	754.029	783	17020011
PETEKC	Pete King Creek	N	522.224.120.037.003	906	17060303
PETTLL	Pettit Lake	Y	522.303.633.002.002	1462	17060201
PETTLC	Pettit Lake Creek	N	522.303.633.002	1460	17060201
PISTOC	Pistol Creek, Middle Fork Salmon River	N	522.303.319.118	1262	17060205
PLAP	Pittsburg Landing Acclimation Facility	Y	522.346	868	17060101
POLEC	Pole Creek	N	522.303.642	1467	17060201
POSTOC	Post Office Creek	N	522.224.120.037.082	985	17060303
POTHOL	Potholes Reservoir, Grant County, Washington	Y	---	0	17020015
POTR	Potlatch River	N	522.224.024	770	17060306
POWP	Powell Rearing Pond	Y	522.224.120.037.113	1016	17060303
PRD	Priest Rapids Dam	N	*	639	17020016
PRDH	Priest Rapids Hatchery	Y	639	639	17020016
PROSRD	Prosser Dam	Y	539.076	615	17030003
PROTRP	Prosser Trap	Y	539.076	617	17030003
RAPH	Rapid River Hatchery	Y	522.303.140.007.006	978	17060210
RAPIDR	Rapid River, Little Salmon River	N	522.303.140.007	972	17060210
RAPIWF	West Fork Rapid River	N	522.303.140.007.012	984	17060210
RAPR	Rapid River, Middle Fork Salmon River	N	522.303.319.124	1268	17060205
RATTLC	Rattlesnake Creek	N	271.012	283	17070105

SITE CODE	LOCATION NAME	I	RIVER KM	TOTAL RKM	HYDRO UNIT
REDFL	Redfish Lake	Y	522.303.615.005	1445	17060201
REDFLC	Redfish Lake Creek	N	522.303.615	1440	17060201
REDP	Red River Rearing Pond	N	522.224.120.101.027	994	17060305
REDR	Red River	N	522.224.120.101	967	17060305
REDRSF	South Fork Red River	N	522.224.120.101.028	995	17060305
REDTRP	Red River Trap	Y	522.224.120.101.006	973	17060305
RELIEC	Relief Creek	N	522.224.120.094.013	973	17060305
RICEIS	Rice Island	Y	034	34	17080006
RICHIS	Richland Island, Columbia River	Y	545	545	17020016
RINH	Ringold Hatchery	Y	567	567	17020016
RIS	Rock Island Dam	N	*	730	17020010
RLCTRP	Redfish Lake Creek Trap	Y	522.303.615.003	1443	17060201
ROSAD	Rosa Dam	Y	539.206	745	17030001
RPDTRP	Rapid River Trap	Y	522.303.140.007.007	979	17060210
RRE	Rocky Reach Dam	N	*	763	17020010
RUNNIC	Running Creek	N	522.224.120.037.253	1156	17060301
RUSHC	Rush Creek, tributary of Big Creek, Middle Fork Salmon River	N	522.303.319.029.011	1184	17060206
RYANC	Ryan Creek	N	465.132	596	17070103
SABEC	Sabe Creek	N	522.303.272	1097	17060207
SAEFSF	East Fork South Fork Salmon River	N	522.303.215.060	1100	17060208
SALEFT	East Fork Salmon River Trap	Y	522.303.552.029	1406	17060201
SALEFW	East Fork Salmon River Weir	Y	522.303.552.030	1407	17060201
SALMF1	Middle Fork Salmon River - mouth to Loon Creek (km 0-73)	N	522.303.319	1144	17060206
SALMF2	Middle Fork Salmon River - Loon Creek to headwaters (km 73-170)	N	522.303.319	1144	17060205

SITE CODE	LOCATION NAME	I	RIVER KM	TOTAL RKM	HYDRO UNIT
SALMOC	Salmon Creek (tributary to Okanogan River)	N	858.055	913	17020006
SALR	Salmon River (Archaic - replaced with reach-specific definitions)	N	522.303	825	170602*
SALR1	Salmon River - mouth to above French Creek (km 0-171)	N	522.303	825	17060209
SALR2	Salmon River - above French Creek to Middle Fork Salmon River (km 171-319)	N	522.303	825	17060207
SALR3	Salmon River - Middle Fork Salmon River to Pahsimeroi River (km 319-489)	N	522.303	825	17060203
SALR4	Salmon River - Pahsimeroi River to headwaters (km 489-650)	N	522.303	825	17060201
SALREF	East Fork Salmon River	N	522.303.552	1377	17060201
SALRMF	Middle Fork Salmon River	N	522.303.319	1144	17060206
SALRNF	North Fork Salmon River	N	522.303.381	1206	17060203
SALRSF	South Fork Salmon River	N	522.303.215	1040	17060208
SALSFW	South Fork Salmon River Weir	Y	522.303.215.111	1151	17060208
SALTRP	Salmon Trap	Y	522.303.103	910	17060209
SANTIR	Santiam River, Oregon	N	163.174	337	17090005
SATUSC	Satus Creek, Yakima River	N	539.112	651	17030003
SAWT	Sawtooth Hatchery	Y	522.303.617	1442	17060201
SAWTRP	Sawtooth Trap	Y	522.303.617	1442	17060201
SECESR	Secesh River	N	522.303.215.059	1099	17060208
SELWY1	Selway River - mouth to Moose Creek (km 0-65)	N	522.224.120.037	903	17060302
SELWY2	Selway River - Moose Creek to headwaters (km 65-147)	N	522.224.120.037	903	17060301
SELWYR	Selway River	N	522.224.120.037	903	17060302

SITE CODE	LOCATION NAME	I	RIVER KM	TOTAL RKM	HYDRO UNIT
SERH	Sea Resources Hatchery (Chinook River, Washington)	Y	006.006	12	17080006
SFSTRP	South Fork Salmon River Trap	Y	522.303.215.115	1155	17060208
SHEEPC	Sheep Creek	N	522.303.188	1013	17060207
SHEPC	Sheep Creek, Middle Fork Salmon River	N	522.303.319.049	1193	17060206
SHIMC	Shimmihorn Creek	N	465.145.008	617	17070103
SIMILP	Similkameen Acclimation Pond (replaces archaic SIMP)	Y	858.119.008	985	17020007
SIMILR	Similkameen River	N	858.119	977	17020007
SIMP	Similkameen Pond (Archaic - Replaced by SIMILP)	N	941.121.008	1070	17020007
SLATEC	Slate Creek	N	522.303.106	931	17060209
SMILEC	Smiley Creek	N	522.303.644	1469	17060201
SNAKE1	Snake River - mouth to Palouse River (km 0-96)	N	522	522	17060110
SNAKE2	Snake River - Palouse River to Clearwater River (km 96-224)	N	522	522	17060107
SNAKE3	Snake River - Clearwater River to Salmon River (km 224-303)	N	522	522	17060103
SNAKE4	Snake River - Salmon River to Hells Canyon Dam (km 303-397)	N	522	522	17060101
SNAKER	Snake River (Archaic - replaced with reach-specific definitions)	N	522	522	170601*
SNKTRP	Snake Trap	Y	522.225	747	17060103
SPRC	Spring Creek National Fish Hatchery	Y	269	269	17070105
SQAWC	Squaw Creek (Umatilla River)	N	465.124	588	17070103
SQUAWC	Squaw Creek	N	522.224.120.037.096	999	17060303
SQUAWP	Squaw Creek Acclimation Pond	Y	522.303.564.001	1390	17060201
SSANTR	South Santiam River, Oregon	N	163.174.019	356	17090006

SITE CODE	LOCATION NAME	I	RIVER KM	TOTAL RKM	HYDRO UNIT
SSD	Sunnyside Dam	N	*	706	17030003
SSIDEC	Sunnyside Canal	N	539.167	706	17030003
SSIDES	Sunnyside Screen	Y	539.167.001	707	17030003
STANLC	Stanley Lake Creek	N	522.303.609.009	1443	17060201
STANLE	Stanley (Gage 2945)	Y	522.303.609	1434	17060201
STOLP	Stolle Pond	Y	522.303.215.125	1165	17060208
STORMC	Storm Creek	N	522.224.120.037.113.016	1032	17060303
SUL	Sullivan Dam	N	*	206	17090012
SULFUC	Sulphur Creek, Middle Fork Salmon River	N	522.303.319.150	1294	17060205
SWSP	Sweetwater Springs Hatchery	Y	522.224.019.006.010.004	785	17060306
TANNEC	Tanner Creek, Columbia River below Bonneville Dam	N	232	232	17080001
TDA	The Dalles Dam	N	*	308	17070105
TENMIC	Tenmile Creek	N	522.224.120.076	942	17060305
THOMC	Thomas Creek	N	465.145.005	614	17070103
THOP	Thornhollow Acclimation Pond	Y	465.113	578	17070103
TMF	Three Mile Falls Dam (Umatilla River)	N	*	470	17070103
TOPPEC	Toppenish Creek	N	539.130	669	17030003
TOUHR	Touchet River	N	509.035	545	17070102
TROUTC	Trout Creek (trib. to Wind River, Wash.)	N	251.017	268	17070105
TUCH	Tucannon River Hatchery	Y	522.100.058	691	17060107
TUCR	Tucannon River	N	522.100	622	17060107
TURO	Turtle Rock Pond	Y	765	765	17020010
TUTUIC	Tutuilla Creek	N	465.084	548	17070103

SITE CODE	LOCATION NAME	I	RIVER KM	TOTAL RKM	HYDRO UNIT
TWIS2P	Twisp Acclimation Pond (Methow Salmon Recovery Foundation)	Y	843.066.002	911	17020008
TWISPP	Twisp Acclimation Pond (WDFW)	Y	843.066.008	917	17020008
TWISPR	Twisp River	N	843.066	909	17020008
TWNMIC	Twentymile Creek	N	522.224.120.069	935	17060305
TWNMIT	Twentymile Creek Trap	Y	522.224.120.069.003	938	17060305
UMAH	Umatilla Hatchery	N	*	0	17070101
UMAR	Umatilla River	N	465	465	17070103
UMATNF	North Fork Umatilla River	N	465.145	609	17070103
UMATSF	South Fork Umatilla River	N	465.145	609	17070103
UWH	University of Washington Hatchery	Y	***	0	17110012
VALEYC	Valley Creek	N	522.303.609	1434	17060201
VATC	Vat Creek	N	522.303.633.003	1461	17060201
VGISNB	Van Giessen Bridge	Y	539	539	17030003
WALH	Wallowa Hatchery	Y	522.271.131.063.001	988	17060105
WALLAR	Walla Walla River	N	509	509	17070102
WALLNF	North Fork Walla Walla River	N	509.081	590	17070102
WALLOR	Wallowa River	N	522.271.131	924	17060105
WALLSF	South Fork Walla Walla River	N	509.081	590	17070102
WAN	Wannapum Dam	N	*	669	17020010
WAPATC	Wapato Canal	N	539.171	710	17030003
WAPATD	Wapato Dam	Y	539.172	711	17030003
WAPATS	Wapato Screen	Y	539.172.001	712	17030003
WARMSC	Warm Springs Creek	N	522.224.120.037.092	995	17060303
WBIRDC	Whitebird Creek	N	522.303.086	911	17060209
WEL	Wells Dam	N	*	830	17020005

SITE CODE	LOCATION NAME	I	RIVER KM	TOTAL RKM	HYDRO UNIT
WELH	Wells Hatchery	Y	830	830	17020005
WENATR	Wenatchee River	N	754	754	17020011
WENATT	Wenatchee River Trap at West Monitor Bridge	Y	754.010	764	17020011
WENR	Wenaha River	N	522.271.073	866	17060106
WENRNF	North Fork Wenaha River	N	522.271.073.035	901	17060106
WENRSF	South Fork Wenaha River	N	522.271.073.035	901	17060106
WHITCC	White Cap Creek	N	522.224.120.037.264	1167	17060301
WHITSC	White Sand Creek - Replaced by COLTKC	N	522.224.120.037.113	1016	17060303
WHITSR	White Salmon River	N	271	271	17070105
WILH	Willamette Hatchery (ODFW) at Oakridge	N	*	0	17090001
WILL	Willard National Fish Hatchery	Y	261.009	270	17070105
WILLIC	Williams Creek	N	522.303.622	1447	17060201
WILLR	Willamette River (Archaic - replaced with reach-specific definitions)	N	163	163	170900*
WILLR1	Willamette River - mouth to Willamette Falls (km 0-41)	N	163	163	17090012
WILLR2	Willamette River - Willamette Falls to Santiam River (km 41-175)	N	163	163	17090007
WILLR3	Willamette River - Santiam River to the confluence of the Middle and Coast forks of the Willamette River (km 175-301)	N	163	163	17090003
WILSOC	Wilson Creek, Middle Fork Salmon River	N	522.303.319.037	1181	17060206
WIND2R	Wind River, Washington	N	251	251	17070105
WINDR	Wind River	N	522.303.177	1002	17060207
WINT	Winthrop National Fish Hatchery	Y	843.081	924	17020008

SITE CODE	LOCATION NAME	I	RIVER KM	TOTAL RKM	HYDRO UNIT
WOPTXD	Wopatox Dam	Y	539.187.028	754	17030002
WPOOSH	Wishpoosh Creek, Cle Elum River	N	539.299.004	842	17030001
WSPH	Warm Springs National Fish Hatchery	Y	329.135.016	480	17070306
YAKIM1	Yakima River - mouth to Naches River (km 0-187)	N	539	539	17030003
YAKIM2	Yakima River - Naches River to headwaters (km 187-345)	N	539	539	17030001
YAKIMR	Yakima River (Archaic - replaced with reach-specific definitions)	N	539	539	170300*
YANKWF	West Fork Yankee Fork	N	522.303.591.011	1427	17060201
YELLJC	Yellowjacket Creek, tributary of Camas Creek, Middle Fork Salmon River	N	522.303.319.057.007	1208	17060206
YELLLC	Yellowbelly Lake Creek	N	522.303.633.001	1459	17060201

Mark and Recapture Site Codes By River KM, Site Code

RIVER KM	LOCATION NAME	SITE CODE	I	TOTAL RKM	HYDRO UNIT
*	Big Beef Creek	BBC	N	0	17110018
*	Bonneville Dam PH1 (Archaic - replaced with generic BON designation)	BO1	N	0	17070105
*	Bonneville Dam PH2 (Archaic - replaced with generic BON designation)	BO2	N	0	17070105
*	Bonneville Dam Complex	BON	N	234	17070105
*	Cassimer Bar Hatchery	CASS	N	0	17020006
*	Chelan PUD Hatchery	CHEL	N	0	17020010
*	Clearwater Hatchery	CLWH	N	0	17060306
*	Eagle Hatchery	EAGL	N	0	17050114
*	East Bank Hatchery	EBNK	N	0	17020010
*	Hagerman NFH	HAGE	N	0	17040212
*	Hells Canyon Dam	HCD	N	919	17060101
*	Ice Harbor Dam	IHR	N	538	17060110
*	Irrigon Hatchery	IRRI	N	0	17070101
*	John Day Dam	JDA	N	347	17070105
*	Leaburg Dam	LEA	N	501	17090004
*	Lower Granite Dam	LGR	N	695	17060107
*	Little Goose Dam	LGS	N	635	17060107
*	Lower Monumental Dam	LMN	N	589	17060110
*	Magic Valley Hatchery	MAVA	N	0	17040212
*	McCall Hatchery	MCCA	N	0	17050123
*	McNary Dam	MCN	N	470	17070101

RIVER KM	LOCATION NAME	SITE CODE	I	TOTAL RKM	HYDRO UNIT
*	Montlake Hatchery	MONT	N	0	17110012
*	Niagara Springs Hatchery	NISP	N	0	17040212
*	Deprecated null value used only to support legacy data.	NONE	N	0	99999999
*	Oxbow Hatchery (IDFG)	OXBO	N	0	17050201
*	Priest Rapids Dam	PRD	N	639	17020016
*	Rock Island Dam	RIS	N	730	17020010
*	Rocky Reach Dam	RRE	N	763	17020010
*	Sunnyside Dam	SSD	N	706	17030003
*	Sullivan Dam	SUL	N	206	17090012
*	The Dalles Dam	TDA	N	308	17070105
*	Three Mile Falls Dam (Umatilla River)	TMF	N	470	17070103
*	Umatilla Hatchery	UMAH	N	0	17070101
*	Wannapum Dam	WAN	N	669	17020010
*	Wells Dam	WEL	N	830	17020005
*	Willamette Hatchery (ODFW) at Oakridge	WILH	N	0	17090001
***	Lake Washington, Bear Creek Trap	BCTRAP	Y	0	17110012
***	Lake Washington, Cedar River Trap	CRTRAP	Y	0	17110012
***	Lake Washington, Issaquah Creek Trap	ICTRAP	Y	0	17110012
***	Lake Union	LUNION	Y	0	17110012
***	Bear Creek, Lake Washington below Redmond Way Bridge	LWBEAR	Y	0	17110012
***	Cedar River, Lake Washington at Logan Street Bridge	LWCEDR	Y	0	17110012
***	Lake Washington, Issaquah Creek at SE	LWISSQ	Y	0	17110012

RIVER KM	LOCATION NAME	SITE CODE	I	TOTAL RKM	HYDRO UNIT
	56th Street Bridge				
***	Ballard Locks	LWSCCL	Y	0	17110012
***	Ship Canal, Lake Washington at Fremont Cut/Bridge	LWSCFC	Y	0	17110012
***	Ship Canal, Lake Washington at Montlake Cut/Bridge	LWSCMC	Y	0	17110012
***	Ship Canal, Lake Washington at King County/Metro Environmental Lab	LWSCML	Y	0	17110012
***	King County/Metro Environmental Lab	METRO	Y	0	17110012
***	University of Washington Hatchery	UWH	Y	0	17110012
000	Columbia River (Archaic - replaced with reach-specific definitions)	COLR	N	0	170*
000	Columbia River - mouth to Three Tree Point, WA (km 0-49)	COLR1	N	0	17080006
000	Columbia River - Three Tree Point, WA to Lewis River (km 49-140)	COLR2	N	0	17080003
000	Columbia River - Lewis River to Bonneville Dam (km 140-234)	COLR3	N	0	17080001
000	Columbia River - Bonneville Dam to John Day Dam (km 234-347)	COLR4	N	0	17070105
000	Columbia River - John Day Dam to Snake River (km 347-522)	COLR5	N	0	17070101
000	Columbia River - Snake River to Lower Crab Creek (km 522-661)	COLR6	N	0	17020016
000	Columbia River - Lower Crab Creek to Chelan Falls, WA (km 661-809)	COLR7	N	0	17020010
000	Columbia River - Chelan Falls, WA to Grand Coulee Dam (km 809-960)	COLR8	N	0	17020005
006	Chinook River, Washington (Columbia River Estuary)	CHINOR	N	6	17080006

RIVER KM	LOCATION NAME	SITE CODE	I	TOTAL RKM	HYDRO UNIT
006.006	Sea Resources Hatchery (Chinook River, Washington)	SERH	Y	12	17080006
008	East Sand Island, Columbia River	ESANIS	Y	8	17080006
034	Rice Island	RICEIS	Y	34	17080006
035.002	Deep River Net Pens (Deep River, Washington)	DRNP	Y	37	17080006
043.006	Big Creek Hatchery (ODFW) near Knappa	BIGC	N	49	17080006
047	Blind Slough Net Pens (Oregon side of Columbia River Estuary)	BLNDSL	Y	47	17080006
058.019	Elochoman River Hatchery (Elochoman River, Washington)	ELRH	Y	77	17080003
087	Abernathy Creek, Lower Columbia River, Washington	ABERC	N	87	17080003
087.005	Abernathy SCTC	ABEH	Y	92	17080003
111	Cowlitz River - mouth to Crispus River (km 0-145)	COWLR1	N	111	17080005
111	Cowlitz River - Crispus River to headwaters (km 145-216)	COWLR2	N	111	17080004
111.071	Cowlitz Trout Hatchery	COWT	Y	182	17080005
111.080	Cowlitz Salmon Hatchery	COWS	Y	191	17080005
111.085	Mayfield Dam	MAYD	Y	196	17080005
139	Multnomah Channel, Columbia River	MULTCH	N	139	17090012
139.000	Cunningham Slough	CUNNSL	N	139	17090012
140	Lewis River	LEWISR	N	140	17080002
140.025	Cedar Creek, tributary to Lewis River	CEDARC	N	165	17080002
163	Willamette River (Archaic - replaced with reach-specific definitions)	WILLR	N	163	170900*

RIVER KM	LOCATION NAME	SITE CODE	I	TOTAL RKM	HYDRO UNIT
163	Willamette River - mouth to Willamette Falls (km 0-41)	WILLR1	N	163	17090012
163	Willamette River - Willamette Falls to Santiam River (km 41-175)	WILLR2	N	163	17090007
163	Willamette River - Santiam River to the confluence of the Middle and Coast forks of the Willamette River (km 175-301)	WILLR3	N	163	17090003
163.040.027.016	Eagle Creek National Fish Hatchery, in Clackamas River Basin	EAGH	Y	246	17090011
163.174	Santiam River, Oregon	SANTIR	N	337	17090005
163.174.019	North Santiam River, Oregon	NSANTR	N	356	17090005
163.174.019	South Santiam River, Oregon	SSANTR	N	356	17090006
163.174.019.044	Little North Santiam River	LNSANR	N	400	17090005
163.282	McKenzie River	MCKER	N	445	17090004
163.282.053	McKenzie Hatchery	MCKE	Y	498	17090004
163.282.056	Leaburg Hatchery	LEAB	Y	501	17090004
232	Tanner Creek, Columbia River below Bonneville Dam	TANNEC	N	232	17080001
232.001	Bonneville Hatchery	BONH	Y	233	17080001
251	Wind River, Washington	WIND2R	N	251	17070105
251.007	Panther Creek (trib. to Wind River, Wash.)	PANT2C	N	258	17070105
251.017	Trout Creek (trib. to Wind River, Wash.)	TROUTC	N	268	17070105
251.028	Carson National Fish Hatchery	CARS	Y	279	17070105
261.002	Little White Salmon National Fish Hatchery	LWSH	Y	263	17070105
261.009	Willard National Fish Hatchery	WILL	Y	270	17070105
269	Spring Creek National Fish Hatchery	SPRC	Y	269	17070105

RIVER KM	LOCATION NAME	SITE CODE	I	TOTAL RKM	HYDRO UNIT
271	White Salmon River	WHITSR	N	271	17070105
271.002	Big White Salmon Ponds	BIGWSP	Y	273	17070105
271.012	Rattlesnake Creek	RATTLC	N	283	17070105
314	Little Memaloose Island, Columbia River	LMEMIS	Y	314	17070105
328	Deschutes River - mouth to Round Butte Dam (0-178 km)	DESCH1	N	328	17070306
328.161	Pelton Ladder	PELTON	Y	489	17070306
329.135.016	Warm Springs National Fish Hatchery	WSPH	Y	480	17070306
331	Little Miller Island, Columbia River	LMILIS	Y	331	17070105
351	John Day River (Archaic - replaced with reach-specific definitions)	JDAR	N	351	170702*
351	John Day River - mouth to North Fork John Day River (km 0-298)	JDAR1	N	351	17070204
351	John Day River - North Fork John Day River to headwaters (km 298-454)	JDAR2	N	351	17070201
351.298	North Fork John Day River	JDARNF	N	649	17070202
351.298.052	Middle Fork John Day River	JDARMF	N	701	17070203
351.341	South Fork John Day River	JDARSF	N	692	17070201
351.341.023	Black Canyon Creek, South Fork John Day River	JSFBC	N	715	17070201
351.341.027	Murderers Creek, South Fork John Day River	JSFMC	N	719	17070201
351.341.028	Deer Creek, South Fork John Day River	JSFDC	N	720	17070201
351.341.033	Wind Creek, South Fork John Day River	JSFWC	N	725	17070201
412	Three Mile Canyon Island (Col. R. below Blalock Island)	3MILIS	Y	412	17070101
465	Umatilla River	UMAR	N	465	17070103

RIVER KM	LOCATION NAME	SITE CODE	I	TOTAL RKM	HYDRO UNIT
465.077	Birch Creek	BIRCHC	N	541	17070103
465.077.026	East Fork Birch Creek	BIRCHE	N	567	17070103
465.077.026	West Fork Birch Creek	BIRCHW	N	567	17070103
465.077.026.018	Pearson Creek	PEARSC	N	585	17070103
465.082	McKay Creek	MCKAY C	N	546	17070103
465.084	Tutuilla Creek	TUTUIC	N	548	17070103
465.090	Pendleton Acclimation Pond	PENP	Y	555	17070103
465.098	Mission Creek (Umatilla River)	MISSNC	N	562	17070103
465.105	Cottonwood Creek (Umatilla River)	COTTWC	N	569	17070103
465.108	Moonshine Creek	MOONSC	N	572	17070103
465.109	Coonskin Creek	COONSC	N	573	17070103
465.109	Minthorn Acclimation Pond	MINP	Y	574	17070103
465.113	Thornhollow Acclimation Pond	THOP	Y	578	17070103
465.117	Buckaroo Creek	BCKROC	N	581	17070103
465.123	Imeqes Acclimation Pond	IMQP	Y	588	17070103
465.124	Squaw Creek (Umatilla River)	SQAWC	N	588	17070103
465.127	Meacham Creek	MEACHC	N	591	17070103
465.127.003	Bonifer Springs Acclimation Pond	BONP	Y	595	17070103
465.127.003	Boston Canyon Creek	BOSTCC	N	594	17070103
465.127.008	Line Creek	LINEC	N	599	17070103
465.127.018	Camp Creek	CAMPC	N	609	17070103
465.127.024	North Fork Meacham Creek	MEACHN	N	615	17070103
465.127.031	East Fork Meacham Creek	MEACHE	N	622	17070103

RIVER KM	LOCATION NAME	SITE CODE	I	TOTAL RKM	HYDRO UNIT
465.127.034	Butcher Creek	BUTCHC	N	625	17070103
465.132	Ryan Creek	RYANC	N	596	17070103
465.145	North Fork Umatilla River	UMATNF	N	609	17070103
465.145	South Fork Umatilla River	UMATSF	N	609	17070103
465.145.002	Buck Creek	BUCKC	N	611	17070103
465.145.005	Coyote Creek	COYOTC	N	614	17070103
465.145.005	Thomas Creek	THOMC	N	614	17070103
465.145.008	Shimmihorn Creek	SHIMC	N	617	17070103
480	Hat Rock State Park (Oregon)	HATRCK	Y	480	17070101
509	Walla Walla River	WALLAR	N	509	17070102
509.035	Touchet River	TOUCHR	N	545	17070102
509.035.087	Dayton Acclimation Pond	DAYP	Y	631	17070102
509.054	Mill Creek, Walla Walla River	MILLC	N	563	17070102
509.081	North Fork Walla Walla River	WALLNF	N	590	17070102
509.081	South Fork Walla Walla River	WALLSF	N	590	17070102
510	Crescent Island, Columbia River	CRESIS	Y	510	17070101
512	Badger Island, Columbia River	BADGEI	Y	512	17070101
518	Foundation Island, Columbia River	FOUNDI	Y	518	17070101
522	Snake River - mouth to Palouse River (km 0-96)	SNAKE1	N	522	17060110
522	Snake River - Palouse River to Clearwater River (km 96-224)	SNAKE2	N	522	17060107
522	Snake River - Clearwater River to Salmon River (km 224-303)	SNAKE3	N	522	17060103
522	Snake River - Salmon River to Hells Canyon Dam (km 303-397)	SNAKE4	N	522	17060101

RIVER KM	LOCATION NAME	SITE CODE	I	TOTAL RKM	HYDRO UNIT
522	Snake River (Archaic - replaced with reach-specific definitions)	SNAKER	N	522	170601*
522.095	Lyons Ferry Hatchery	LYFE	Y	617	17060107
522.100	Tucannon River	TUCR	N	622	17060107
522.100.058	Tucannon River Hatchery	TUCH	Y	691	17060107
522.100.066	Curl Lake Rearing Pond	CURP	Y	701	17060107
522.224	Clearwater River	CLWR	N	746	17060306
522.224.010	Clearwater Trap	CLWTRP	Y	756	17060306
522.224.019	Lapwai Creek	LAPC	N	765	17060306
522.224.019.001	North Lapwai Valley Acclimation Pond	NLVP	Y	766	17060306
522.224.019.006.010.004	Sweetwater Springs Hatchery	SWSP	Y	785	17060306
522.224.019.016	Mission Creek	MISSC	N	781	17060306
522.224.024	Potlatch River	POTR	N	770	17060306
522.224.031	Cottonwood Creek	COTNWC	N	777	17060306
522.224.038	Nez Perce Tribal Hatchery	NPTH	Y	784	17060306
522.224.042	Bedrock Creek	BEDRKC	N	788	17060306
522.224.047	Jacks Creek	JACKSC	N	793	17060306
522.224.057	Big Canyon Creek Acclimation Facility (Clearwater River)	BCCAP	Y	803	17060306
522.224.057	Big Canyon Creek	BIGCAC	N	803	17060306
522.224.057.005	Little Canyon Creek	LITCAC	N	808	17060306
522.224.065	North Fork Clearwater River	CLWRNF	N	811	17060308
522.224.065	Dworshak National Fish Hatchery	DWOR	Y	811	17060306
522.224.065	Dworshak NFH, release into mainstem Clearwater River	DWORMS	Y	811	17060306

RIVER KM	LOCATION NAME	SITE CODE	I	TOTAL RKM	HYDRO UNIT
522.224.065.000	Dworshak NFH, release into North Fork Clearwater River	DWORNF	Y	811	17060308
522.224.072	Orofino Creek	OROFC	N	818	17060306
522.224.087	Lolo Creek	LOLOC	N	833	17060306
522.224.087.041	Eldorado Creek	ELDORC	N	874	17060306
522.224.120	Middle Fork Clearwater River	CLWRMF	N	866	17060304
522.224.120	South Fork Clearwater River	CLWRSF	N	866	17060305
522.224.120.004	Clear Creek	CLEARC	N	870	17060304
522.224.120.004.001	Kooskia National Fish Hatchery	KOOS	Y	871	17060304
522.224.120.037	Lochsa River	LOCHSA	N	903	17060303
522.224.120.037	Selway River - mouth to Moose Creek (km 0-65)	SELWY1	N	903	17060302
522.224.120.037	Selway River - Moose Creek to headwaters (km 65-147)	SELWY2	N	903	17060301
522.224.120.037	Selway River	SELWYR	N	903	17060302
522.224.120.037.003	Pete King Creek	PETKCC	N	906	17060303
522.224.120.037.012	Canyon Creek	CANYOC	N	915	17060303
522.224.120.037.012	O'Hara Creek	OHARAC	N	915	17060302
522.224.120.037.016	Deadman Creek	DEADMC	N	919	17060303
522.224.120.037.028	Old Man Creek	OLDMAC	N	931	17060303
522.224.120.037.029	Gedney Creek	GEDNEC	N	932	17060302
522.224.120.037.029.005	West Fork Gedney Creek	GEDCWF	N	937	17060302
522.224.120.037.031	Meadow Creek, Selway River	MEADOC	N	934	17060302
522.224.120.037.039	Fish Creek	FISHC	N	942	17060303
522.224.120.037.039.00	Fish Creek Trap	FISTRP	Y	944	17060303

RIVER KM	LOCATION NAME	SITE CODE	I	TOTAL RKM	HYDRO UNIT
2					
522.224.120.037.039.007	Hungery Creek (Lochsa River Basin)	HUNGC	N	949	17060303
522.224.120.037.042	Boulder Creek	BOULDC	N	945	17060303
522.224.120.037.042.001	Boulder Creek Trap	BOUTRP	Y	946	17060303
522.224.120.037.051	Three Links Creek	3LINKC	N	954	17060302
522.224.120.037.051	Mink Creek	MINKC	N	954	17060302
522.224.120.037.065	Moose Creek (Selway River)	MOOS2C	N	968	17060302
522.224.120.037.065.006	North Fork Moose Creek, Selway River	MOOS2N	N	974	17060302
522.224.120.037.081	Bear Creek	BEARC	N	984	17060301
522.224.120.037.082	Post Office Creek	POSTOC	N	985	17060303
522.224.120.037.092	Warm Springs Creek	WARMS C	N	995	17060303
522.224.120.037.096	Squaw Creek	SQUAWC	N	999	17060303
522.224.120.037.105	Papoose Creek	PAPOOC	N	1008	17060303
522.224.120.037.113	Colt Kill Creek - Replaces WHITSC	COLTKC	N	1016	17060303
522.224.120.037.113	Crooked Fork Creek	CROOKC	N	1016	17060303
522.224.120.037.113	Powell Rearing Pond	POWP	Y	1016	17060303
522.224.120.037.113	White Sand Creek - Replaced by COLTKC	WHITSC	N	1016	17060303
522.224.120.037.113.003	Crooked Fork Creek Trap	CFCTRP	Y	1019	17060303
522.224.120.037.113.011	Brushy Fork Creek	BRUSHC	N	1027	17060303
522.224.120.037.113.016	Storm Creek	STORMC	N	1032	17060303

RIVER KM	LOCATION NAME	SITE CODE	I	TOTAL RKM	HYDRO UNIT
522.224.120.037.113.020	Colt Creek	COLTC	N	1036	17060303
522.224.120.037.113.026	Big Flat Creek	BIGFLC	N	1042	17060303
522.224.120.037.253	Running Creek	RUNNIC	N	1156	17060301
522.224.120.037.253.003	Eagle Creek	EAGLEC	N	1159	17060301
522.224.120.037.264	White Cap Creek	WHITCC	N	1167	17060301
522.224.120.052	Mill Creek, SF Clearwater River	MILL2C	N	918	17060305
522.224.120.053	Meadow Creek, South Fork Clearwater	MEAD2C	N	919	17060305
522.224.120.056	Johns Creek	JOHNC	N	922	17060305
522.224.120.069	Twentymile Creek	TWNMIC	N	935	17060305
522.224.120.069.003	Twentymile Creek Trap	TWNMIT	Y	938	17060305
522.224.120.076	Tenmile Creek	TENMIC	N	942	17060305
522.224.120.084	Newsome Creek	NEWSOC	N	950	17060305
522.224.120.094	Crooked River	CROOKR	N	960	17060305
522.224.120.094.001	Crooked River Trap	CROTRP	Y	961	17060305
522.224.120.094.013	Relief Creek	RELIEC	N	973	17060305
522.224.120.094.015	Crooked River Pond	CROOKP	Y	975	17060305
522.224.120.094.018	Five Mile Creek	FIVEMC	N	978	17060305
522.224.120.101	American River	AMERR	N	967	17060305
522.224.120.101	Red River	REDR	N	967	17060305
522.224.120.101.006	Red River Trap	REDTRP	Y	973	17060305
522.224.120.101.027	Red River Rearing Pond	REDP	N	994	17060305
522.224.120.101.028	South Fork Red River	REDRSF	N	995	17060305

RIVER KM	LOCATION NAME	SITE CODE	I	TOTAL RKM	HYDRO UNIT
522.225	Snake Trap	SNKTRP	Y	747	17060103
522.263	Captain John Rapids Acclimation Pond	CJRAP	Y	785	17060103
522.271	Grande Ronde River - mouth to Wallowa River (km 0-131)	GRAND1	N	793	17060106
522.271	Grande Ronde River - Wallowa River to headwaters (km 131-325)	GRAND2	N	793	17060104
522.271	Grande Ronde River (Archaic - replaced with reach-specific definitions)	GRANDR	N	793	170601*
522.271.002	Grande Ronde River Trap	GRNTRP	Y	795	17060106
522.271.046	Cottonwood Acclimation Pond	COTP	Y	839	17060106
522.271.073	Wenaha River	WENR	N	866	17060106
522.271.073.035	North Fork Wenaha River	WENRNF	N	901	17060106
522.271.073.035	South Fork Wenaha River	WENRSF	N	901	17060106
522.271.131	Wallowa River	WALLOR	N	924	17060105
522.271.131.016	Minam River	MINAMR	N	940	17060105
522.271.131.018.001	Big Canyon Facility	BCANF	Y	943	17060105
522.271.131.042	Lostine River	LOSTIR	N	966	17060105
522.271.131.042.001	Lostine River Weir	LOSTIW	Y	967	17060105
522.271.131.042.021	Lostine River Pond	LOSTIP	Y	987	17060105
522.271.131.063.001	Wallowa Hatchery	WALH	Y	988	17060105
522.271.137	Lookingglass Creek	LOOKGC	N	930	17060104
522.271.137.003	Lookingglass Hatchery	LOOH	Y	933	17060104
522.271.232	Catherine Creek	CATHEC	N	1025	17060104
522.271.232.032	Catherine Creek Weir	CATHEW	Y	1057	17060104
522.271.232.044	Little Catherine Creek	LCATHC	N	1069	17060104

RIVER KM	LOCATION NAME	SITE CODE	I	TOTAL RKM	HYDRO UNIT
522.271.232.048	Catherine Creek Pond	CATHEP	Y	1073	17060104
522.271.232.052	North Fork Catherine Creek	CATCNF	N	1077	17060104
522.271.232.052	South Fork Catherine Creek	CATCSF	N	1077	17060104
522.271.232.052.005	Middle Fork Catherine Creek	CATCMF	N	1082	17060104
522.271.307	Grande Ronde River Weir	GRAND W	Y	1100	17060104
522.271.320	Grande Ronde River Pond	GRANDP	Y	1113	17060104
522.303	Salmon River (Archaic - replaced with reach-specific definitions)	SALR	N	825	170602*
522.303	Salmon River - mouth to above French Creek (km 0-171)	SALR1	N	825	17060209
522.303	Salmon River - above French Creek to Middle Fork Salmon River (km 171-319)	SALR2	N	825	17060207
522.303	Salmon River - Middle Fork Salmon River to Pahsimeroi River (km 319-489)	SALR3	N	825	17060203
522.303	Salmon River - Pahsimeroi River to headwaters (km 489-650)	SALR4	N	825	17060201
522.303.086	Whitebird Creek	WBIRDC	N	911	17060209
522.303.103	Salmon Trap	SALTRP	Y	910	17060209
522.303.106	Slate Creek	SLATEC	N	931	17060209
522.303.140	Little Salmon River	LSALR	N	965	17060210
522.303.140.007	Rapid River, Little Salmon River	RAPIDR	N	972	17060210
522.303.140.007.006	Rapid River Hatchery	RAPH	Y	978	17060210
522.303.140.007.007	Rapid River Trap	RPDTRP	Y	979	17060210
522.303.140.007.012	West Fork Rapid River	RAPIWF	N	984	17060210
522.303.140.031	Hazard Creek	HAZARC	N	996	17060210
522.303.140.031.002	Hard Creek	HARDC	N	698	17060210

RIVER KM	LOCATION NAME	SITE CODE	I	TOTAL RKM	HYDRO UNIT
522.303.160	Partridge Creek	PARTRC	N	985	17060209
522.303.169	French Creek	FRENCH	N	994	17060209
522.303.177	Wind River	WINDR	N	1002	17060207
522.303.188	Sheep Creek	SHEEPC	N	1013	17060207
522.303.200	Crooked Creek	CROOC	N	1025	17060207
522.303.215	South Fork Salmon River	SALRSF	N	1040	17060208
522.303.215.000	Lower South Fork Salmon River Trap	LSFTRP	Y	1040	17060208
522.303.215.059	Secesh River	SECESR	N	1099	17060208
522.303.215.059.008	Lick Creek	LICKC	N	1107	17060208
522.303.215.059.045	Lake Creek	LAKEC	N	1144	17060208
522.303.215.060	East Fork South Fork Salmon River	SAEFSF	N	1100	17060208
522.303.215.060.024	Johnson Creek	JOHNSC	N	1124	17060208
522.303.215.060.024.007	Johnson Creek Trap	JOHTRP	Y	1131	17060208
522.303.215.060.024.024	Burnt Log Creek	BURNLC	N	1148	17060208
522.303.215.111	South Fork Salmon River Weir	SALSFW	Y	1151	17060208
522.303.215.112	Knox Bridge	KNOXB	Y	1152	17060208
522.303.215.115	South Fork Salmon River Trap	SFSTRP	Y	1155	17060208
522.303.215.125	Stolle Pond	STOLP	Y	1165	17060208
522.303.223	Jersey Creek	JERSEC	N	1048	17060207
522.303.247	Big Mallard Creek	BIGMAC	N	1072	17060207
522.303.255	Bargamin Creek	BARGAC	N	1080	17060207
522.303.272	Sabe Creek	SABEC	N	1097	17060207
522.303.282	Chamberlain Creek	CHAMBC	N	1107	17060207

RIVER KM	LOCATION NAME	SITE CODE	I	TOTAL RKM	HYDRO UNIT
522.303.282.024	West Fork Chamberlain Creek	CHAMWF	N	1131	17060207
522.303.282.027	Flossie Creek	FLOSSC	N	1134	17060207
522.303.282.031	Moose Creek	MOOSEC	N	1138	17060207
522.303.301	Horse Creek	HORSEC	N	1126	17060207
522.303.319	Middle Fork Salmon River - mouth to Loon Creek (km 0-73)	SALMF1	N	1144	17060206
522.303.319	Middle Fork Salmon River - Loon Creek to headwaters (km 73-170)	SALMF2	N	1144	17060205
522.303.319	Middle Fork Salmon River	SALRMF	N	1144	17060206
522.303.319.029	Big Creek, Middle Fork Salmon River	BIG2C	N	1173	17060206
522.303.319.029.011	Rush Creek, tributary of Big Creek, Middle Fork Salmon River	RUSHC	N	1184	17060206
522.303.319.037	Wilson Creek, Middle Fork Salmon River	WILSOC	N	1181	17060206
522.303.319.049	Sheep Creek, Middle Fork Salmon River	SHEPC	N	1193	17060206
522.303.319.057	Camas Creek, Middle Fork Salmon River	CAMASC	N	1201	17060206
522.303.319.057.007	Yellowjacket Creek, tributary of Camas Creek, Middle Fork Salmon River	YELLJC	N	1208	17060206
522.303.319.073	Loon Creek	LOONC	N	1217	17060205
522.303.319.110	Indian Creek, Middle Fork Salmon River	INDIAC	N	1254	17060205
522.303.319.118	Pistol Creek, Middle Fork Salmon River	PISTOC	N	1262	17060205
522.303.319.124	Rapid River, Middle Fork Salmon River	RAPR	N	1268	17060205
522.303.319.150	Sulphur Creek, Middle Fork Salmon River	SULFUC	N	1294	17060205
522.303.319.154	Boundary Creek	BOUNDC	N	1298	17060205
522.303.319.155	Dagger Creek	DAGGEC	N	1299	17060205
522.303.319.163	Fall Creek	FALLC	N	1307	17060205

RIVER KM	LOCATION NAME	SITE CODE	I	TOTAL RKM	HYDRO UNIT
522.303.319.170	Bear Valley Creek	BEARVC	N	1314	17060205
522.303.319.170	Marsh Creek	MARSHC	N	1314	17060205
522.303.319.170.010	Capehorn Creek	CAPEHC	N	1324	17060205
522.303.319.170.011	Marsh Creek Trap	MARTRP	Y	1325	17060205
522.303.319.170.014	Elk Creek	ELKC	N	1328	17060205
522.303.319.170.015	Knapp Creek	KNAPPC	N	1329	17060205
522.303.338	Panther Creek (Salmon River)	PANTHC	N	1163	17060203
522.303.381	North Fork Salmon River	SALRNF	N	1206	17060203
522.303.416	Lemhi River	LEMHIR	N	1241	17060204
522.303.416.049	Lemhi River Weir	LEMHIW	Y	1290	17060204
522.303.489	Pahsimeroi River	PAHSIR	N	1314	17060202
522.303.489.002	Pahsimeroi Weir	PAHSIW	Y	1316	17060202
522.303.489.002	Pahsimeroi River Trap	PAHTRP	Y	1316	17060202
522.303.489.011	Pahsimeroi Pond	PAHP	N	1325	17060202
522.303.552	East Fork Salmon River	SALREF	N	1377	17060201
522.303.552.014	Herd Creek	HERDC	N	1391	17060201
522.303.552.029	East Fork Salmon River Trap	SALEFT	Y	1406	17060201
522.303.552.030	East Fork Salmon River Weir	SALEFW	Y	1407	17060201
522.303.564.001	Squaw Creek Acclimation Pond	SQUAWP	Y	1390	17060201
522.303.591.011	West Fork Yankee Fork	YANKW F	N	1427	17060201
522.303.609	Stanley (Gage 2945)	STANLE	Y	1434	17060201
522.303.609	Valley Creek	VALEYC	N	1434	17060201
522.303.609.009	Stanley Lake Creek	STANLC	N	1443	17060201

RIVER KM	LOCATION NAME	SITE CODE	I	TOTAL RKM	HYDRO UNIT
522.303.615	Redfish Lake Creek	REDFLC	N	1440	17060201
522.303.615.003	Redfish Lake Creek Trap	RLCTRP	Y	1443	17060201
522.303.615.005	Redfish Lake	REDFL	Y	1445	17060201
522.303.617	Sawtooth Hatchery	SAWT	Y	1442	17060201
522.303.617	Sawtooth Trap	SAWTRP	Y	1442	17060201
522.303.621	Gold Creek	GOLDC	N	1446	17060201
522.303.622	Williams Creek	WILLIC	N	1447	17060201
522.303.624	Huckleberry Creek	HUCKLC	N	1449	17060201
522.303.624.001	Decker Creek	DECKEC	N	1450	17060201
522.303.628	Fisher Creek	FISHEC	N	1453	17060201
522.303.630	Fourth of July Creek	4JULYC	N	1455	17060201
522.303.631	Champion Creek	CHAMPC	N	1456	17060201
522.303.631	Hell Roaring Creek	HELLRC	N	1456	17060201
522.303.631	Mays Creek	MAYSC	N	1456	17060201
522.303.633	Alturas Lake Creek	ALTULC	N	1458	17060201
522.303.633.001	Yellowbelly Lake Creek	YELLLC	N	1459	17060201
522.303.633.002	Pettit Lake Creek	PETTLC	N	1460	17060201
522.303.633.002.002	Pettit Lake	PETTL	Y	1462	17060201
522.303.633.003	Vat Creek	VATC	N	1461	17060201
522.303.633.011	Alturas Lake	ALTURL	Y	1469	17060201
522.303.642	Beaver Creek	BEAVEC	N	1467	17060201
522.303.642	Pole Creek	POLEC	N	1467	17060201
522.303.644	Smiley Creek	SMILEC	N	1469	17060201
522.303.647	Frenchman Creek	FRENCC	N	1472	17060201

RIVER KM	LOCATION NAME	SITE CODE	I	TOTAL RKM	HYDRO UNIT
522.308	Imnaha River	IMNAHR	N	830	17060102
522.308.007	Imnaha Trap	IMNTRP	Y	837	17060102
522.308.008	Lightning Creek - Imnaha River	LITNGC	N	838	17060102
522.308.032	Big Sheep Creek	BSHEEC	N	862	17060102
522.308.032.005.008	Little Sheep Facility	LSHEEF	Y	875	17060102
522.308.074	Imnaha River Weir	IMNAHW	Y	904	17060102
522.346	Pittsburg Landing Acclimation Facility	PLAP	Y	868	17060101
539	Van Giessen Bridge	VGISNB	Y	539	17030003
539	Yakima River - mouth to Naches River (km 0-187)	YAKIM1	N	539	17030003
539	Yakima River - Naches River to headwaters (km 187-345)	YAKIM2	N	539	17030001
539	Yakima River (Archaic - replaced with reach-specific definitions)	YAKIMR	N	539	170300*
539.076	Chandler Canal	CHANDL	N	615	17030003
539.076	Prosser Dam	PROSRD	Y	615	17030003
539.076	Prosser Trap	PROTRP	Y	617	17030003
539.112	Satus Creek, Yakima River	SATUSC	N	651	17030003
539.130	Toppenish Creek	TOPPEC	N	669	17030003
539.167	Sunnyside Canal	SSIDEC	N	706	17030003
539.167.001	Sunnyside Screen	SSIDES	Y	707	17030003
539.171	Wapato Canal	WAPATC	N	710	17030003
539.172	Ahtanum Creek, Yakima River	AHTANC	N	711	17030003
539.172	Wapato Dam	WAPATD	Y	711	17030003
539.172.001	Wapato Screen	WAPATS	Y	712	17030003

RIVER KM	LOCATION NAME	SITE CODE	I	TOTAL RKM	HYDRO UNIT
539.187	Natches River	NATCHR	N	726	17030002
539.187.028	Wopatox Dam	WOPTXD	Y	754	17030002
539.206	Rosa Dam	ROSAD	Y	745	17030001
539.270	Clark Flat Acclimation Pond	CLARFP	Y	809	17030001
539.284.017.009	Jack Creek Acclimation Pond	JACKCP	Y	849	17030001
539.293	Cle Elum Hatchery	CLEE	Y	832	17030001
539.299	Cle Elum River	CLELMR	N	838	17030001
539.299.004	Wishpoosh Creek, Cle Elum River	WPOOSH	N	842	17030001
539.299.013	Cle Elum Dam	CLELMD	Y	851	17030001
539.325	Easton Acclimation Pond	EASTOP	Y	864	17030001
545	Richland Island, Columbia River	RICHIS	Y	545	17020016
549	Island 18, Columbia River	IS18	Y	549	17020016
567	Ringold Hatchery	RINH	Y	567	17020016
639	Priest Rapids Hatchery	PRDH	Y	639	17020016
677	I-90 bridge over Columbia River upstream of Wannapum Dam	I-90B	Y	677	17020010
754	Wenatchee River	WENATR	N	754	17020011
754.010	Wenatchee River Trap at West Monitor Bridge	WENATT	Y	764	17020011
754.026	Dryden Acclimation Pond	DRYP	Y	780	17020011
754.029	Peshastin River	PESHAR	N	783	17020011
754.041	Icicle Creek	ICICLC	N	795	17020011
754.041.005	Leavenworth National Fish Hatchery	LEAV	Y	800	17020011
754.077	Chiwawa River	CHIWAR	N	831	17020011
754.077.002	Chiwawa Rearing Pond	CHIP	Y	833	17020011

RIVER KM	LOCATION NAME	SITE CODE	I	TOTAL RKM	HYDRO UNIT
754.077.002	Chiwawa River Trap, 0.5 km below CHIP acclimation pond	CHIWAT	Y	833	17020011
754.089	Nason Creek (tributary to Wenatchee River)	NASONC	N	843	17020011
765	Turtle Rock Pond	TURO	Y	765	17020010
778	Entiat River	ENTIAR	N	778	17020010
778.017	Entiat NFH	ENTH	Y	795	17020010
830	Wells Hatchery	WELH	Y	830	17020005
843	Methow River	METHR	N	843	17020008
843.058	Carlton Acclimation Pond	CARP	Y	902	17020008
843.066	Twisp River	TWISPR	N	909	17020008
843.066.002	Twisp Acclimation Pond (Methow Salmon Recovery Foundation)	TWIS2P	Y	911	17020008
843.066.008	Twisp Acclimation Pond (WDFW)	TWISPP	Y	917	17020008
843.080	Chewuch River	CHEWUR	N	923	17020008
843.080.010	Chewuch Acclimation Pond (WDFW)	CHEWUP	Y	933	17020008
843.081	Winthrop National Fish Hatchery	WINT	Y	924	17020008
843.085	Methow Hatchery	METH	Y	928	17020008
858	Okanogan River	OKANR	N	858	17020006
858.055	Salmon Creek (tributary to Okanogan River)	SALMOC	N	913	17020006
858.064	Omak Creek (tributary to Okanogan River)	OMAKC	N	922	17020006
858.119	Similkameen River	SIMILR	N	977	17020007
858.119.008	Similkameen Acclimation Pond (replaces archaic SIMP)	SIMILP	Y	985	17020007
858.130	Osoyoos Lake	OSOL	Y	988	17020006

RIVER KM	LOCATION NAME	SITE CODE	I	TOTAL RKM	HYDRO UNIT
941.121.008	Similkameen Pond (Archaic - Replaced by SIMILP)	SIMP	N	1070	17020007
---	Potholes Reservoir, Grant County, Washington	POTHOL	Y	0	17020015
~~~	Ocean Recovery	OCEAN	Y	0	N/A

## Intra-Dam Release Site Codes

These codes are appended as a suffix to the three-character dam site code and provide a specific location for release at, above, or below hydroelectric facilities. For example, a release into the gate-wells at Lower Granite Dam would be coded as LGRGWL. The use of Intra-Dam Release Site Codes has been required since 12/31/99.

SITE	LOCATION NAME
BPS	Release into the PIT-Tag Diversion System between the Diversion Gate and the furthest downstream PIT-Tag Detector
BYP	Release into the Facility Bypass Flume/Pipe
COL	Release into the Collection Channel upstream of the Dewatering Facility
DTG	Release into the Collection Flume/Pipe between the Dewatering Facility and the Collection/Bypass Gate
DWT	Release into the Dewatering Facility
FBY	Release into the Forebay within 0.5 km upstream of Dam
GAT	Release into Flume between Separator Exit and the Primary PIT-Tag Diversion Gate
GWL	Release into Gatewell(s)
ICE	Release into the Ice/Trash Sluiceway
MRT	Mortality Recovery
OFL	Release into the PIT-Tag Diversion System downstream of the Last PIT-Tag Detector
ORI	Release into Orifice(s)
RBR	Release below the PIT-Tag Diversion System Gate with subsequent Barge Transportation from the Facility
RRR	Release below the PIT-Tag Diversion System Gate with subsequent Return to the River at the Facility
RTR	Release below the PIT-Tag Diversion System Gate with subsequent Truck Transportation from the Facility

RXR	Release below the PIT-Tag Diversion System Gate with subsequent Transportation from the Facility
SEP	Release into the Flume downstream of the Collection/Bypass Gate or into the Separator
SPF	Release into the Forebay within 0.5 km upstream of Spillway
SPL	Release directly into Spill Bay(s)
SPT	Release into the Tailrace within 0.5 km downstream of Spillway
SRR	Release into the Separator Return Flume/Pipe with Direct Return to the River
STS	Release onto the Submerged Traveling Screen
TAL	Release into the Tailrace within 0.5 km downstream of Dam
TRB	Release into Turbine(s)

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## **PIT Tag Steering Committee Members, 2003**

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# V. Glossary of Terms

## **ASSOCIATED MARKS**

A field in the (archaic) Release Information File used to record identifying marks, other than PIT tags, associated with a group of fish being released, (*e.g.*, freeze brands, fin clips, coded wire tags, or VI tags).

## **BROOD YEAR**

A field in a Tagging File used, as needed, to record the last two digits of the year a hatchery stock was spawned.

## **CAPTURE METHOD**

A field in a Tagging File used to record the method used to collect fish.

## **CHECKSUM**

An (archaic) field in a Tagging File detail record used to record a two-character hexadecimal value that confirms the validity of a 400 kHz PIT tag.

## **COLLECTION SITE**

A field in the (archaic) Mortality File used to record the six-character code of the denoting the point of collection. Obsolete.

## **COIL**

A loop antenna, made from a coil of wire, which transmits a signal that excites a PIT tag, and then receives a return signal from the PIT tag. Coils or loops are found in all interrogation equipment, from tabletop detectors to automatic interrogation systems.

## **COIL ID**

The unique identifier associated with each coil of automatic interrogation systems.

## **CONDITIONAL COMMENT**

A field in a Tagging File detail record used to record coded references to fish condition, and other key criteria. The PTAGIS Data System will not accept data files containing unrecognized Conditional Comments.

## **COORDINATOR ID**

A field in Tagging Files used to record the (generally) three-character initials of the Coordinator. The Coordinator is responsible for the marking or recovery operation utilizing the PIT tags, and for responding to queries from other entities regarding those operations. Coordinators are **not** necessarily directly involved in data collection.

## **CREATION DATE**

A field in the (archaic) Mortality File used to record the date the file was created, and used as the default date of observed mortality. Obsolete. The **TAG DATE** field in the general-purpose TAGGING FILE serves the same purpose when referencing detail records denoting mortality events.



**DETECTOR**

A colloquial term used to describe one or more coil assemblies used to interrogate PIT-tagged fish.

**DIVERSION GATE**

A mechanical gate (such as a rotating- or slide-gate) used to selectively route or segregate fish.

**EPA-REACH**

See USGS HYDROLOGIC UNIT.

**FILE TITLE**

The file ID or name given to a PIT tag data file. Each File Title must be unique from all others in the Columbia River Basin and therefore it is very important to follow the formats described in the PIT tag Specification Document for each individual file type. Files containing computer-generated File Title declarations cannot be renamed without also editing the declaration within the file.

**FILE TYPE RECORD**

This record is present in Tagging and Interrogation files. It designates the format, content, and function of PIT tag data files.

**FIXED REFERENCE TAG**

A tag having a unique code and an internal clock that is permanently connected inside of a PIT tag monitor; used to test the performance of individual coils. It receives power from the excitation coil and automatically transmits its code at a regular interval. Also known as a "Timer Tag."

**FLAG CODE**

See Conditional Comment.

**FORK LENGTH**

A field in a Tagging File detail record used to record the length of a fish from the tip of the snout to the fork of the tail, recorded in millimeters.

**GIS HYDRO UNIT**

See USGS HYDROLOGIC UNIT.

**HATCHERY SITE**

A field in a Tagging File used, as needed, to record a four-character abbreviation of the hatchery at which the fish were reared.

**HEADER RECORD**

A record found at the beginning of a Tagging File describing parameters global to the detail records in the file.

**INTERROGATION FILE**

A data file of passive PIT tag detections, created with the MiniMon.exe or MultiMon.exe software programs, and containing (at a minimum) the PIT tag codes, dates and times of interrogation, and the coil IDs on which the tags were interrogated.

## **ISO**

International Standards Organization.

## **ISO 11784 / 11785**

These are the international standards related to the Radio Frequency ID technology used in PIT tags. 11784 defines the 128 bits of the tag telegram message, also referred to as the datagram. 11785 defines the technical parameters of the tag. For example, the ISO tag activation frequency is 134.2 kHz.

## **MAIN SITE**

For the purpose of PTAGIS database reports, specific interrogation sites are classified as a "Main" site. Special database processing occurs for sites that are classified as "Main" sites. Specifically, the first interrogation of a PIT tag at a "Main" site will create an "obs_main" record in the database. Subsequent interrogations of this PIT tag record at other "Main" sites will not generate further obs_main records.

## **MIGRATION YEAR**

A field in a Tagging File used to record the last two digits of the earliest calendar year when fish are expected to smolt and out-migrate to the ocean. In the case of adults and/or recaptured fish, this value will generally reference the current year.

## **MINIMON.EXE**

A software program that provides automated data entry of PIT tag passive interrogation data.

## **MONITOR**

A group of detectors around the same pipe or flume within the same or adjoining shielding boxes, with no gates between them; a set of PIT tag detectors within one shielded unit.

## **MORTALITY**

A PIT tag that is recovered with or without the host animal, subsequent to the tagged release of the animal. See "Mortality Events" in Section III.2: Conditional Comments.

## **MORTALITY FILE**

An obsolete data file input format originally used to report PIT tag mortality events. These events are now recorded and reported to PTAGIS using the standard Tagging File format.

## **MULTIMON.EXE**

A software program that provides automated data entry of PIT tag passive interrogation data. In addition, the MULTIMON.EXE program provides logical control for the operation of fish diversion gates, and includes a "Separation by Code" (SbyC) capability that permits the identification and segregation of individual PIT-tagged fish based on each tag's unique hexadecimal code.

## **NOTE RECORD**

A comment section in a Tagging File. Depending on the context in which they are recorded and used, note records can pertain to a group of fish or to an individual fish. Note records are not processed by, or incorporated into the PTAGIS database.

## **OBSERVATION**

A colloquial name for an interrogation event recorded in an Interrogation File.

## **ORGANIZATION**

A field in Tagging Files used to record the code for the entity responsible for data collection.

## **P3.EXE**

A 32-bit Windows™ data entry software program used to record tagging, recapture, and mortality events. PITTAG2.EXE also integrates real-time, context-sensitive, data validation, and complete support for ISO-compatible 134.2 kHz PIT tag codes. Replaces the PITTAG2.EXE program.

## **PASS-THROUGH REFERENCE TAG**

A PIT tag embedded in a wooden block and passed through an interrogation system to determine coil, interrogation unit, and system reading efficiencies. Also called STICK TAGS.

## **PIT (Passive Integrated Transponder) TAG**

A computer chip attached to a wire antenna and encapsulated in a biologically inert glass capsule. The tag is excited when it is passed through the electromagnetic field of a detector and the Tag ID encoded on the computer chip is transmitted to the detector.

## **PITTAG2.EXE**

A 32-bit Windows™ data entry software program used to record tagging, recapture, and mortality events. PITTAG2.EXE also integrates real-time, context-sensitive, data validation, and complete support for ISO-compatible 134.2 kHz PIT tag codes. Replaced by the **P3.EXE** program.

## **PIT TAG DIVERSION GATE**

Any mechanical device used to route or divert PIT-tagged fish. The gate is activated by a Programmable Logic Controller (PLC) attached to a PIT tag detector.

## **PIT TAG INTERROGATION SYSTEM**

All of the equipment related to exciting, detecting, and on-site recording of PIT tags.

## **PIT TAG STEERING COMMITTEE (PTSC)**

A subcommittee of the Fish Passage Advisory Committee of the Columbia Basin Fish and Wildlife Authority. The Committee is made up of technical representatives of the Basin's fisheries agencies and tribes. The Committee's function is to provide guidance in the development of tagging methodologies and data standards and to serve as a technical forum for the operation of PTAGIS and the PIT tag data collection and data distribution system.

## **PIT CODE**

A unique 10- or 14-character hexadecimal code recorded on the computer chip in the PIT tag. PTAGIS applications refer to this value as the Tag ID.

## **POSITIONAL COMMENT**

A field in a Tagging File detail record used to record specific, pre-formatted codes pertaining to an individual fish. Currently there are predefined values and formats for Species, Run, Rearing Type, and Release Time Variable codes. Individual researchers can designate their own additional positional comments for their own use, but they will not be stored in the PTAGIS data system.

## **POST TAGGING TEMP**

A field in a Tagging File used to record the water temperature (C°) in a pond or raceway when fish are held for an extended period of time prior to release. This variable should be left blank if the fish are released immediately.

## **PTAGIS**

The PIT Tag Information System. This is the central repository of all the information generated by the PIT tag System of the Columbia River Basin. PTAGIS is managed by the Pacific States Marine Fisheries Commission and funded by the Bonneville Power Administration.

## **PTOC**

The PIT tag Operations Center. This term is redundant with PTAGIS. It refers to the operational aspects of the Columbia Basin PIT Tag Information System (PTAGIS) project. This acronym is from the Charter agreement for the PIT Tag Steering Committee between the Columbia Basin Fish and Wildlife Authority and the Pacific States Marine Fisheries Commission. According to the Charter, PTOC administers the PTAGIS database, operates and maintains all detection equipment at the main-stem Columbia and Snake river dams, and creates and updates data collection software for the Columbia River Basin PIT tag System – this is by definition the PTAGIS project.

## **RACEWAY/TRANSECT**

This refers to a field in a Tagging File used, as needed, to record the raceway or transect number or designation used to identify the group of PIT-tagged fish.

## **REARING TYPE**

A one-character code within the Positional Comments section of a Tagging File detail record used to indicate the rearing status (hatchery, wild, or unknown) of a fish.

## **RECAPTURE**

A PIT-tagged fish that is handled subsequent to the release event. A recaptured fish must be designated with the "RE" flag code.

## **RECOVERY ORGANIZATION**

A field in the (archaic) Mortality File used to record the code of the agency or organization responsible for the collection and reporting of mortality data. Obsolete. The **ORGANIZATION** field in the general-purpose TAGGING FILE serves the same purpose when referencing detail records denoting mortality events.

## **RELEASE DATE**

A field in a Tagging File used to record the date that fish are released to a river or stream, after being PIT-tagged, to rear or out-migrate naturally.

## **RELEASE RIVER KM**

A field in a Tagging File used to record the location of release, in river kilometers. This is a hierarchical coding scheme from the mouth of the Columbia River to the release site (up to 7th order streams for point release sites) with each tributary delimited with a period. For example, the Release River KM for Lower Granite Dam of 522.173 reflects a distance of 522 km from the mouth of the Columbia River to the mouth of the Snake River, and 173 km from the mouth of the Snake River to Lower Granite Dam.

## **RELEASE INFORMATION FILE**

The (archaic) Release Information File consisted of information about a Tagging File or files that was not available at the time of tagging. Obsolete. Release information is now incorporated directly into the TAGGING FILE

**RELEASE SITE**

A field in a Tagging File containing the site or body of water that PIT-tagged fish are released into.

**RELEASE WATER TEMP**

A field in a Tagging File containing the temperature (C°) of the body of water that PIT-tagged fish are released into to rear naturally or migrate downstream.

**RIVER REACH**

See USGS HYDROLOGIC UNIT.

**RUN**

A one-digit code within the Positional Comments section of a Tagging File detail record used to indicate the season the adult fish return from saltwater (*e.g.*, spring chinook, summer steelhead, etc.).

**SEQUENCE NUMBER**

A field in a Tagging File detail record containing a sequential number, from 1 to 9999, that individually identifies each Tag Detail record within a Tagging File.

**SESSION MESSAGE**

A field in a Tagging File used to summarize the purpose and function of the data set.

**SPECIES**

A one-digit code within the Positional Comments section of a Tagging File detail record used to indicate the species of the fish being tagged.

**STICK TAG**

See PASS-THROUGH REFERENCE TAG.

**STOCK**

A field in a Tagging File used, as needed, to record a brief descriptor of the brood stock, such as "Rapid River" or "Wells".

**SWING GATE**

A gate positioned in a flume where that flume splits into two. The gate selects one of the two by blocking the other and changes by swinging across the original flume.

**TAG DATE**

A field in a Tagging File used to record the date the fish were tagged or recovered. The PITTAG2.EXE and P3.EXE software programs default to the current date and time.

**TAG DETAIL RECORD**

That portion of a Tagging File containing the PIT code, length, weight, species, race, rearing type, and any comments associated with each individual tagged fish.

## **TAG SITE**

A field in a Tagging File used to record the code (four to six characters) representing the geographic location of the tagging or recovery operation.

## **TAGGER**

This field in a Tagging File can be used to record the last name and initial of the first name of the primary person doing the tag injection for that specific file. It is also conventionally used to record the name of the project supervisor.

## **TAGGING FILE**

A data file containing information pertaining to the original marking and release, recapture, or mortality of PIT-tagged fish.

## **TAGGING METHOD**

A field in a Tagging File used to record the method of injecting tags into fish. If the data file contains only recapture or mortality information, the Tagging Method is denoted as "NONE."

## **TAGGING TEMP**

The temperature (C°) of the tagging bath during the marking operation.

## **TEST TAG**

A special tag (*e.g.*, "Stick Tag" or "Fixed Reference Tag") registered by PTOC and used to test interrogation efficiency.

## **TEXTUAL COMMENT**

A field in a Tagging File detail record containing an *ad hoc* text descriptor pertaining to an individual fish.

## **TIMER TAG**

See FIXED REFERENCE TAG.

## **TRANSPORTATION DURATION**

A field in the (archaic) Release Information file used to report the duration of time from loading of fish onto the transport vehicle until they are released into the stream. Obsolete.

## **TRANSPORTATION TYPE**

A field in the (archaic) Release Information file used to report the method of transport to the release site. Obsolete.

## **USGS HYDROLOGIC UNIT**

An eight-digit code representing the primary through quaternary classifications of geographic mapping in the United States.

## **VARIABLE RELEASE TIME**

A method of assigning multiple Release Dates (and times) to groups of fish within a Tagging File. If groups of fish within a Tagging File are being tagged and released to a stream independently of other groups within the same Tagging File then release date and times must be recorded for each group of fish. This is done with the Release Time Variable, which is a Positional Comment value ranging from 00 to 99. There must be a corresponding Variable Release Time declaration in the Tagging File to define each unique Release Time Variable referenced in the Tag Detail section.

**WEIGHT**

A field in a Tagging File used to report the weight of the fish, recorded in tenths of grams.

# Appendix A. Hydrologic Unit Codes

Adapted from Seaber, P.R., Kapinos, F.P., and Knapp, G.L., 1987, Hydrologic Unit Maps: U.S. Geological Survey Water-Supply Paper 2294, 63 p.

## ***A1. Classification System***

The United States was divided and sub-divided into successively smaller hydrologic units which were classified into four levels: regions, sub-regions, accounting units, and cataloging units. The hydrologic units are arranged within each other, from the smallest (cataloging units) to the largest (regions). Each hydrologic unit is identified by a unique hydrologic unit code (HUC) consisting of two to eight digits based on the four levels of classification in the hydrologic unit system.

The first level of classification divides the Nation into 21 major geographic area, or regions. These geographic areas (hydrologic areas based on surface topography) contain either the drainage area of a major river, such as the Missouri region, or the combined drainage areas of a series of rivers, such as the Texas-Gulf region, which includes a number of rivers draining into the Gulf of Mexico.

The second level of classification divides the 21 regions into 222 sub-regions. A sub-region includes the area drained by a river system, a reach of a river and its tributaries in that reach, a closed basin(s), or a group of streams forming a coastal drainage area.

The third level of classification subdivides many of the sub- regions into accounting units.

The fourth level of classification is the cataloging unit, the smallest element in the hierarchy of hydrologic units. A cataloging unit is a geographic area representing part or all of a surface drainage basin, a combination of basins, or a distinct hydrologic feature.



## ***A2. Explanation of Hydrologic Unit Codes***

An eight-digit code uniquely identifies each of the four levels of classification within four two-digit fields. The first two digits identify the water-resources region; the first four digits identify the sub-region; the first six digits identify the accounting unit, and the addition of two more digits for the cataloging unit completes the eight-digit code. An example is given here using hydrologic unit code (HUC) 01080204:

01 - the region

0108 - the sub-region

010802 - the accounting unit

01080204 - the cataloging unit

An 00 in the two-digit accounting unit field indicates that the accounting unit and the sub-region are the same. Likewise, if the cataloging unit field is 00, it is the same as the accounting unit.

## ***A3. Hydrologic Unit Names***

In addition to hydrologic unit codes, each hydrologic unit has been assigned a name corresponding to the principal hydrologic feature(s) within the unit. In the absence of such features, the assigned name may reflect a cultural or political feature within the unit. All regions and sub-regions are uniquely named; however, the accounting units are uniquely named only within each region, and the cataloging units are uniquely named only within each accounting unit. Duplication of some names at the cataloging unit level is unavoidable because a large number of streams found throughout the Nation share the same names.

#### **A4. List of Hydrologic Unit Codes**

These codes cover anadromous salmonid habitat above Bonneville Dam.

<b>Sub- region</b>	<b>Accounting Unit</b>	<b>Cataloging Unit</b>	<b>Name</b>	<b>Area (sq. mi.)</b>
<b>1702</b>	<b>Upper Columbia: The Columbia River Basin within the United States above the confluence with the Snake River Basin, excluding the Yakima River Basin. Washington.</b>			<b>22600</b>
170200	Upper Columbia. Washington			22600
	17020001	Franklin D. Roosevelt Lake.	Washington	2170
	17020002	Kettle.	Washington	966
	17020003	Colville.	Washington	1030
	17020004	Sanpoil.	Washington	1080
	17020005	Chief Joseph.	Washington	1390
	17020006	Okanogan.	Washington	1640
	17020007	Similkameen.	Washington	671
	17020008	Methow.	Washington	1820
	17020009	Lake Chelan.	Washington	955
	17020010	Upper Columbia-Entiat.	Washington	1520
	17020011	Wenatchee.	Washington	1350
	17020012	Moses Coulee.	Washington	926
	17020013	Upper Crab.	Washington	1860
	17020014	Banks Lake.	Washington	609
	17020015	Lower Crab.	Washington	2510
	17020016	Upper Columbia-Priest Rapids.	Washington	2070

Sub-region	Accounting Unit	Cataloging Unit	Name	Area (sq. mi.)
<b>1703</b>	<b>Yakima. The Yakima River Basin. Washington.</b>			<b>6210</b>
	170300		Yakima. Washington	6210
		17030001	Upper Yakima. Washington	2130
		17030002	Naches. Washington	1130
		17030003	Lower Yakima, Washington	2950
<b>1706</b>	<b>Lower Snake: The Snake River Basin below Hells Canyon Dam to its confluence with the Columbia River. Idaho, Oregon, Washington</b>			<b>35200</b>
	170601		Lower Snake: The Snake River Basin below Hells Canyon Dam to its confluence with the Columbia River, excluding the Salmon and Clearwater River Basins. Idaho, Oregon, Washington.	11800
		17060101	Hells Canyon. Idaho, Oregon	545
		17060102	Imnaha. Oregon	855
		17060103	Lower Snake-Asotin. Idaho, Oregon, Washington	711
		17060104	Upper Grande Ronde. Oregon	1650
		17060105	Wallowa. Oregon	950
		17060106	Lower Grande Ronde. Oregon, Washington	1530
		17060107	Lower Snake-Tucannon. Washington	1480
		17060108	Palouse. Idaho, Washington	2360
		17060109	Rock. Idaho, Washington.	962
		17060110	Lower Snake. Washington	731

<b>Sub- region</b>	<b>Accounting Unit</b>	<b>Cataloging Unit</b>	<b>Name</b>	<b>Area (sq. mi.)</b>
	170602		Salmon: The Salmon River Basin. Idaho.	14000
		17060201	Upper Salmon. Idaho	2410
		17060202	Pahsimeroi. Idaho	825
		17060203	Middle Salmon-Panther. Idaho	1810
		17060204	Lemhi. Idaho	1270
		17060205	Upper Middle Fork Salmon. Idaho	1490
		17060206	Lower Middle Fork Salmon. Idaho	1370
		17060207	Middle Salmon-Chamberlain. Idaho	1700
		17060208	South Fork Salmon. Idaho	1310
		17060209	Lower Salmon. Idaho	1240
		17060210	Little Salmon. Idaho	582
	170603		Clearwater: The Clearwater River Basin. Idaho, Washington	9420
		17060301	Upper Selway. Idaho	997
		17060302	Lower Selway. Idaho	1030
		17060303	Lochsa. Idaho	1180
		17060304	Middle Fork Clearwater. Idaho	213
		17060305	South Fork Clearwater. Idaho	1170
		17060306	Clearwater. Idaho, Washington	2340
		17060307	Upper North Fork Clearwater. Idaho	1320
		17060308	Lower North Fork Clearwater. Idaho	1170

Sub-region	Accounting Unit	Cataloging Unit	Name	Area (sq. mi.)
<b>1707</b>	<b>Middle Columbia: The Columbia River Basin below the confluence with the Snake River Basin to Bonneville Dam. Oregon, Washington.</b>			<b>29800</b>
	170701		Middle Columbia: The Columbia River Basin below the confluence with the Snake River Basin to Bonneville Dam, excluding the Deschutes and John Day River Basins. Oregon, Washington.	11200
		17070101	Middle Columbia-Lake Wallula. Oregon, Washington	2550
		17070102	Walla Walla. Oregon, Washington	1750
		17070103	Umatilla. Oregon	2540
		17070104	Willow. Oregon	881
		17070105	Middle Columbia-Hood. Oregon, Washington	2170
		17070106	Klickitat. Washington	1330
	170702		John Day: The John Day River Basin. Oregon	7910
		17070201	Upper John Day. Oregon	2130
		17070202	North Fork John Day. Oregon	1830
		17070203	Middle Fork John Day. Oregon	785
		17070204	Lower John Day. Oregon	3160
	170703		Deschutes: The Deschutes River Basin. Oregon	10700
		17070301	Upper Deschutes. Oregon	2140
		17070302	Little Deschutes. Oregon	1020
		17070303	Beaver-South Fork. Oregon	1530
		17070304	Upper Crooked. Oregon.	1150

<b>Sub- region</b>	<b>Accounting Unit</b>	<b>Cataloging Unit</b>	<b>Name</b>	<b>Area (sq. mi.)</b>
		17070305	Lower Crooked. Oregon	1840
		17070306	Lower Deschutes. Oregon	2300
		17070307	Trout. Oregon	695

# Appendix B. Monitor Naming Standards

## ***B1. Naming Standard for PIT Tag Monitors at Juvenile Fish Facilities***

Begin at the first monitor(s) the fish encounter upon entering the facility (generally, this will be at the debris and size separator). To name each monitor, take the first of the following that applies to the monitor's location within the plumbing.

1. If the monitor comes directly from the separator, such that all fish leaving the separator through that flume pass through that monitor (with no intervening gates or splits), name it "SEPARATOR".
2. If the monitor is not in the PIT Tag diversion system, but leads to any one of the following (trace the pipes and flumes downstream of the monitor), name the monitor after what it goes to:

RACEWAY Raceway(s): If a particular set, append that set's name.

RIVER Back to the river

TRUCK Truck loading

BARGE Barge loading

TRANSPORT Either truck or barge loading

EXIT Back to the river, or truck or barge loading

If one term completely describes the monitor's location, use it. Otherwise, use all necessary terms to describe the monitor (*e.g.*, RACEWAY/EXIT).

3. If the monitor is located between the Corps sample gate and the sample holding tank (the monitor may be before or after the sample head box), name it "SUBSAMPLE".
4. If the monitor is between the Corps sample holding tank and the lab, name it "SAMPLE ROOM".
5. If the monitor is the first monitor encountered after a PIT Tag diversion gate, name it "DIVERSION".
6. If the monitor is in the PIT Tag diversion system, but is not the first monitor encountered, call it "DIVERSION" plus the applicable term(s) from item 2 above (*e.g.*, "DIVERSION EXIT").

Some of these naming conventions will be modified based on certain design features if the facility:

1. If there are two parallel paths through part or all of the facility, beginning with the separator, add the prefix "A" or "B" to each monitor in the parallel portion; "A" will be the first encountered by the flow through the separator; and "B" the second (such as "A SEPARATOR", "B TRANSPORT"). If there are more than two parallel paths, continue with "C" and "D", etc. as prefixes. Only use these prefixes for as long as the paths are parallel from the separator.
2. If there are two parallel paths through part of the facility, but they diverge from a point other than the separator, include the suffix "1" or "2" to each monitor in the parallel portion; "1" will be the first encountered by the flow into the parallel sections, "2" the



second (*e.g.*, "DIVERSION 1", "DIVERSION 2"). If there are more than two parallel paths, continue with "3", "4", etc. Only use these suffixes for as long as the paths are parallel.

3. If the monitor controls a diversion gate, suffix "GATE" to the monitor. NOTE: If there are several coils in line, some controlling a diversion gate and others not, those that control the gate should be designated as a separate monitor from the others.

4. Abbreviations may be used to shorten the name of a monitor, providing the abbreviations are commonly known (*e.g.*, "E" for "EAST") and do not create a situation where two monitors have the same name.

## ***B2. Naming Standard Example***

At Little Goose, there are 10 monitors. The first four coming from the separator are two 2-coil units that control the diversion gates and an additional 2-coil unit in line with each of the first. These are parallel; two are gate controllers. They are called "A SEPARATOR", "A SEPARATOR GATE", "B SEPARATOR", and "B SEPARATOR GATE".

Continuing down the undiverted path, each side has a monitor just after the Corps sample gates. The flow from these monitors can be sent to the raceways, truck loading, barge loading, or to the river. Since they are still parallel; these monitors are called "A RACEWAY/EXIT" and "B RACEWAY/EXIT".

Going down the diversion system, the flumes which carry the fish from the diversion gates lead to separate head boxes, then down separate pipes with monitors to holding tanks. Since these are also parallel, they are called "A DIVERSION" and "B DIVERSION".

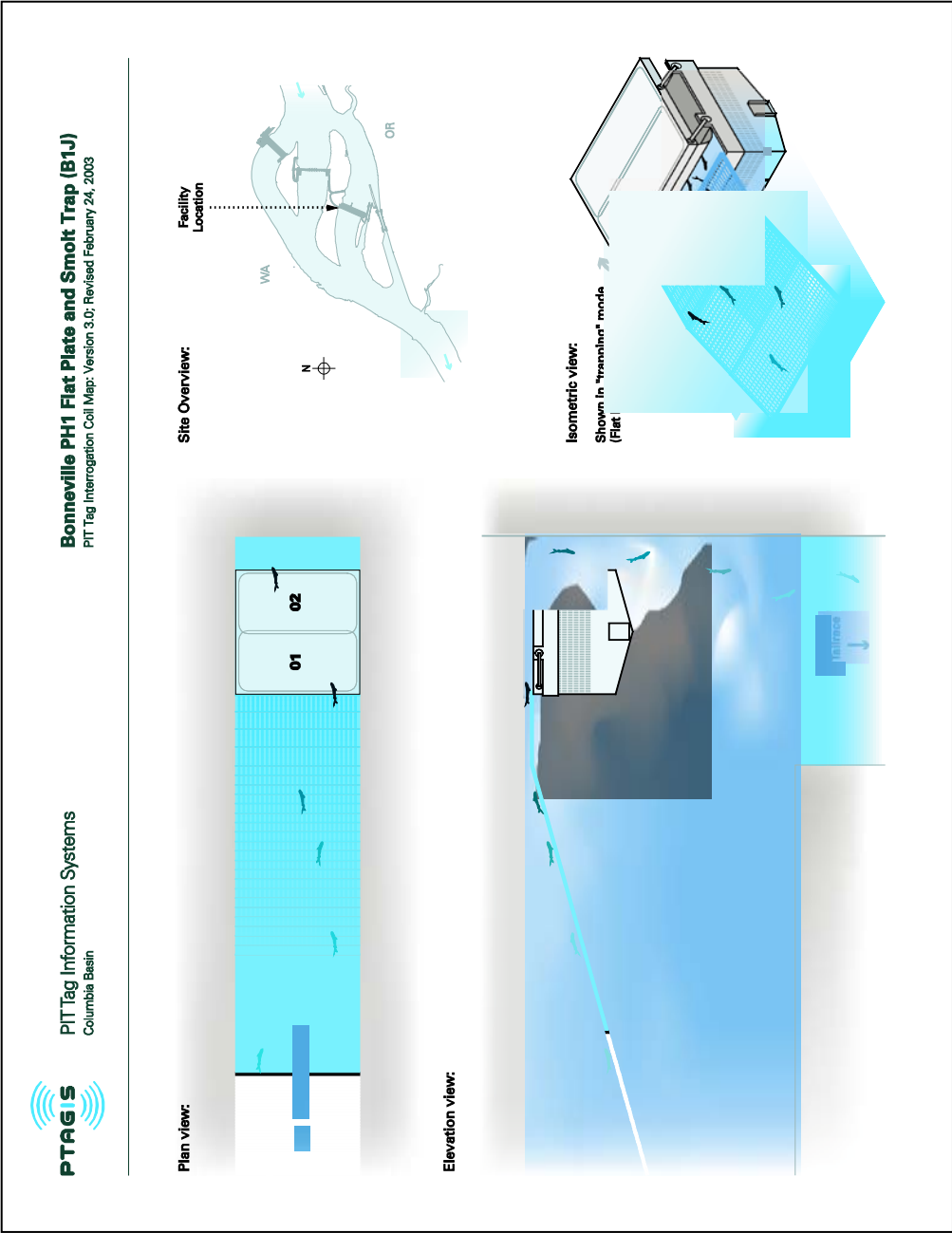
There is one more monitor in the diversion system; this one leads to truck loading, barge loading, or to the river. The two sides come together before this monitor; therefore it is called "DIVERSION/EXIT".

The last monitor is in the Corps Sample; it leads into the lab, after the holding tank. It is called "SAMPLE ROOM".

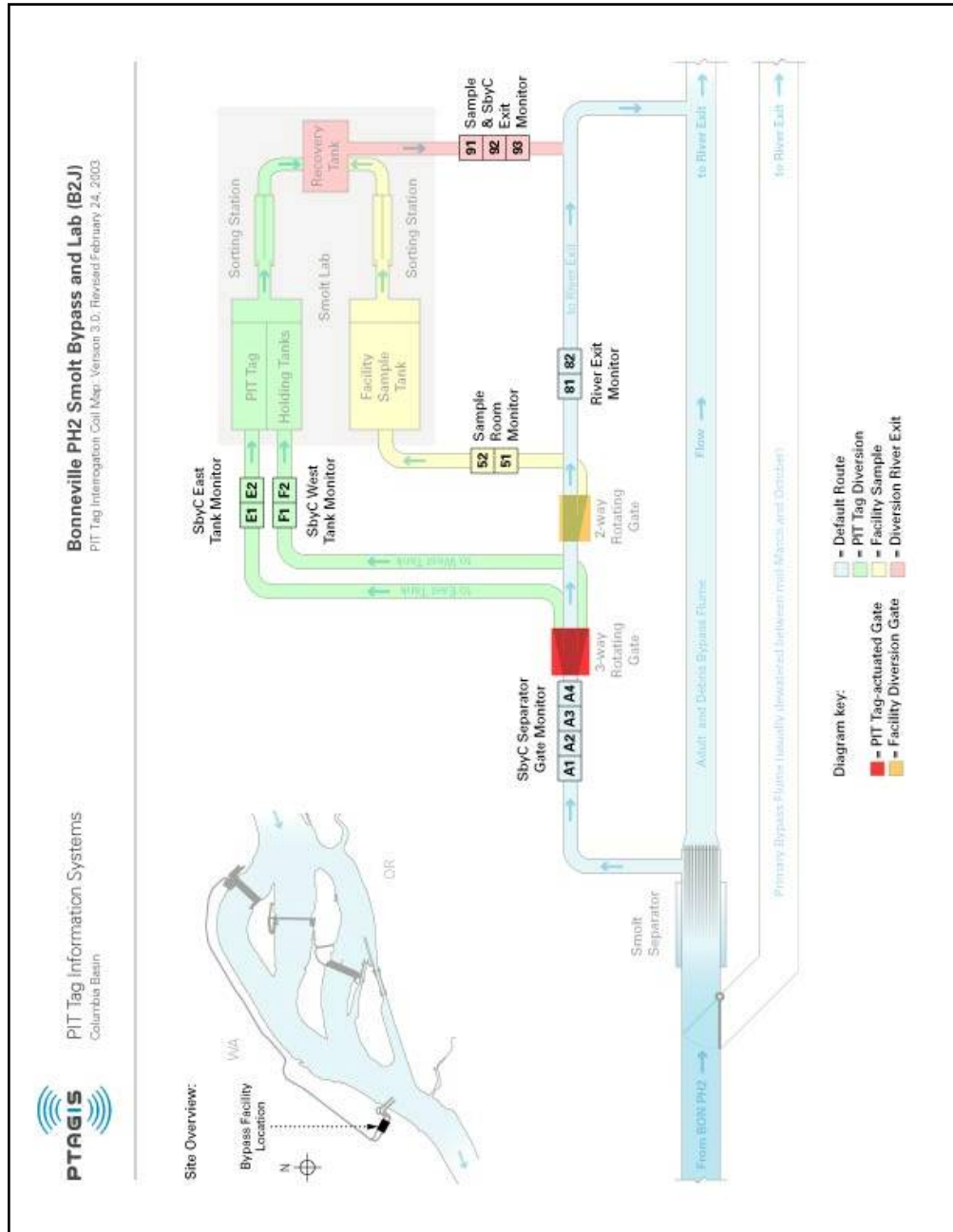
# Appendix C. Interrogation Site Configurations

This appendix contains diagrams of Interrogation Sites currently maintained by the PIT Tag Operations Center (PTOC), and the complete configuration history for all Interrogation Site data defined in the PIT Tag Information System (PTAGIS). If you need additional information about any Interrogation Site, please contact PTOC.

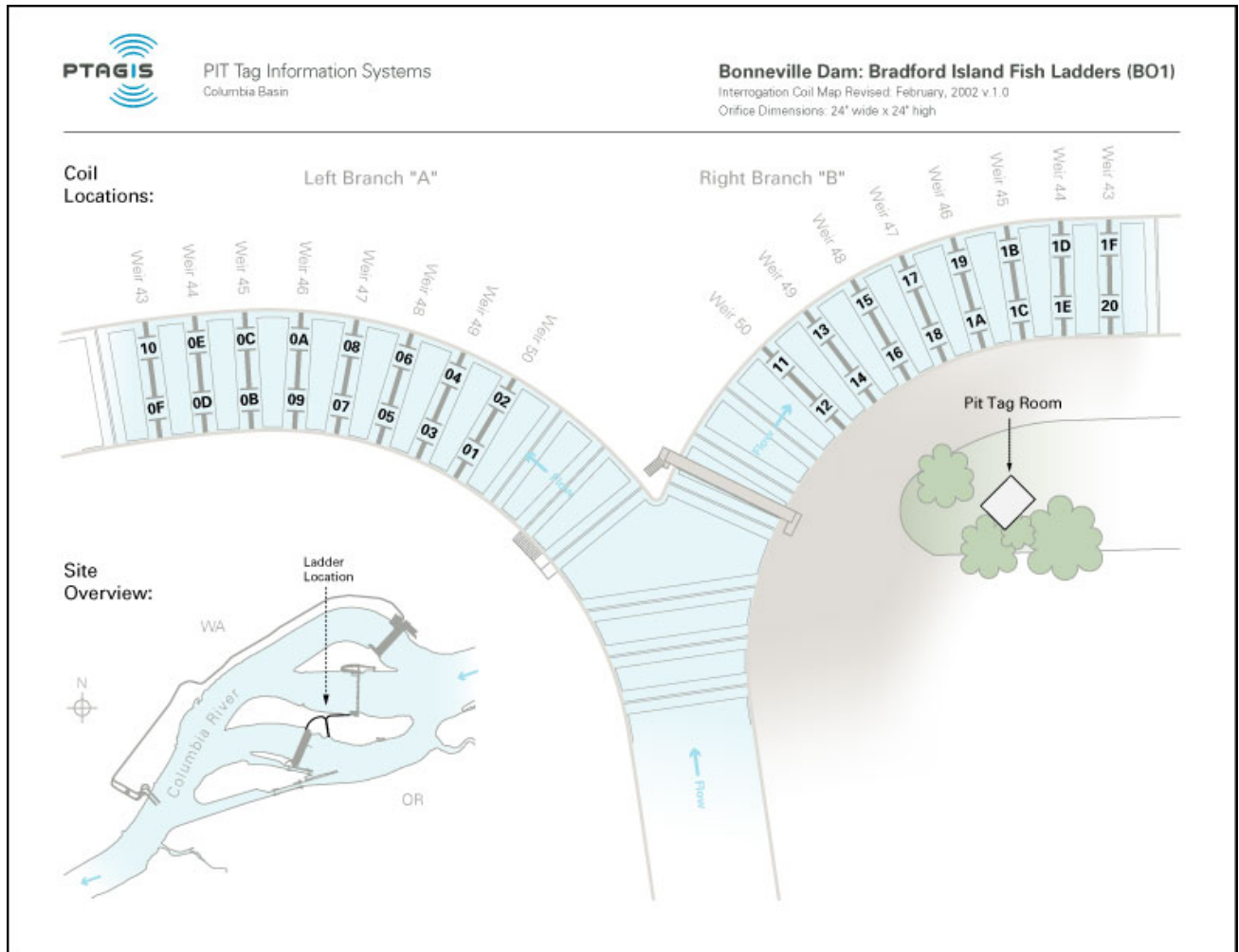
# C1. Bonneville Powerhouse 1 Juvenile (B1J)



## C2. Bonneville Powerhouse 2 Juvenile (B2J)



### C3. Bonneville Bradford Island Adult Fish Ladder (BO1)



# C4. Bonneville Cascades Island Adult Fish Ladder (BO2)

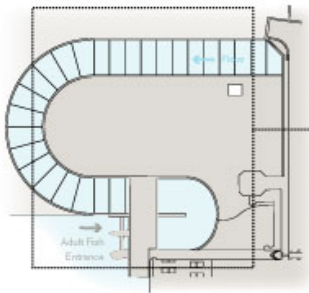


PIT Tag Information Systems  
Columbia Basin

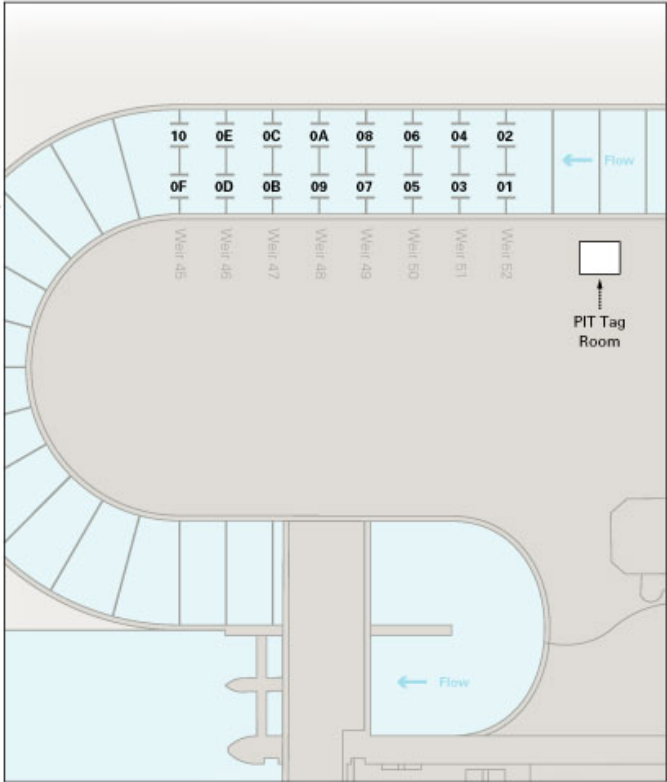
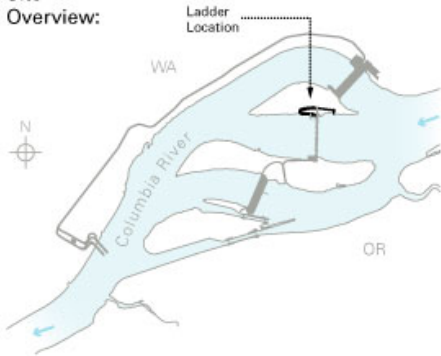
## Bonneville Dam: Cascades Island Fish Ladder (BO2)

Interrogation Coil Map Revised: February, 2002 v.1.0  
Orifice Dimensions: 24" wide x 24" high

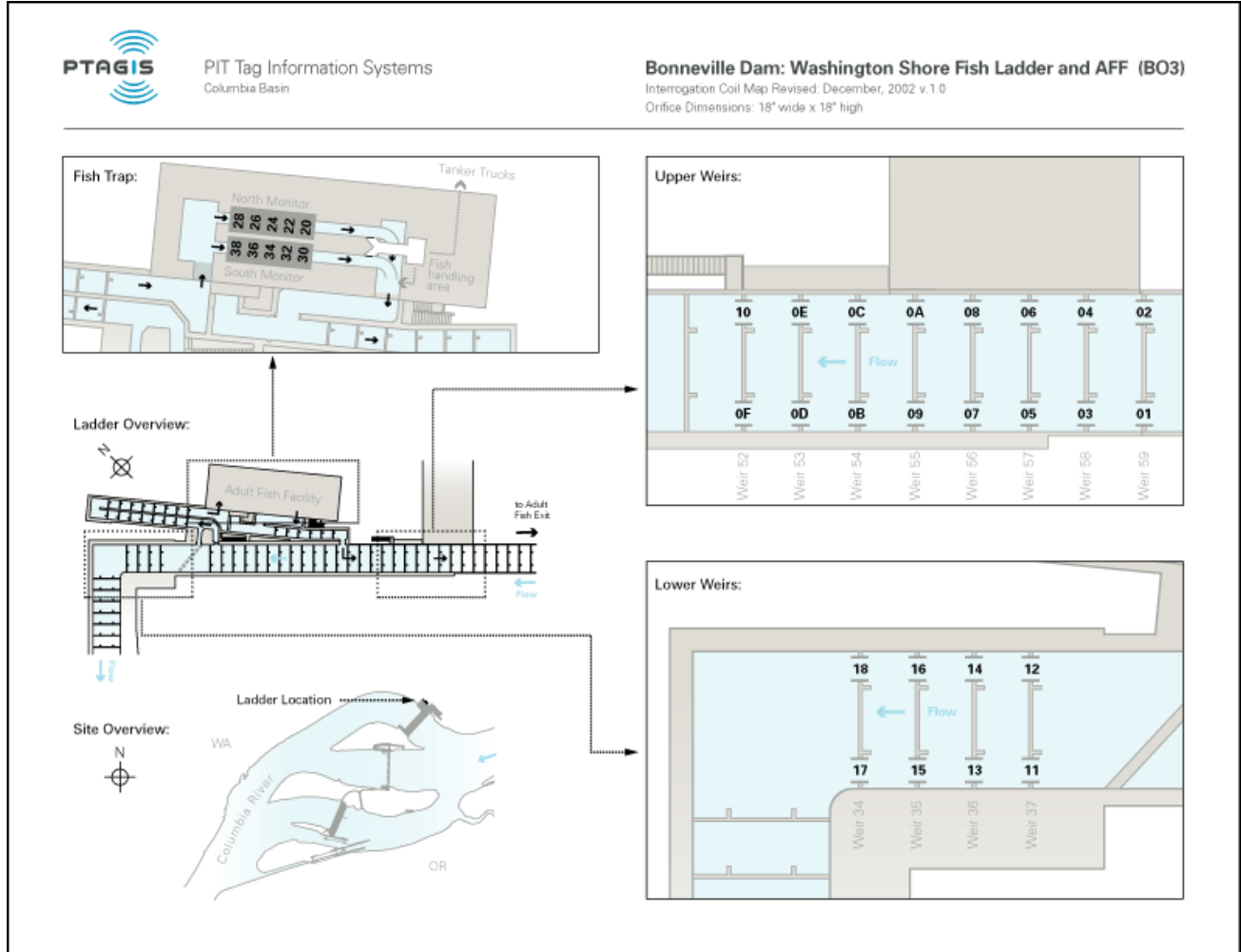
### Ladder Overview:



### Site Overview:

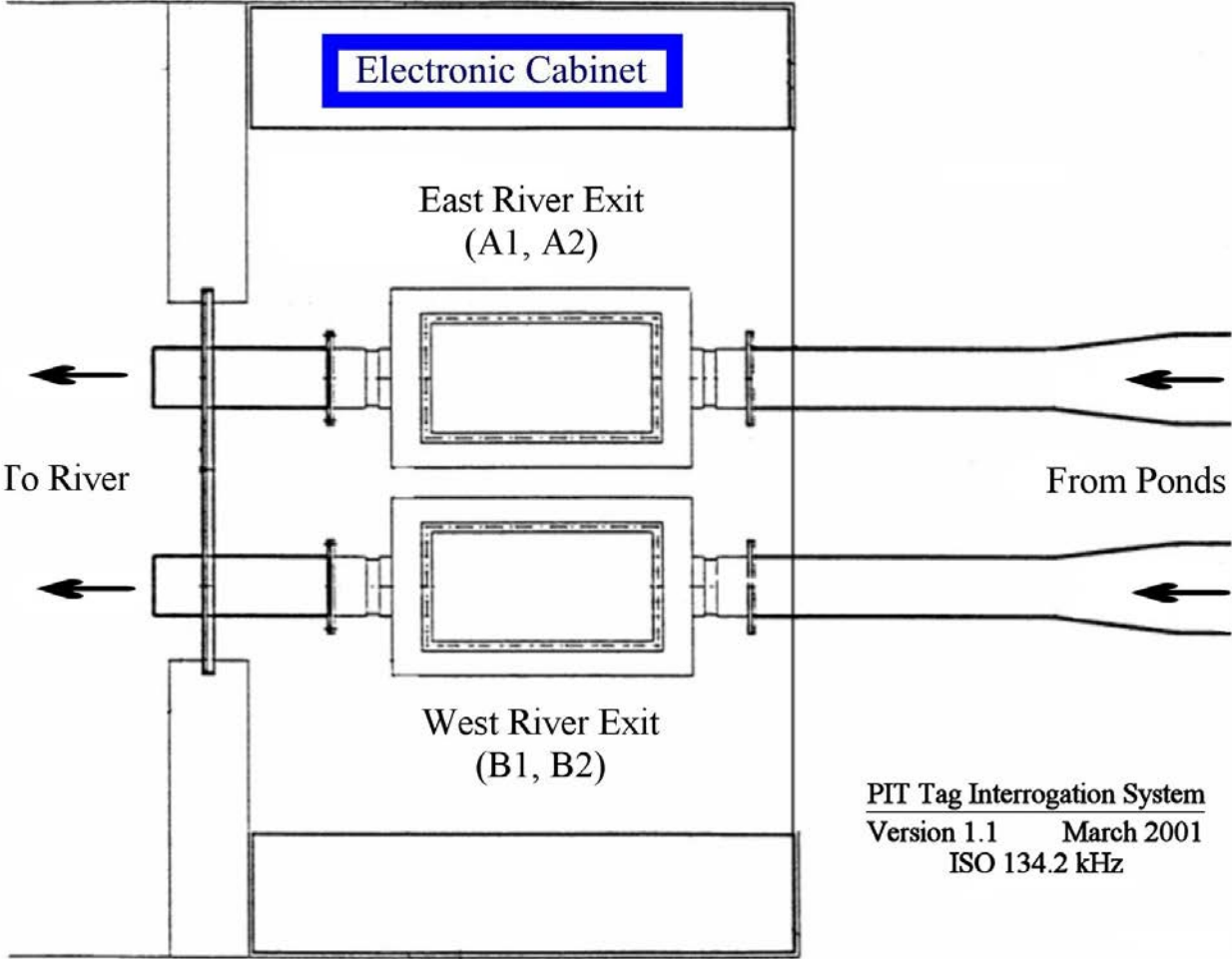


# C5. Bonneville Washington Shore Adult Fish Ladder (BO3)



# C6. Clark Flat Facility (CFJ)

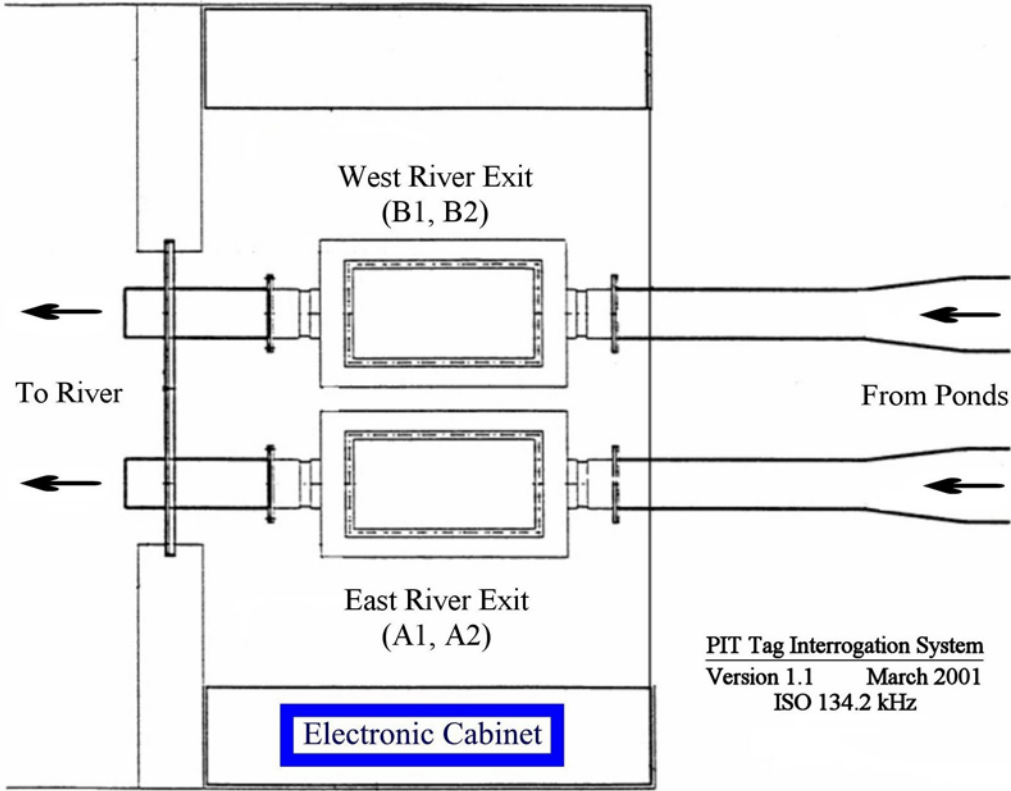
Clark Flat Acclimation Site (CFJ)  
Volitional Release Monitors



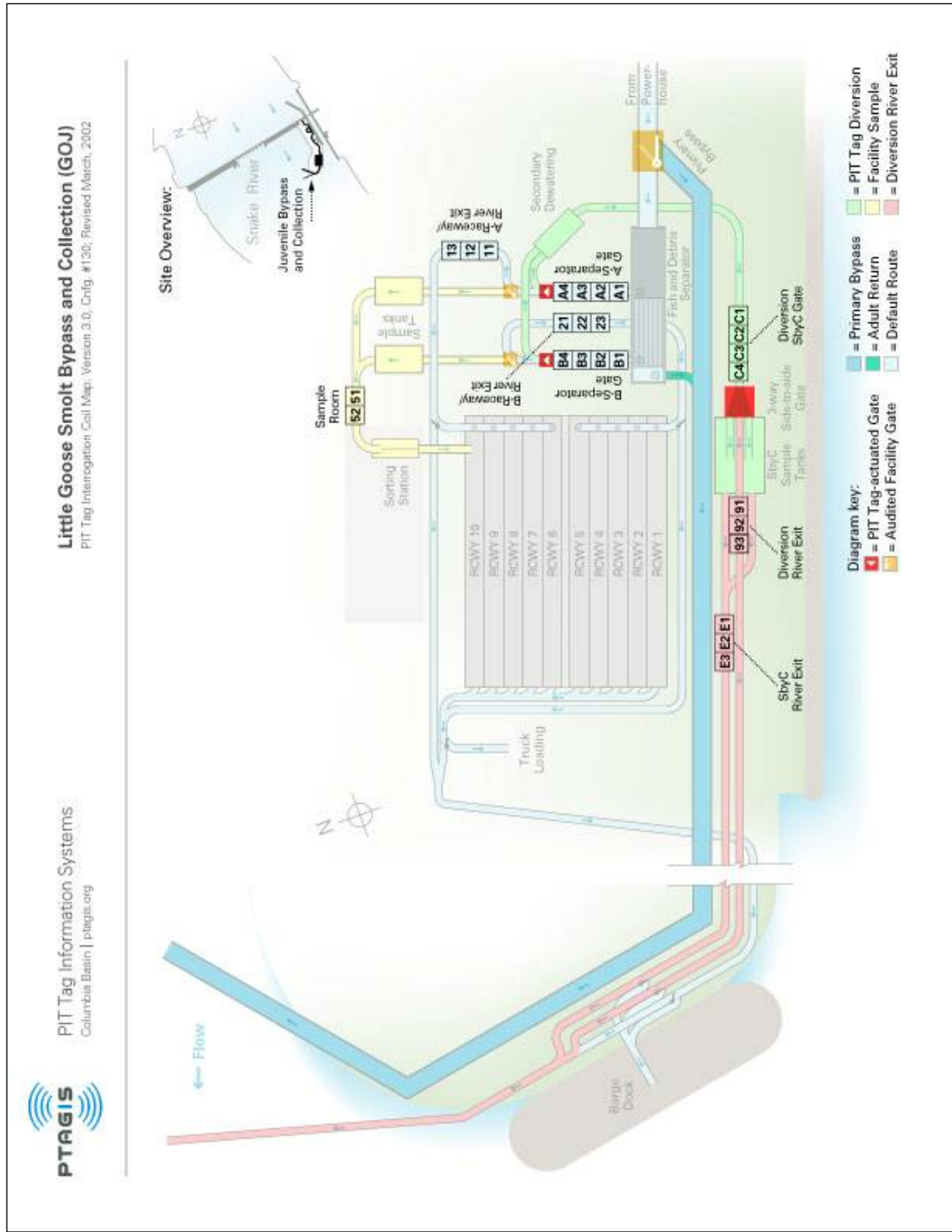
PIT Tag Interrogation System  
Version 1.1 March 2001  
ISO 134.2 kHz



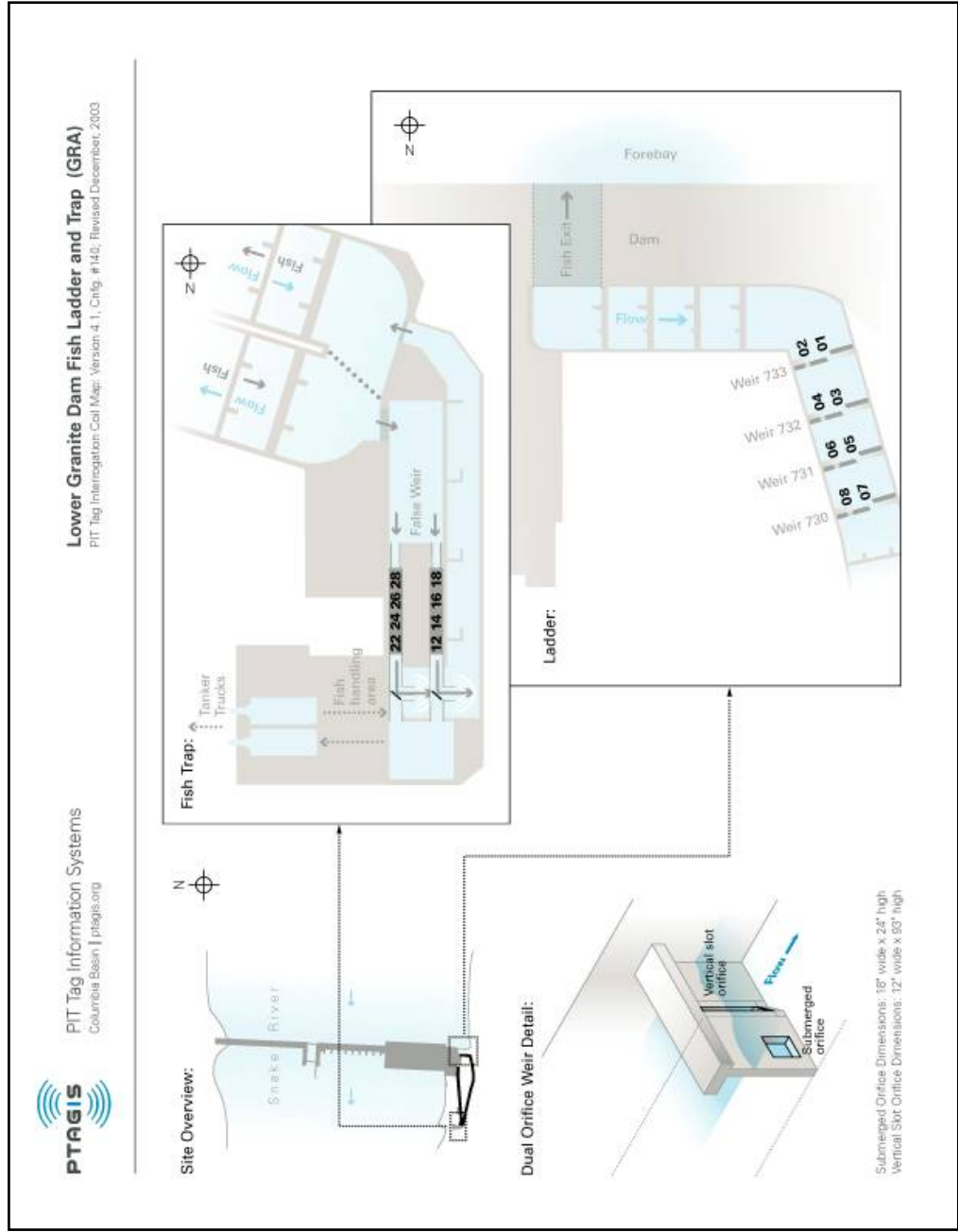
# C7. Easton Facility (ESJ)



# C8. Little Goose Dam (GOJ)

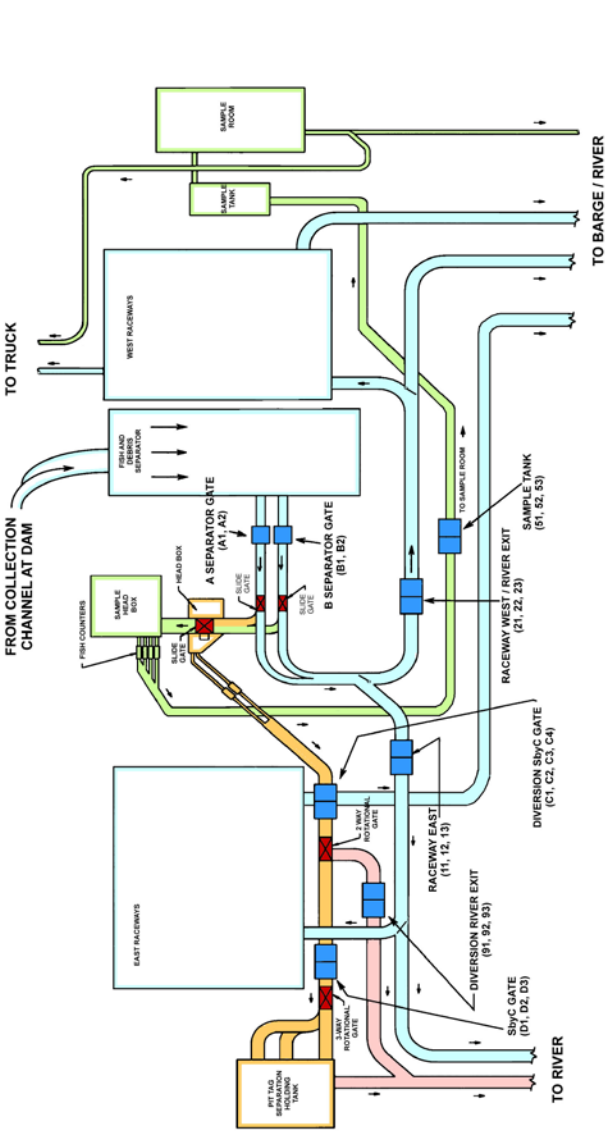


# C9. Lower Granite Adult Trap (GRA)



# C10. Lower Granite Dam (GRJ)

## LOWER GRANITE DAM (GRJ)



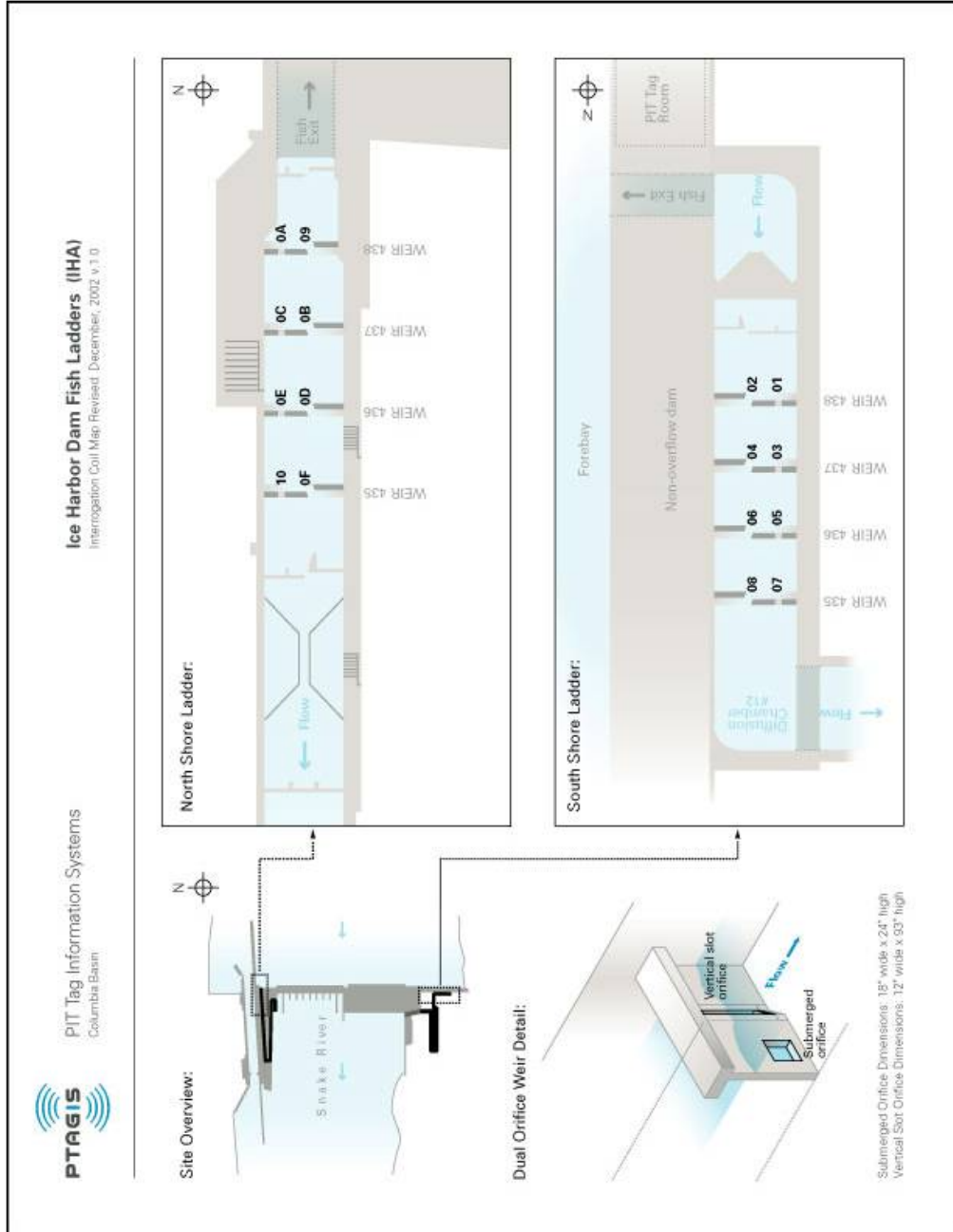
**Key:**

- = Monitor
- = PIT Tag Gate
- = Default Route
- = PIT Tag Diversion
- = Sample
- = Diversion River Exit

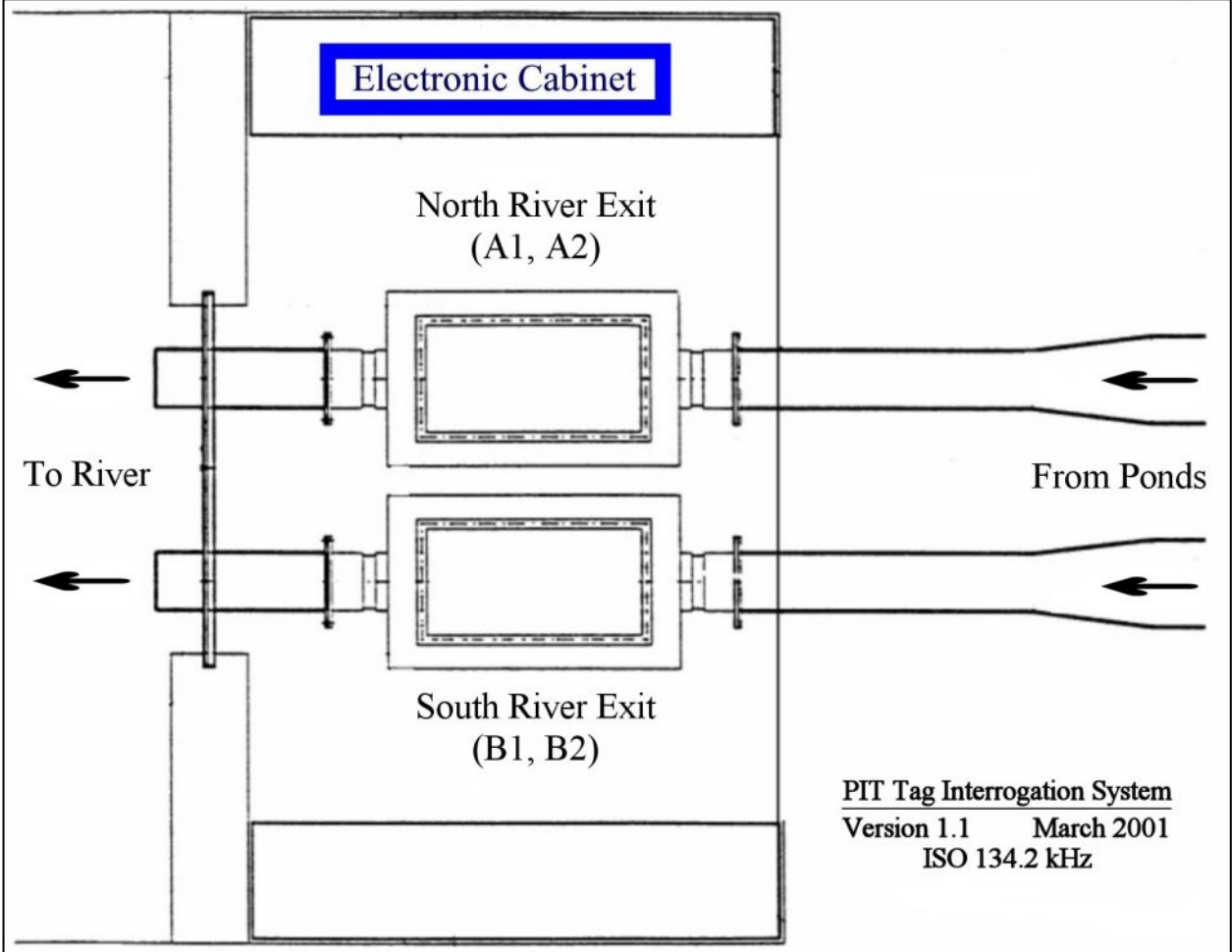
PIT Tag Interrogation System  
 Version 2 March 2000  
 ISO 134.2 kHz



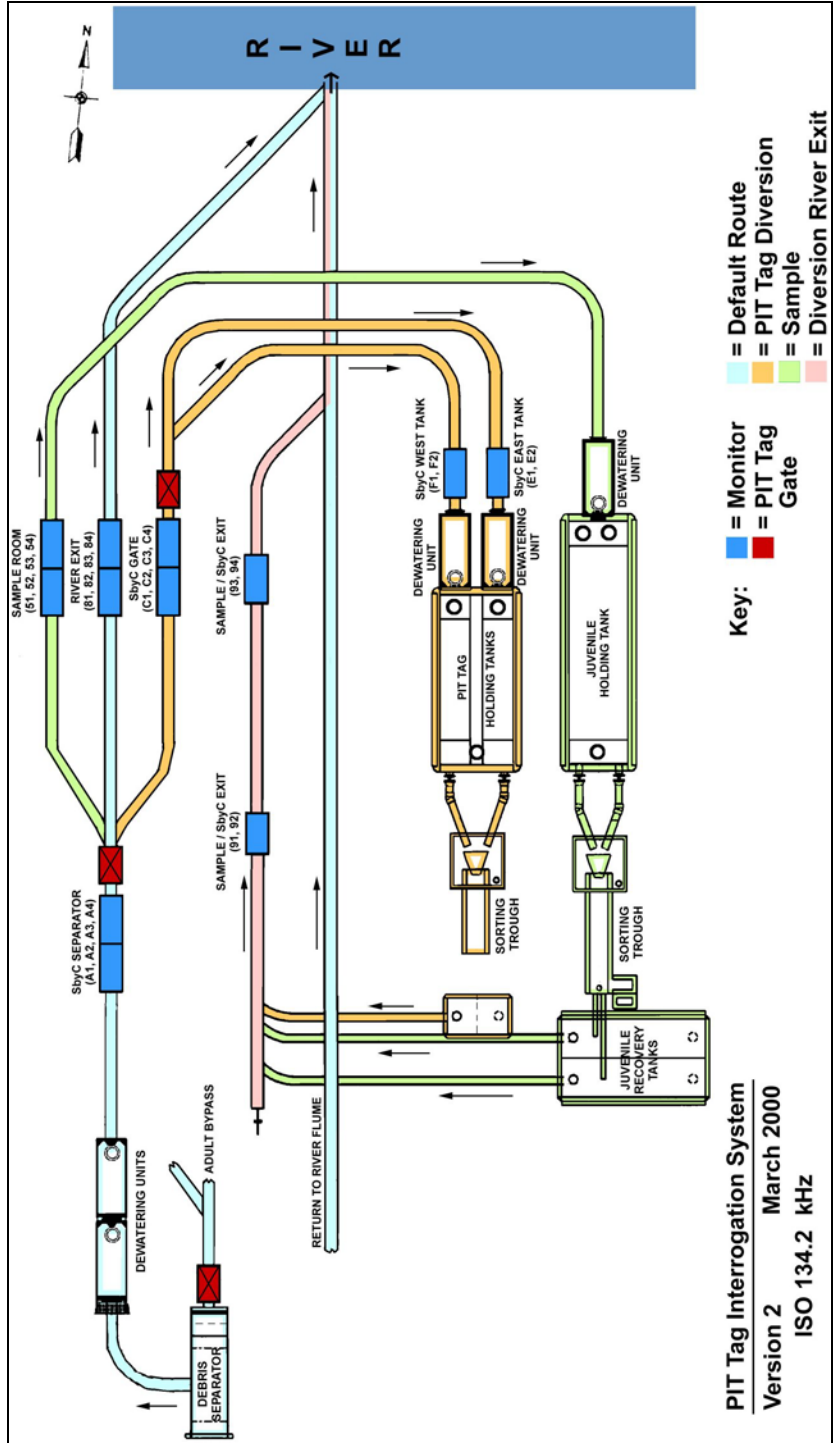
# C11. Ice Harbor Adult Fish Ladder



**C12. Jack Creek Facility (JCJ)**

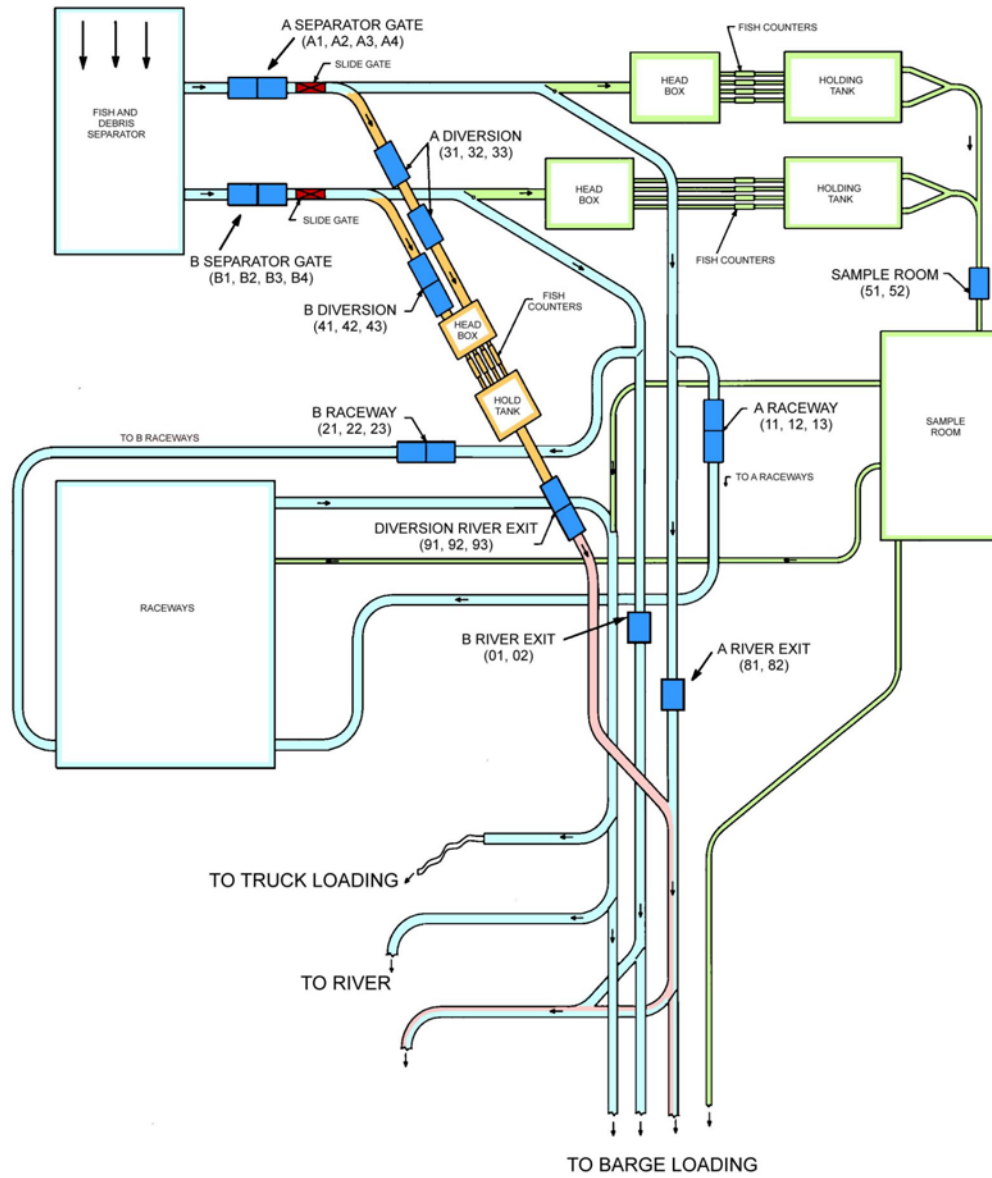


# C13. John Day Dam (JDJ)



**C14.**

**Lower Monumental Dam (LMJ)**



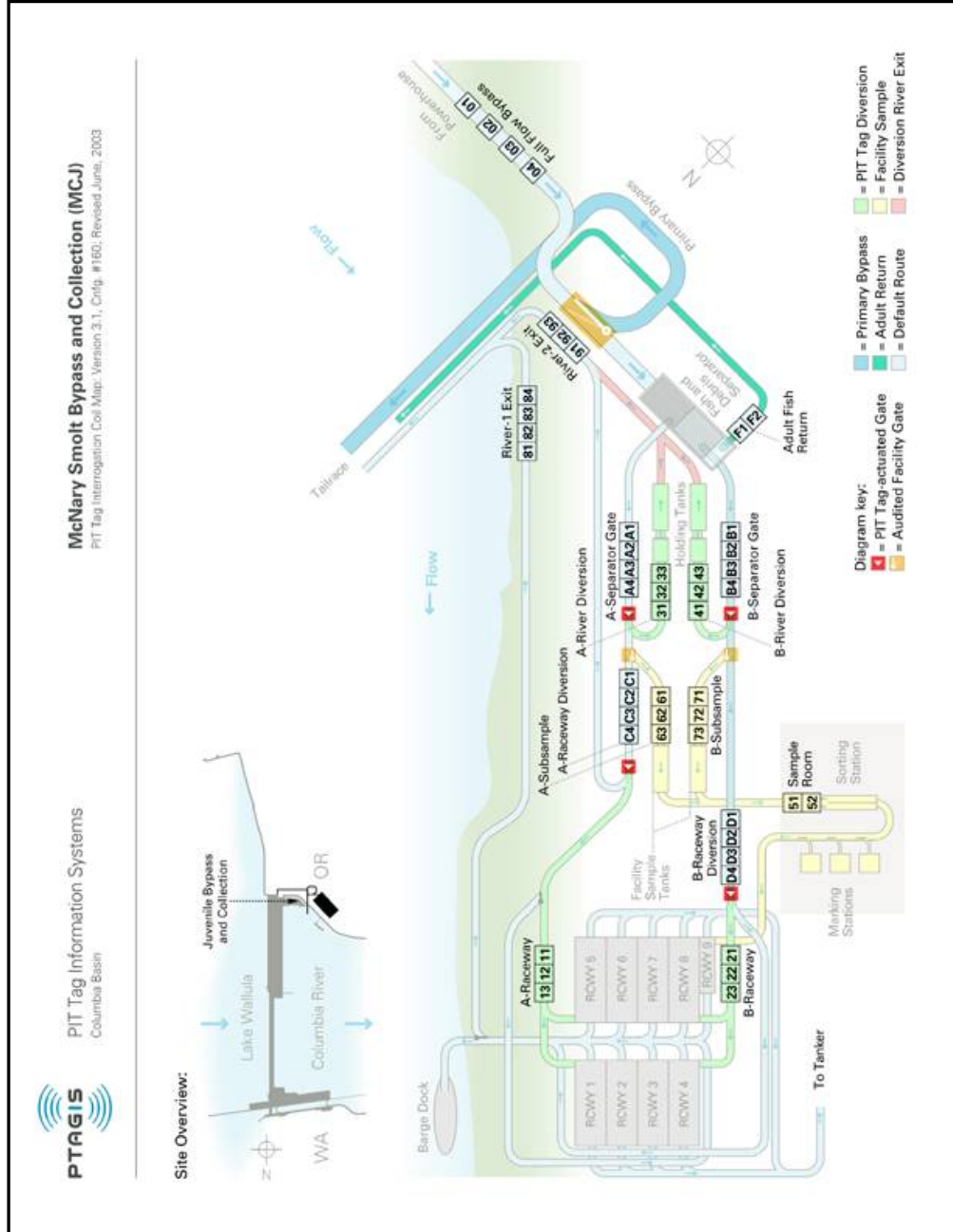
**PIT Tag Interrogation System**  
**Version 2**      **March 2000**  
**ISO 134.2 kHz**

**Key:**

<span style="color: blue;">■</span> = Monitor	<span style="color: cyan;">■</span> = Default Route
<span style="color: red;">■</span> = PIT Tag Gate	<span style="color: orange;">■</span> = PIT Tag Diversion
	<span style="color: lightgreen;">■</span> = Sample
	<span style="color: pink;">■</span> = Diversion River Exit



# C15. McNary Dam (MCJ)



**C16. *Priest Rapids Adult Fish Ladder (PRA)***

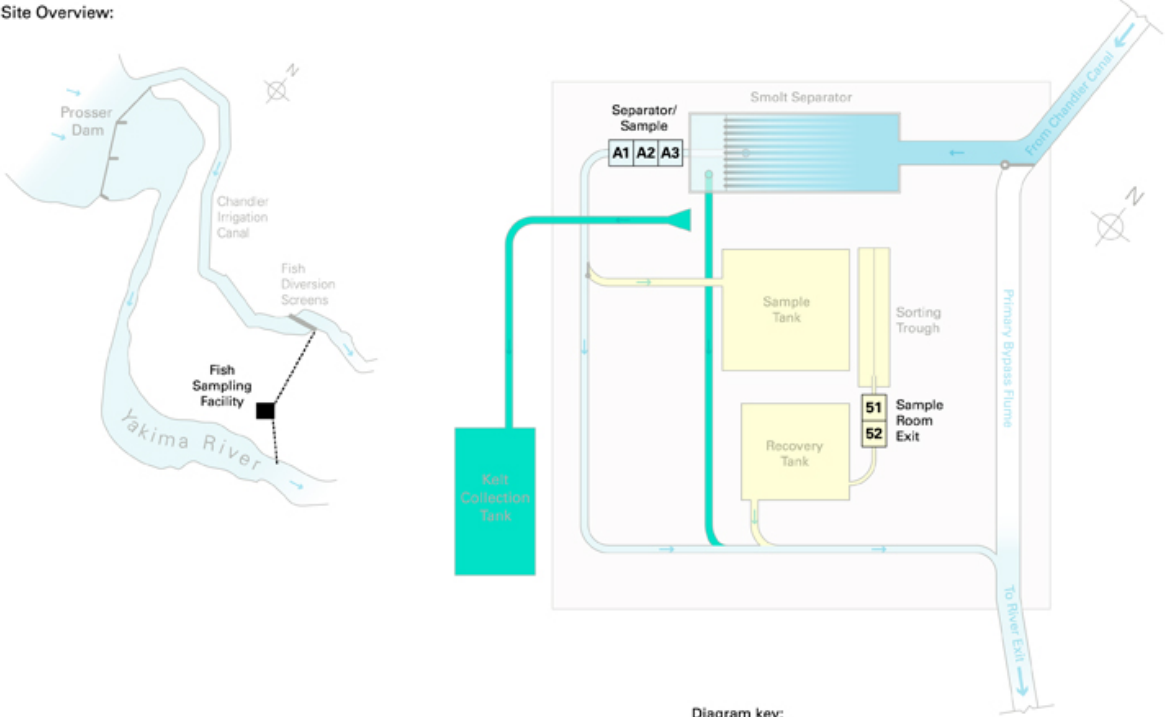
# C17. Prosser Juvenile Trap (PRJ)



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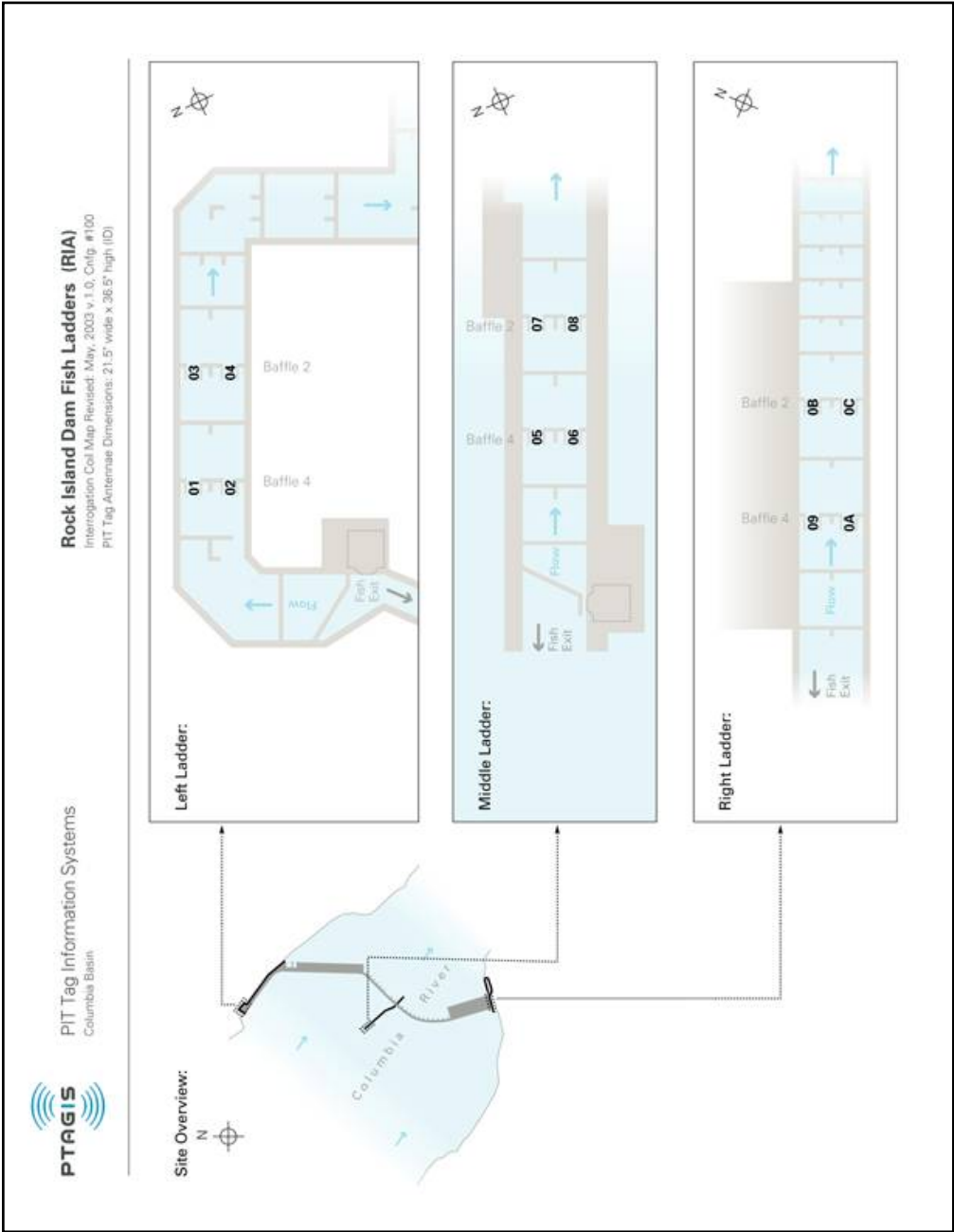
**Chandler Juvenile Monitoring Facility at Prosser (PRJ)**  
PIT Tag Interrogation Coil Map: Version 3.0, Cnfg. #120; Revised November, 1999

**Site Overview:**

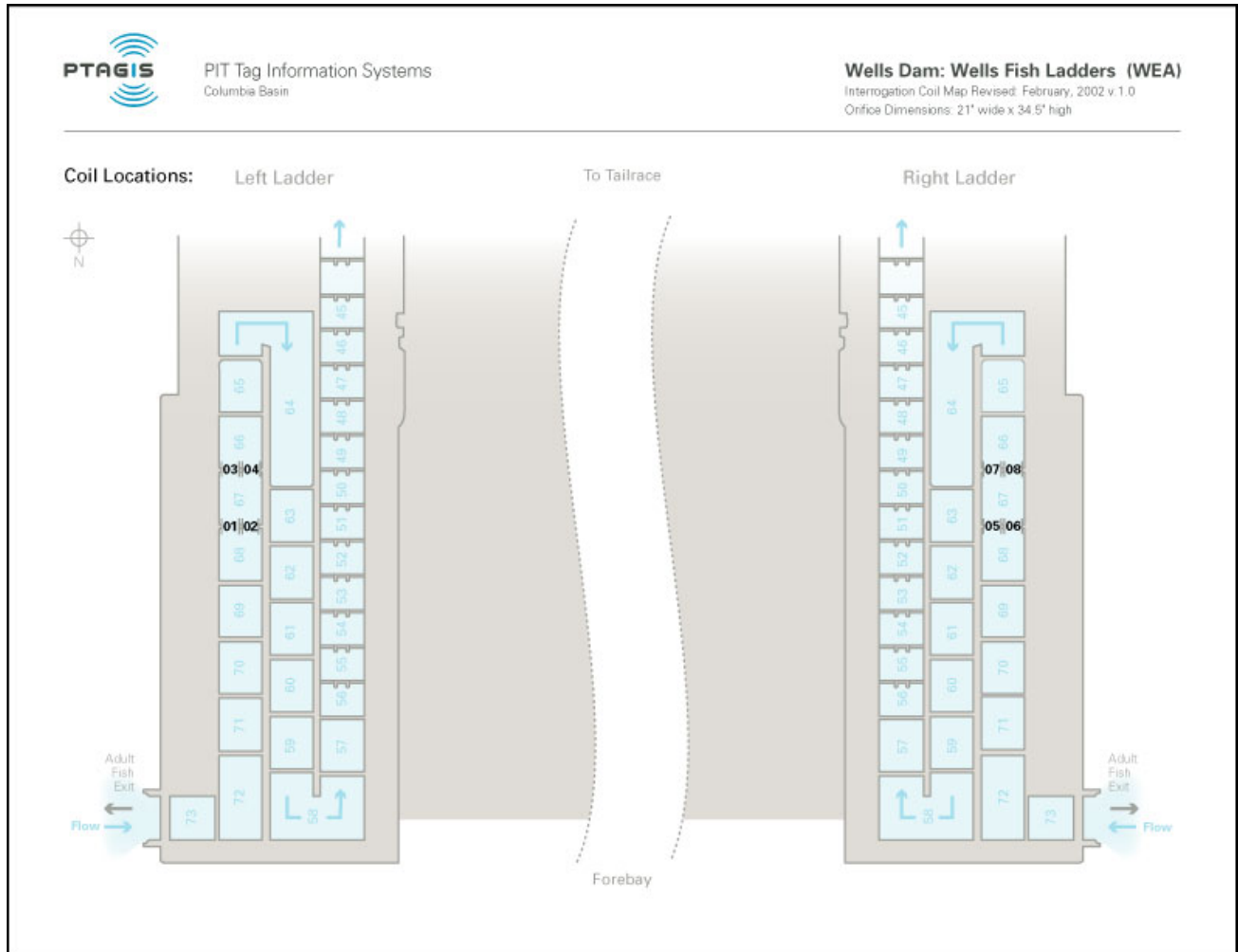


**Diagram key:**  
█ = Kelt Collection and Adult Return  
█ = Default Route  
█ = Facility Sample

# C18. Rock Island Adult Ladder (RIA)



# C19. Wells Adult Ladder (WEA)



## C20. Site Configuration History

PIT Tag System Codes are assigned by the agency maintaining the monitoring equipment. During 2001, the majority of the monitoring equipment will be maintained by PTOC. Therefore, any questions, changes, or corrections should be addressed to that entity.

PACIFIC STATES MARINE FISHERIES COMMISSION  
PIT Tag Database

SITE CONFIGURATION HISTORY

As of 29-Mar-04

Site Name	Monitor Name	-----Coil-----					
		1	2	3	4	5	6
AB1: Abernathy Creek FWS Tech Cntr.							
Prototype multiplexer installed to control three existing antennas.							
From 24-Sep-03 To Present							
	RIGHT	01					
	CENTER	02					
	LEFT	03					
From 24-Sep-01 To 24-Sep-03							
	RIGHT	A1					
	CENTER	A2					
	LEFT	A3					
AB2: Abernathy Creek Farmers Bridge							
4 x 1.5 meter antennas for USFWS in stream tests.							
From 24-Sep-01 To Present							
	RIGHT	B1					
	LEFT	B2					
B1J: BONNEVILLE PH1 JUVENILE							
Downstream Migrant Channel 1 (DSM1) Trap with flat plate detector. Not detecting when trap operates.							
From 20-Feb-03 To Present							
	FLAT PLATE	01	02				
B2A: BONNEVILLE ADULT WA SHORE							
Installed dual ISO/400kHz monitors							
From 22-Jan-01 To Present							
	400 KHZ NORTH	00	02	04			
	400 KHZ SOUTH	10	12	14			
	ISO NORTH	A4	A5				
	ISO SOUTH	B4	B5				
From 7-May-98 To 22-Jan-01							
	NORTH	00	02	04	06		
	SOUTH	10	12	14	16		

ISO NORTH	AA	BB
ISO SOUTH	CC	DD

B2J: Bonneville PH2 Juvenile

Installed SAMPLE monitor and coils.

From 22-Jan-01 To Present

SbyC SEPARATOR GATE	A1	A2	A3	A4
RIVER EXIT	81	82		
SbyC EAST TANK	E1	E2		
SbyC WEST TANK	F1	F2		
SAMPLE ROOM	51	52		
SAMPLE / SbyC EXIT	91	92	93	

From 22-Dec-99 To 22-Jan-01

SbyC SEPARATOR GATE	A1	A2	A3	A4
RIVER EXIT	81	82		
SbyC EAST TANK	E1	E2		
SbyC WEST TANK	F1	F2		
SAMPLE / SbyC EXIT	91	92	93	

From 19-Mar-99 To 22-Dec-99

MAIN	02	04	06	08
------	----	----	----	----

From 8-Feb-97 To 19-Mar-99

MAIN	02	04	06	08
------	----	----	----	----

From 1-Apr-96 To 8-Feb-97

SUBSAMPLE	D0
-----------	----

B01: Bonneville Bradford Is. Ladder

24 x 24 inch orifice detectors. Fish passing over weirs are undetectable. Initial Installation.

From 7-Mar-02 To Present

LEFT BRANCH WEIR 50	01	02
RIGHT BRANCH WEIR 49	13	14
RIGHT BRANCH WEIR 48	15	16
RIGHT BRANCH WEIR 47	17	18
RIGHT BRANCH WEIR 46	19	1A
RIGHT BRANCH WEIR 45	1B	1C
RIGHT BRANCH WEIR 44	1D	1E
RIGHT BRANCH WEIR 43	1F	20
LEFT BRANCH WEIR 49	03	04
LEFT BRANCH WEIR 48	05	06
LEFT BRANCH WEIR 47	07	08
LEFT BRANCH WEIR 46	09	0A
LEFT BRANCH WEIR 45	0B	0C
LEFT BRANCH WEIR 44	0D	0E
LEFT BRANCH WEIR 43	0F	10
RIGHT BRANCH WEIR 50	11	12

B02: Bonneville Cascades Is. Ladder

24 x 24 inch orifice detectors. Fish passing over weirs are undetectable. Initial installation.

From 13-Mar-02 To Present

WEIR 52	01	02
WEIR 51	03	04
WEIR 50	05	06
WEIR 49	07	08
WEIR 48	09	0A
WEIR 47	0B	0C
WEIR 46	0D	0E

WEIR 45 0F 10

BO3: Bonneville WA Shore Ladder/AFF

Removed 400kHz monitors.

From 15-Dec-03 To Present

WEIR 59	01	02		
WEIR 36	13	14		
WEIR 35	15	16		
WEIR 34	17	18		
AFF NORTH FLUME [ISO	22	24	26	28
AFF SOUTH FLUME [ISO	32	34	36	38
WEIR 58	03	04		
WEIR 57	05	06		
WEIR 56	07	08		
WEIR 55	09	0A		
WEIR 54	0B	0C		
WEIR 53	0D	0E		
WEIR 52	0F	10		
WEIR 37	11	12		

From 6-Dec-02 To 15-Dec-03

WEIR 59	01	02		
WEIR 36	13	14		
WEIR 35	15	16		
WEIR 34	17	18		
AFF NORTH FLUME [ISO	20	22		
AFF NORTH FLUME [400	24	26	28	
AFF SOUTH FLUME [ISO	30	32		
AFF SOUTH FLUME [400	34	36	38	
WEIR 58	03	04		
WEIR 57	05	06		
WEIR 56	07	08		
WEIR 55	09	0A		
WEIR 54	0B	0C		
WEIR 53	0D	0E		
WEIR 52	0F	10		
WEIR 37	11	12		

BVJ: BONNEVILLE DAM DMS1 SUBSAMPLE

Single coil subsample monitor. SMP sub-sample in PH 1 DSM channel. Made Main site 3/19/99.

From 1-Jan-94 To Present

SAMPLE ROOM C0

From 1-May-92 To 1-Jan-94

SAMPLE ROOM C0

BVX: Bonneville PH1 Juvenile (Exp.)

Change coil numbers to begin with 01 rather than 00

From 28-Jul-00 To Present

FLAT PLATE NW QUAD	04			
FLAT PLATE NE QUAD	03			
FLAT PLATE SE QUAD	01			
FLAT PLATE SW QUAD	02			

From 6-Mar-00 To 28-Jul-00

FLAT PLATE NW QUAD	03			
FLAT PLATE NE QUAD	02			
FLAT PLATE SE QUAD	00			
FLAT PLATE SW QUAD	01			



From 6-May-96 To 6-Mar-00  
FLAT PLATE 01 02

BWL: Bonneville WA Shore Ladder  
ADULT LADDER PROTOTYPE OF UNDERWATER ORIFICE PIT TAG  
DETECTORS

From 23-Mar-01 To Present

Weir 34	AA	AB
Weir 35	BA	BB
Weir 36	CA	CB
Weir 37	DA	DB
Weir 44 - AFF	44	
Weir 45 - AFF	45	
Weir 47 - AFF	47	
Weir 48 - AFF	48	
Weir 52	2A	2B
Weir 53	3A	3B
Weir 54	4A	4B
Weir 55	5A	5B
Weir 56	6A	6B
Weir 57	7A	7B
Weir 58	8A	8B
Weir 59	9A	9B

CAP: Carlton Acc. Pond  
Originally reported as Monitored Release file. Converted to  
Interrogation data March, 2001.

From 1-Jan-95 To 31-Dec-95  
MAIN AA

CCP: Catherine Creek Acc. Pond  
Monitored Release from acclimation pond using Destron  
FS2001's.

From 1-Apr-01 To Present

MAIN 1	01	02
MAIN 2	03	04
MAIN 3	05	06
MAIN 4	07	08

From 1-Jan-00 To 25-Mar-01  
MAIN 04

CFJ: Clark Flat Acc. Pond  
Standardized coil and monitor names.

From 22-Jan-01 To Present

EAST RIVER EXIT	A1	A2
WEST RIVER EXIT	B1	B2

From 19-Mar-99 To 22-Jan-01

RIVER EXIT A	00	02
RIVER EXIT B	10	12

CHN: CHALLIS DIVERSION NORTH  
Swapped CHN and CHS coils and controllers

From 15-Sep-91 To Present

NORTH	F1	
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From 1-Sep-91 To 15-Sep-91

NORTH	F5	
-------	----	--

CHP: Chiwawa Acc. Pond  
 Originally reported as Monitored Release file. Converted to  
 Interrogation data March, 2001.  
 From 1-Jan-95 To 31-Dec-95  
 MAIN AA

CHS: CHALLIS DIVERSION SOUTH  
 Swapped CHN and CHS coils and controllers  
 From 15-Sep-91 To Present  
 SOUTH F5  
 From 1-Sep-91 To 15-Sep-91  
 SOUTH F1

CLJ: Clearwater River Trap  
 Operated by IDFG.  
 From 1-Jan-94 To Present  
 MAIN D0 D2  
 From 30-Mar-89 To 1-Jan-94  
 MAIN D0 D2

CR1: Chinook River Sea Resources CF  
 Site operated by FWS at the Sea Resources Adult Capture  
 Facility UTM 10 T 428419; 5124255  
 From 8-Sep-02 To Present  
 DOWNSTREAM 01  
 UPSTREAM 02

CR2: Chinook River HWY 101 Bridge  
 Site operated by FWS. UTM 10T 425639; 5128081  
 From 1-Oct-02 To Present  
 EAST ANTENNA A1  
 MIDDLE ANTENNA A2  
 WEST ANTENNA A3

CR3: Chinook River at Culvert  
 Site operated by FWS. UTM 10T 427864; 5125771  
 From 1-Sep-03 To Present  
 MAIN 01

DRP: Dryden Acc. Pond  
 Originally reported as Monitored Release file. Converted to  
 Interrogation file March 2001.  
 From 1-Jan-94 To 31-Dec-96  
 MAIN AA

ESJ: Easton Acc. Pond  
 Standardized coil and monitor names.  
 From 22-Jan-01 To Present  
 EAST RIVER EXIT A1 A2  
 WEST RIVER EXIT B1 B2  
 From 19-Mar-99 To 22-Jan-01  
 RIVER EXIT A 20 22  
 RIVER EXIT B 30 32

ESX: Estuary Saltwater Experiment  
 Experimental trawl detector.  
 From 1-Mar-03 To Present

MAIN

F1

GOJ: Little Goose Dam Juvenile

Facility modification removed head tanks required by smith  
root counters. Added Diversion SbyC Gate.

From 7-Mar-02 To Present

DIVERSION RIVER EXIT	91	92	93	
SBYC RIVER EXIT	E1	E2	E3	
DIVERSION SBYC GATE	C1	C2	C3	C4
A-SEPARATOR GATE	A1	A2	A3	A4
A-RACEWAY / RIVER EX	11	12	13	
B-SEPARATOR GATE	B1	B2	B3	B4
B-RACEWAY / RIVER EX	21	22	23	
SAMPLE ROOM	51	52		

From 10-Jan-00 To 7-Mar-02

A-SEPARATOR GATE	A1	A2	A3	A4
A-RACEWAY / RIVER EX	11	12	13	
A-DIVERSION / SbyC G	C1	C2	C3	
B-SEPARATOR GATE	B1	B2	B3	B4
B-RACEWAY / RIVER EX	21	22	23	
B-DIVERSION / SbyC G	D1	D2	D3	
SAMPLE ROOM	51	52		
DIVERSION RIVER EXIT	91	92	93	

From 1-Apr-90 To 20-Jan-00

A-SEPARATOR GATE	40	42	44	46
A-RACEWAY/EXIT	90	92	94	96
A-DIVERSION	A0	A2	A4	
B-SEPARATOR GATE	48	4A	4C	4E
B-RACEWAY/EXIT	98	9A	9C	9E
B-DIVERSION	A6	A8	AA	
SAMPLE ROOM	50	52		
DIVERSION EXIT	54	56	58	5A

From 1-Jan-86 To 1-Apr-90

3C	3E	48	4A	4C	4E							
						UNKNOWN	30	32	34	36	38	3A
						A-MAIN	40	42	44	46		
						B-MAIN	90	92	94	96		
						SAMPLE ROOM	A0	A2	A4			

GRA: Lower Granite Dam Adult

Removed 400kHz monitors.

From 15-Dec-03 To Present

WEIR 733	01	02		
WEIR 732	03	04		
WEIR 731	05	06		
WEIR 730	07	08		
ISO WEST	12	14	16	18
ISO EAST	22	24	26	28

From 20-Feb-03 To 15-Dec-03

WEIR 733	01	02		
WEIR 732	03	04		
WEIR 731	05	06		
WEIR 730	07	08		
400 KHZ WEST	14	16	18	
ISO WEST	10	12		
400 KHZ EAST	24	26	28	
ISO EAST	20	22		

From 22-Jan-01 To 20-Feb-03	400 KHZ EAST	00	02	04		
	ISO EAST	A4	A5			
	400 KHZ WEST	10	12	14		
	ISO WEST	B4	B5			
From 1-Feb-95 To 22-Jan-01	EAST	00	02	04	06	08
	WEST	10	12	14	16	18
From 1-Jan-87 To 1-Feb-95	EAST	00	02	08	0A	
	WEST	04	06	0C	0E	

GRJ: Lower Granite Dam Juvenile  
ISO Installation Complete

From 3-Jan-00 To Present	DIVERSION / SbyC GAT	C1	C2	C3	C4	
	SbyC GATE	D1	D2	D3		
	DIVERSION RIVER EXIT	91	92	93		
	A-SEPARATOR GATE	A1	A2			
	B-SEPARATOR GATE	B1	B2			
	RACEWAY EAST	11	12	13		
	RACEWAY WEST / RIVER	21	22	23		
	SAMPLE TANK	51	52	53		
From 1-Jan-94 To 20-Jan-00	A-SEPARATOR GATE	28	2A			
	B-SEPARATOR GATE	2C	2E			
	RACEWAY EAST	10	12	14	16	
	RACEWAY WEST/EXIT	18	1A	1C	1E	
	DIVERSION 1	36	38	3A		
	DIVERSION 2	30	32	34		
	SUBSAMPLE	20	22	24	26	
From 25-Mar-88 To 1-Jan-94	A-SEPARATOR GATE	28	2A			
	B-SEPARATOR GATE	2C	2E			
	RACEWAY EAST	10	12	14	16	
	RACEWAY WEST/EXIT	18	1A	1C	1E	
	DIVERSION 1	36	38	3A		
	DIVERSION 2	30	32	34		
	SUBSAMPLE	20	22	24	26	

GRP: Grande Ronde Acc. Pond

Grande Ronde Pond -- Using FS2001 Portable Detectors. RM 198  
above Vey Meadows. ODFW.

From 1-Feb-02 To Present	MAIN 1	01			
	MAIN 2	02			
	MAIN 3	03			
	MAIN 4	04			

GRX: LOWER GRANITE EXPERIMENTAL

Separation by code experimental sub-site.

From 27-Feb-96 To Present	DIVERSION RIVER GATE	70	72	74	76
	DIVERSION RIVER EXIT	80	82	84	86
	DIVERSION HOLD TANK	90	92	94	96

IHA: Ice Harbor Adult

Ice Harbor Fish Ladders consist of a vertical slotweir and orifice (S/O).

From 1-Mar-03 To Present

Left Ladder Weir 438	01	02
Left Ladder Weir 437	03	04
Left Ladder Weir 436	05	06
Left Ladder Weir 435	07	08
Right Ladder Weir 43	09	0A
Right Ladder Weir 43	0B	0C
Right Ladder Weir 43	0D	0E
Right Ladder Weir 43	0F	10

IMJ: Imnaha River Trap

Coil ID changed from AA to B8; controller ID unchanged

From 1-Jan-95 To Present

MAIN	B8
From 12-Apr-94 To 1-Jan-95	
MAIN	AA

JCJ: Jack Creek Acc. Pond

Standardized coil and monitor names.

From 22-Jan-01 To Present

NORTH RIVER EXIT	A1	A2
SOUTH RIVER EXIT	B1	B2
From 25-Feb-00 To 22-Jan-01		
RIVER EXIT A	40	42
RIVER EXIT B	50	52

JDJ: John Day Dam Juvenile

ISO Installation completed.

From 16-Dec-99 To Present

SbyC SEPARATOR GATE	A1	A2	A3	A4
SAMPLE ROOM	51	52	53	54
RIVER EXIT	81	82	83	84
SbyC GATE	C1	C2	C3	C4
SAMPLE / SbyC EXIT	91	92	93	94
SbyC EAST TANK	E1	E2		
SbyC WEST TANK	F1	F2		
From 2-Mar-98 To 16-Dec-99				
SBC SEPARATOR	00	02	04	06
SUBSAMPLE	70	72	74	76
RIVER EXIT ISO	20	21	22	23
SBC HOLD TANK	10	12	14	16
SAMPLE ROOM RIVER EX	90	91		
SAMPLE ROOM RIVER EX	94	96		
SBC HOLD TANK 2	18	1A		
SBC HOLD TANK 1	1C	1E		
From 6-May-96 To 2-Mar-98				
GATEWELL 3C	F8			
SAMPLE ROOM	F4			
GATEWELL 3B	F6			
From 1-Apr-95 To 6-May-96				
SAMPLE ROOM	F4			
SAMPLE BYPASS	F6			
From 1-Jan-92 To 1-Apr-95				
SAMPLE ROOM	F4			

LMJ: Lower Monumental Dam Juvenile  
ISO installation complete.

From 26-Jan-00 To Present

A-SEPARATOR GATE	A1	A2	A3	A4
A-DIVERSION	31	32	33	
A-RACEWAY	11	12	13	
A-EXIT	81	82		
B-SEPARATOR GATE	B1	B2	B3	B4
B-DIVERSION	41	42	43	
B-RACEWAY	21	22	23	
B-EXIT	01	02		
DIVERSION RIVER EXIT	91	92	93	
SAMPLE ROOM	51	52		

From 27-Feb-96 To 22-Jan-00

A-SEPARATOR GATE	00	02	04	06
A-DIVERSION	20	22	24	26
A-RACEWAY	10	12	14	16
A-EXIT	30	32	34	36
B-SEPARATOR GATE	08	0A	0C	0E
B-DIVERSION	28	2A	2C	2E
B-RACEWAY	18	1A	1C	1E
B-EXIT	38	3A	3C	3E
DIVERSION EXIT	40	42	44	46
SAMPLE ROOM	48	4A		

From 1-Jan-94 To 27-Feb-96

A-SEPARATOR	00	02		
A-SEPARATOR GATE	04	06		
A-DIVERSION	20	22	24	26
A-RACEWAY	10	12	14	16
A-EXIT	30	32	34	36
B-SEPARATOR	08	0A		
B-SEPARATOR GATE	0C	0E		
B-DIVERSION	28	2A	2C	2E
B-RACEWAY	18	1A	1C	1E
B-EXIT	38	3A	3C	3E
DIVERSION EXIT	40	42	44	46
SAMPLE ROOM	48	4A		

From 25-Apr-93 To 1-Jan-94

A-SEPARATOR	00	02		
A-SEPARATOR GATE	04	06		
A-DIVERSION	20	22	24	26
A-RACEWAY	10	12	14	16
A-EXIT	30	32	34	36
B-SEPARATOR	08	0A		
B-SEPARATOR GATE	0C	0E		
B-DIVERSION	28	2A	2C	2E
B-RACEWAY	18	1A	1C	1E
B-EXIT	38	3A	3C	3E
DIVERSION EXIT	40	42	44	46
SAMPLE ROOM	48	4A		

LOP: Lostine River Acc. Pond

Initial Configuration

From 1-Jan-02 To Present

SOUTH RIVER EXIT	01	02		
NORTH RIVER EXIT	11	12		

MC1: McNary Oregon Shore Ladder

Includes counting window detector. Orifice detectors 26 x 26 inches. Initial installation.

From 7-Mar-02 To Present

COUNTING WINDOW	01	02
WEIR 288	03	04
WEIR 287	05	06
WEIR 286	07	08
WEIR 284	09	0A
WEIR 283	0B	0C
WEIR 282	0D	0E
WEIR 280	0F	10
WEIR 279	11	12

MC2: McNary Washington Shore Ladder

Underwater orifice detectors 21w x 23h. Fish passing over weirs undetectable. Initial Installation.

From 7-Mar-02 To Present

WEIR 312	01	02
WEIR 311	03	04
WEIR 309	05	06
WEIR 308	07	08
WEIR 306	09	0A
WEIR 305	0B	0C
WEIR 303	0D	0E
WEIR 302	0F	10

MCJ: McNary Dam Juvenile

Added Adult Fish Return Monitor to site.

From 17-Jun-03 To Present

FULL FLOW BYPASS	01	02	03	04
ADULT FISH RETURN	F1	F2		
SBYC A-SEPARATOR GAT	A1	A2	A3	A4
A-SUBSAMPLE	61	62	63	
A-RACEWAY	11	12	13	
A-DIVERSION	31	32	33	
RIVER-1 EXIT	81	82	83	84
SBYC A-RACEWAY RIVER	C1	C2	C3	C4
SBYC B-SEPARATOR GAT	B1	B2	B3	B4
B-SUBSAMPLE	71	72	73	
B-RACEWAY	21	22	23	
B-DIVERSION	41	42	43	
RIVER-2 EXIT	91	92	93	
SBYC B-RACEWAY RIVER	D1	D2	D3	D4
SAMPLE ROOM	51	52		

From 20-Feb-03 To 17-Jun-03

FULL FLOW BYPASS	01	02	03	04
SBYC A-SEPARATOR GAT	A1	A2	A3	A4
A-SUBSAMPLE	61	62	63	
A-RACEWAY	11	12	13	
A-DIVERSION	31	32	33	
RIVER-1 EXIT	81	82	83	84
SBYC A-RACEWAY RIVER	C1	C2	C3	C4
SBYC B-SEPARATOR GAT	B1	B2	B3	B4
B-SUBSAMPLE	71	72	73	
B-RACEWAY	21	22	23	
B-DIVERSION	41	42	43	

	RIVER-2 EXIT	91	92	93	
	SBYC B-RACEWAY RIVER	D1	D2	D3	D4
	SAMPLE ROOM	51	52		
From 21-Jan-00 To 20-Feb-03					
	A-SEPARATOR GATE	A1	A2	A3	A4
	A-SUBSAMPLE	61	62	63	
	A-RACEWAY	11	12	13	
	A-DIVERSION	31	32	33	
	RIVER-1 EXIT	81	82	83	84
	B-SEPARATOR GATE	B1	B2	B3	B4
	B-SUBSAMPLE	71	72	73	
	B-RACEWAY	21	22	23	
	B-DIVERSION	41	42	43	
	RIVER-2 EXIT	91	92	93	
	SAMPLE ROOM	51	52		
From 2-Mar-98 To 22-Jan-00					
	A-SEPARATOR GATE	00	02	50	52
	A-SUBSAMPLE	30	32	34	
	A-RACEWAY	10	12	14	16
	A-DIVERSION	20	22	24	26
	RIVER-1	40	42	44	46
	B-SEPARATOR GATE	08	0A	54	56
	B-SUBSAMPLE	36	38	3A	
	B-RACEWAY	18	1A	1C	1E
	B-DIVERSION	28	2A	2C	2E
	RIVER-2	48	4A	4C	4E
	SAMPLE ROOM	3C	3E		
	B-RACEWAY ISO	A1	A2	A3	A4
	RIVER-2 ISO	B1	B2	B3	B4
	RIVER-1 ISO	C1	C2	C3	C4
	400 Test	80	82	84	86
From 27-Feb-96 To 2-Mar-98					
	A-SEPARATOR GATE	00	02	50	52
	A-SUBSAMPLE	30	32	34	
	A-RACEWAY	10	12	14	16
	A-DIVERSION	20	22	24	26
	RIVER-1	40	42	44	46
	B-SEPARATOR GATE	08	0A	54	56
	B-SUBSAMPLE	36	38	3A	
	B-RACEWAY	18	1A	1C	1E
	B-DIVERSION	28	2A	2C	2E
	RIVER-2	48	4A	4C	4E
	SAMPLE ROOM	3C	3E		
From 1-Jan-94 To 27-Feb-96					
	A-SEPARATOR	50	52		
	A-SEPARATOR GATE	00	02		
	A-SUBSAMPLE	30	32	34	
	A-RACEWAY	10	12	14	16
	A-DIVERSION	20	22	24	26
	A-RIVER	40	42	44	46
	B-SEPARATOR	54	56		
	B-SEPARATOR GATE	08	0A		
	B-SUBSAMPLE	36	38	3A	
	B-RACEWAY	18	1A	1C	1E
	B-DIVERSION	28	2A	2C	2E
	B-RIVER	48	4A	4C	4E
	SAMPLE ROOM	3C	3E		



	UNKNOWN	01	07	09	
From	1-Jan-86 To 1-Jan-94				
	A-MAIN	68	6A	6C	6E
	B-MAIN	60	62	64	66
	A-SUB	70	72	74	76
	SAMPLE ROOM	80	82		
MCX: MCNARY JUVENILE EXPERIMENTAL					
INITIAL INSTALLATION OF LARGE INTERROGATION COILS ON MAIN					
BYPASS FLUME: FULL FLOW BYPASS					
	From 13-Mar-02 To Present				
	FULL FLOW BYPASS 38	01	02	03	04
	From 20-Feb-98 To 31-Dec-98				
	ISO B-RACEWAY	A1	A2	A3	A4
	ISO RIVER-1	B1	B2	B3	B4
NBA: Nursery Bridge Adult					
Fish Ladder detector on South Fork Walla Walla River near					
Milton Freewater, OR.					
	From 31-Oct-03 To Present				
	Coil 01	01			
PRA: Priest Rapids Adult					
Priest Rapids Dam is owned and operated by Grant County PUD.					
	From 6-Dec-02 To Present				
	Left Ladder Weir 3	01	02		
	Left Ladder Weir 7	03	04		
	Right Ladder Weir 3	05	06		
	Right Ladder Weir 5	07	08		
PRJ: Prosser Dam (Chandler Dvrsn.)					
Initial ISO Configuration					
	From 10-Nov-99 To Present				
	SEPARATOR / SAMPLE	A1	A2	A3	
	SAMPLE ROOM EXIT	51	52		
	From 1-Jan-94 To 10-Nov-99				
	SEPARATOR	C8	CA	CC	CE
	SAMPLE ROOM	C4	C6		
	From 25-Apr-89 To 1-Jan-94				
	SEPARATOR	C8	CA	CC	CE
	SAMPLE ROOM	C4	C6		
RCX: Rattlesnake Creek Flat Plates					
Six coil Multiplexer configuration					
	From 1-Nov-03 To Present				
	Coil 1	01			
	Coil 2	02			
	Coil 3	03			
	Coil 4	04			
	Coil 5	05			
	Coil 6	06			
	From 15-May-03 To 3-Nov-03				
	Coil 1	01			
	Coil 2	02			
	Coil 3	03			
	Coil 4	04			
	From 21-Aug-01 To 15-May-03				

Upstream Flat-Plate AA  
Downstream Flat-Plat BB

RFA: REDFISH LK CR TRAP JUVENILE A

Redfish Lake Creek Trap operated by IDFG.  
From 13-Apr-95 To Present

RIVER EXIT F3

RFB: REDFISH LK CR TRAP JUVENILE B

Redfish Lake Creek Trap (B) operated by IDFG  
From 13-Apr-95 To Present

RIVER EXIT F5

RIA: Rock Island Adult

Rock Island Dam is owned and operated by Chelan County PUD.  
From 1-Feb-03 To Present

Left Ladder Baffle 4 01 02  
Left Ladder Baffle 2 03 04  
Middle Ladder Baffle 05 06  
Middle Ladder Baffle 07 08  
Right Ladder Baffle 09 0A  
Right Ladder Baffle 0B 0C

ROZ: ROSA DAM JUVENILE

Dates are accurate; equipment configuration must be  
established

From 26-Mar-92 To 30-May-92

MAIN C0

RPJ: Rapid River Hatchery Pond

Underwater unit coil failed. Replaced underwater orifice  
with underwater U shaped antenna.

From 15-Mar-02 To Present

UNDERWATER U-ANTENNA 01 02 03 04  
OVERFLOW U-ANTENNEA 05 06 07 08

From 1-Mar-01 To 15-Mar-02

UNDERFLOW ORIFICE 01 02 03  
OVERFLOW U-ANTENNEA 04 05 06 07

From 19-Apr-99 To 25-Mar-01

UNDERFLOW ORIFICE 00 01 02  
OVERFLOW DOWNSTREAM 03 04 05 06  
OVERFLOW UPSTREAM 07 08 09 0A

RRJ: Rocky Reach Dam Juvenile

2000 Update. Site converted to ISO 134.2kHz except for coils  
77 and 88 which are 134.2kHz Non-ISO.

From 25-Feb-00 To Present

SURFACE COLLECTOR 1 11 22 33 44  
SURF COL 2/UNIT 1,2 05 06  
BACKUP GATEWELL/SURF 77 88  
JUV COLLECTION FACIL 55

From 26-Apr-99 To 25-Feb-00

SURFACE COLLECTOR 24 11 22 33 44  
GATEWELL SAMPLE 05 06 A0 A2 A4 A6  
BACKUP GATEWELL/SURF 77 88  
SAMPLE AA

From 11-Mar-98 To 26-Apr-99

		SURFACE COLLECTOR 24	11	22	33	44
		GATEWELL SAMPLE	A0	A2	A4	A6
		BACKUP GATEWELL/SURF	77	88		
From	4-Apr-97	To	11-Mar-98			
		SURFACE COLLECTOR 24	11	22	33	44
		GATEWELL COLLECTION	05	06		
		BACKUP GATEWELL/SURF	77	88		
From	10-Apr-96	To	4-Apr-97			
		SURFACE COLLECTOR 24	11	22	33	44
		GATEWELL COLLECTOR 6	55	88		
		SURFACE COLLECTOR 6	66	77		
SAJ: Salmon River Trap						
Salmon River Juvenile trap operated by IDFG.						
	From	1-Jan-94	To	Present		
		MAIN			D8	
	From	28-Mar-93	To	1-Jan-94		
		MAIN			D8	
SIP: Similkameen Acc. Pond						
Originally reported as Monitored Release file. Converted to Interrogation data Mar. 2001.						
	From	1-Jan-96	To	31-Dec-96		
		MAIN			AA	
SNJ: Snake River Trap						
Snake River Juvenile Trap operated by IDFG.						
	From	1-Jan-94	To	Present		
		MAIN			D4	D6
	From	23-Mar-89	To	1-Jan-94		
		MAIN			D4	D6
SSJ: SUNNYSIDE JUVENILE						
Dates and coil/controller data accurate; monitor name must be researched						
	From	11-Apr-91	To	5-Jun-91		
		MAIN			FF	
SUJ: Sullivan Dam Juvenile						
Converted to ISO 1999.						
	From	1-Jan-94	To	Present		
		SAMPLE ROOM			AA	
TMA: Three Mild Dam Adult Ladder						
Three Mile Falls (ODFW on Umatilla R) Adult Window with FS2001 Portable Readers -- Temporary Install						
	From	7-Mar-02	To	Present		
		FS2001 PORTABLE WITH			01	
TMJ: Three Mile Dam Juvenile						
Exit Flume reconfigured. Facility upgraded from FS2001 units to FS1001 units.						
	From	28-Jan-04	To	Present		
		RIVER EXIT			10	11
	From	6-Mar-00	To	28-Jan-04		
		RIVER EXIT			10	11
	From	19-Mar-99	To	6-Mar-00		

RIVER EXIT 10

TST: Test Site

THIS SITE CODE USED FOR PSMFC TESTING PURPOSES

From 22-Apr-00 To Present

TEST MONITOR 1 01 02 03 04 05 06  
TEST MONITOR 2 07 08 09 0A 0B 0C

TWX: Estuary Towed Array (Exp.)

Added 2nd Monitor. Small Trawl is tuned to detect in Salt Water. Physically separate trawl vessel.

From 13-Mar-02 To Present

LARGE TRAWL 00 01  
SMALL TRAWL F1

From 1-Apr-01 To 13-Mar-02

RIVER EXIT 00 01

From 30-Mar-00 To 31-Mar-01

RIVER EXIT 00

From 26-Apr-99 To 30-Mar-00

RIVER EXIT 9E  
RIVER EXIT 36  
RIVER EXIT 00 02  
RIVER EXIT 5A

From 1-Mar-98 To 26-Apr-99

RIVER EXIT 9E  
RIVER EXIT 36  
RIVER EXIT 5A

From 13-Apr-95 To 1-Mar-98

RIVER EXIT 20 22  
RIVER EXIT 10 12

VC1: Valley Creek, Downstream Site

Valley Creek Upstream Remote Installation near Stanley, ID.

From 10-Jul-02 To Present

MAIN A1

VC2: Valley Creek, Downstream Site

Valley Creek Downstream Remote Installation near Stanley, ID.

From 10-Jul-02 To Present

MAIN A1

WAJ: WANAPUM DAM JUVENILE (G-DIP)

Date and coil/controller data accurate; monitor name must be verified

From 28-Apr-94 To Present

MAIN F0

WE1: WELLS LEFT LADDER TEMPORARY

Temporary EMI noise monitoring at Wells Dam.

From 24-Sep-01 To Present

CENTER EMI TESTING O A1

WE2: WELLS RIGHT LADDER TEMPORARY

Temporary EMI noise monitoring at Wells Dam

From 24-Sep-01 To Present

CENTER EMI TESTING O B1

WEA: Wells Dam, DCPUD Adult Ladders

Initial Adult Ladder Installation at Wells Dam, Douglas  
County PUD

From 2-Jan-02 To Present

Left Ladder Pool 68	01	02
Left Ladder Pool 67	03	04
Right Ladder Pool 68	05	06
Right Ladder Pool 67	07	08

WPJ: WAPATO DIVERSION JUVENILE

Dates and coil/controller data are accurate; monitor name  
must be reviewed

From 8-May-91 To 5-Jun-91

MAIN	FB
------	----

WW1: Harris Bridge S. FK Walla Wall

USFWS Remote Installation. Harris Bridge Site. S. Fk. Walla  
Walla River.

From 3-Sep-02 To Present

LEFT	A1
RIGHT	A2

From 3-Sep-02 To 3-Sep-02

LEFT	A1
RIGHT	A2

WW2: Burnt Creek Site S. Fk Walla W

USFWS Remote Installation. Burnt Cabin Creek site, about six  
mi. upstream from Harris Bridge Site

From 3-Sep-02 To Present

LEFT	A1
RIGHT	A2

Y1J: YAKIMA RIVER TRAP JUVENILE

Dates and coil/controller data are correct; monitor name  
must be verified

From 4-May-90 To 11-Jun-90

MAIN	B8
------	----

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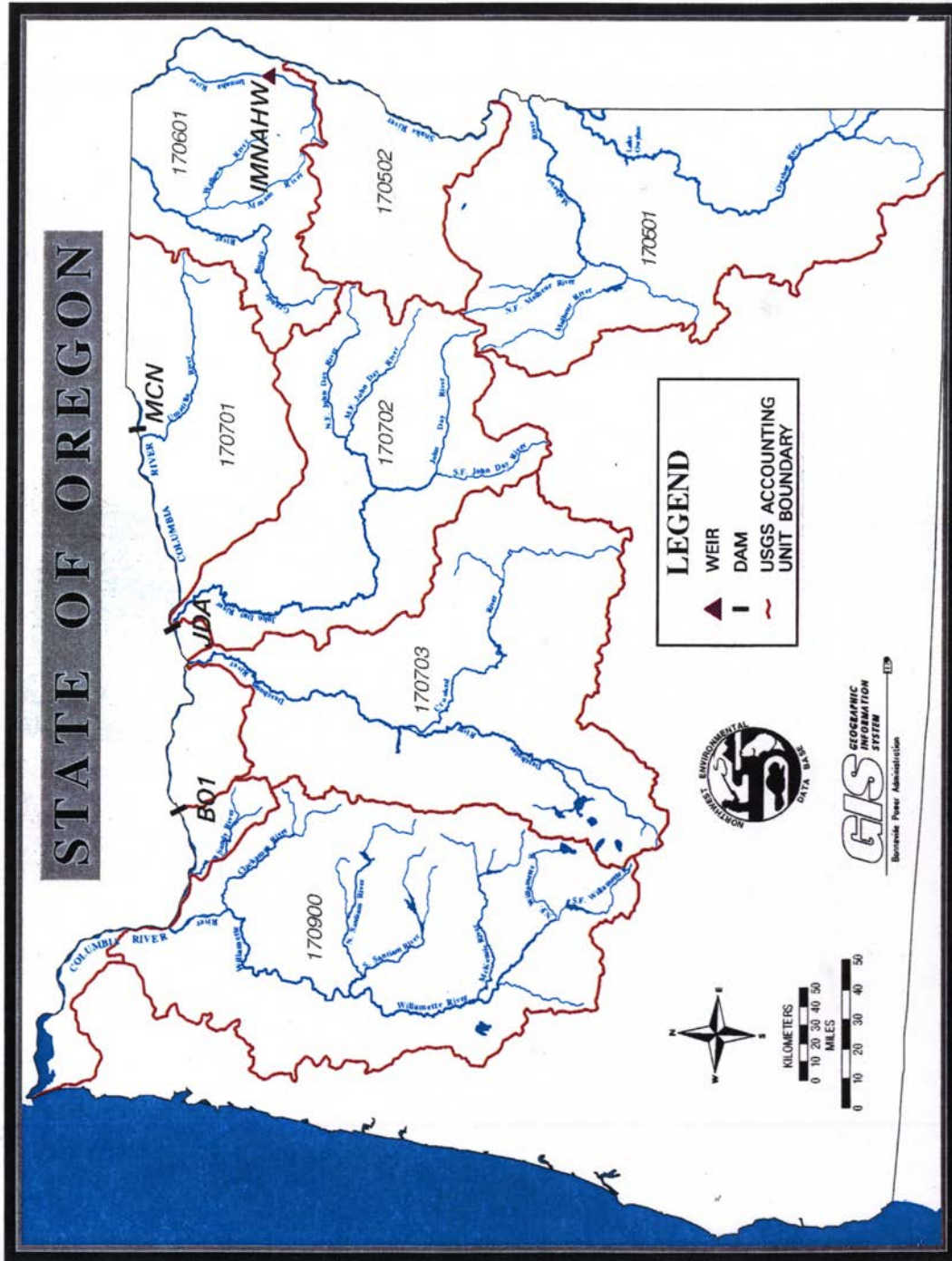
# **Appendix D. GIS Maps**

# D1. State of Idaho

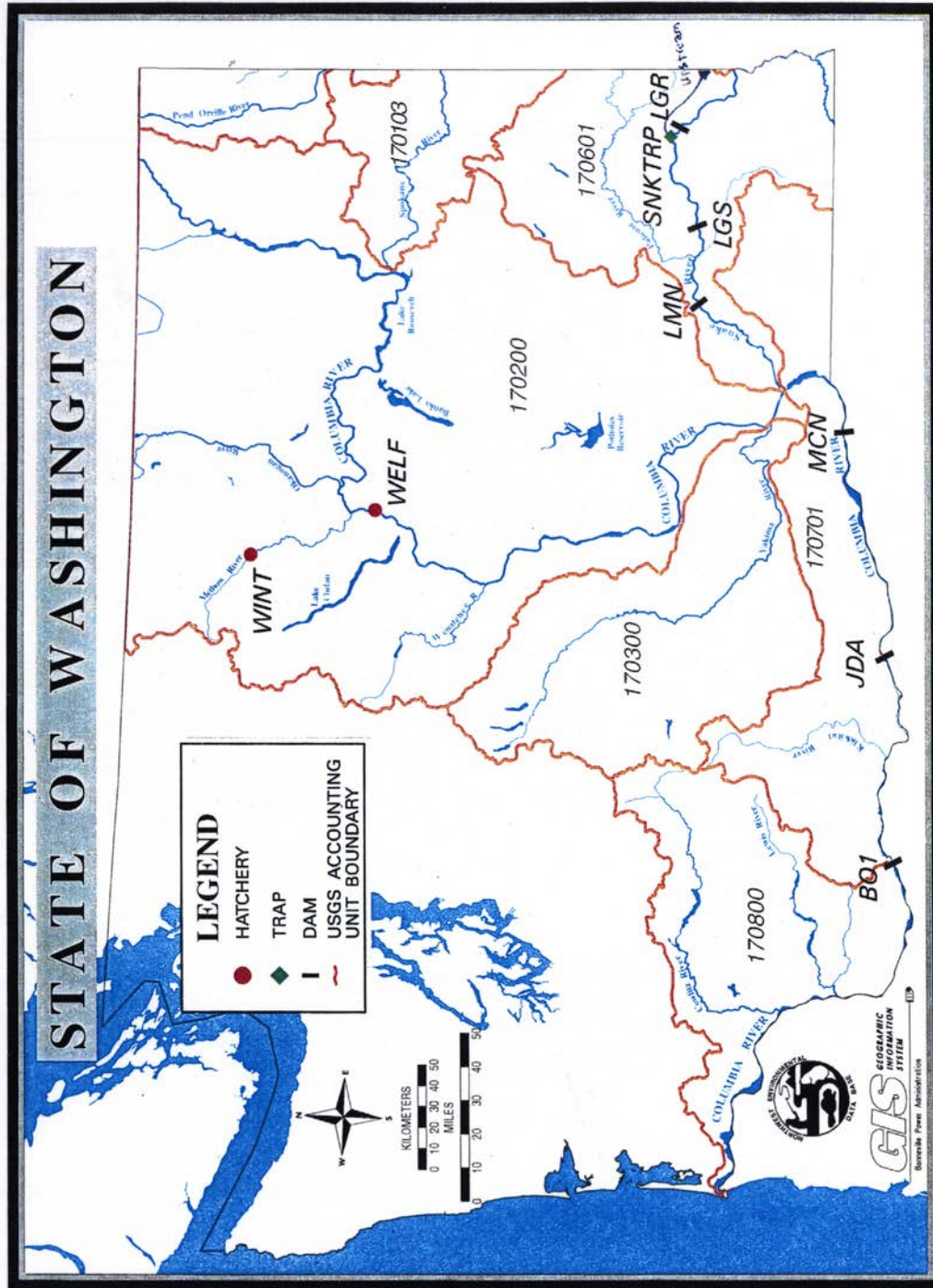




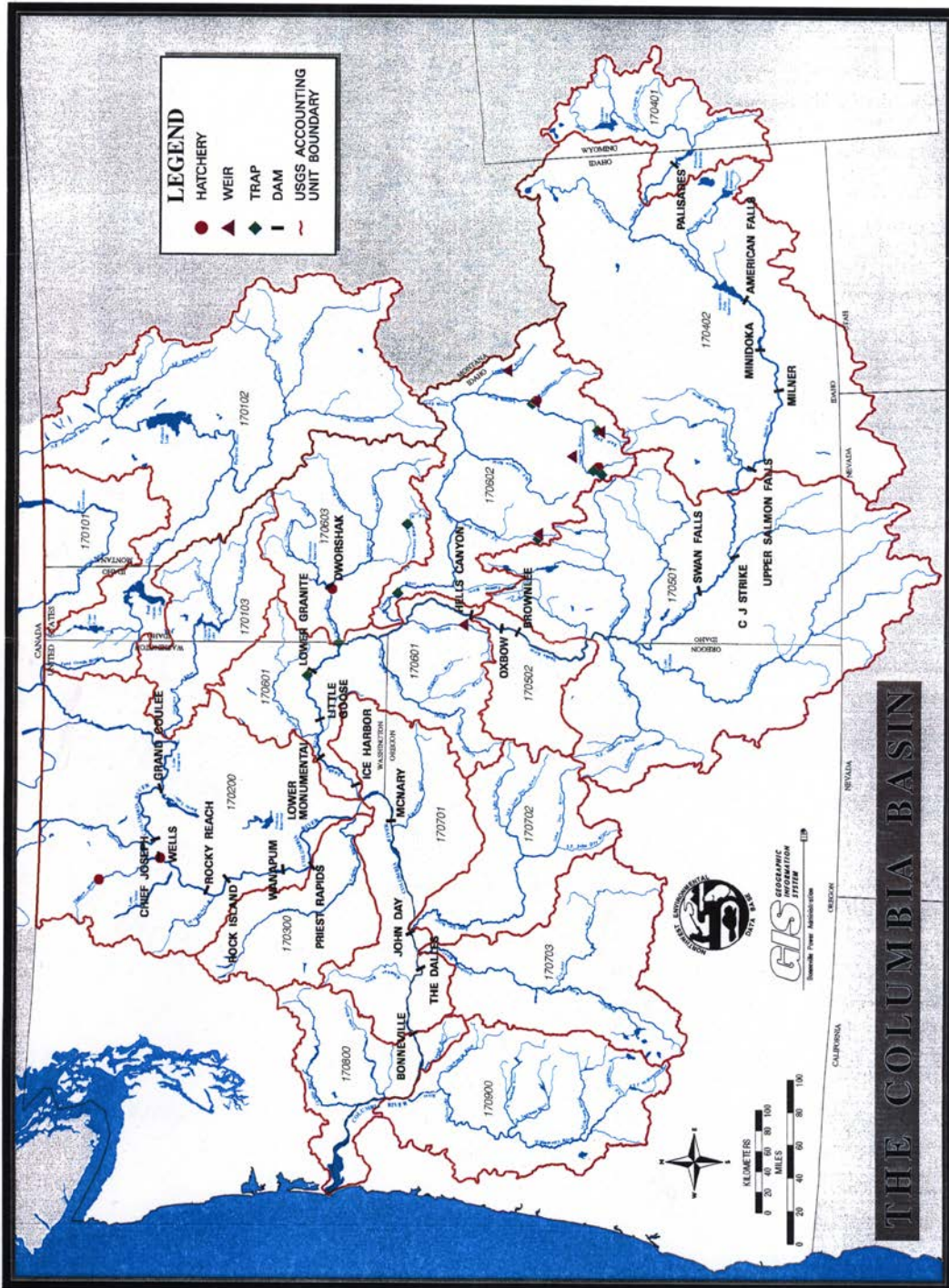
## D2. State of Oregon



### D3. State of Washington



# D4. Columbia Basin



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# **Appendix E. Perpetual Day-of-Year Calendars**

## E1. Perpetual Day-of-Year Calendar — Non-Leap Years

Day	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	June	July	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Day
1	001	032	60	91	121	152	182	213	244	274	305	335	1
2	002	033	061	092	122	153	183	214	245	275	306	336	2
3	003	034	062	093	123	154	184	215	246	276	307	337	3
4	004	035	063	094	124	155	185	216	247	277	308	338	4
5	005	036	064	095	125	156	186	217	248	278	309	339	5
6	006	037	065	096	126	157	187	218	249	279	310	340	6
7	007	038	066	097	127	158	188	219	250	280	311	341	7
8	008	039	067	098	128	159	189	220	251	281	312	342	8
9	009	040	068	099	129	160	190	221	252	282	313	343	9
10	010	041	069	100	130	161	191	222	253	283	314	344	10
11	011	042	070	101	131	162	192	223	254	284	315	345	11
12	012	043	071	102	132	163	193	224	255	285	316	346	12
13	013	044	072	103	133	164	194	225	256	286	317	347	13
14	014	045	073	104	134	165	195	226	257	287	318	348	14
15	015	046	074	105	135	166	196	227	258	288	319	349	15
16	016	047	075	106	136	167	197	228	259	289	320	350	16
17	017	048	076	107	137	168	198	229	260	290	321	351	17
18	018	049	077	108	138	169	199	230	261	291	322	352	18
19	019	050	078	109	139	170	200	231	262	291	323	353	19
20	020	051	079	110	140	171	201	232	263	293	324	354	20
21	021	052	080	111	141	172	202	233	264	294	325	355	21
22	022	053	081	112	142	173	203	234	265	295	326	356	22
23	023	054	082	113	143	174	204	235	266	296	327	357	23
24	024	055	083	114	144	175	205	236	267	297	328	358	24
25	025	056	084	115	145	176	206	237	268	298	329	359	25
26	026	057	085	116	146	177	207	238	269	299	330	360	26
27	027	058	086	117	147	178	208	239	270	300	331	361	27
28	028	059	087	118	148	179	209	240	271	301	332	362	28
29	029		088	119	149	180	210	241	272	302	333	363	29
30	030		089	120	150	181	211	242	273	303	334	364	30
31	031		090		151		212	243		304		365	31

## E2. Perpetual Day-of-Year Calendar — Leap Years

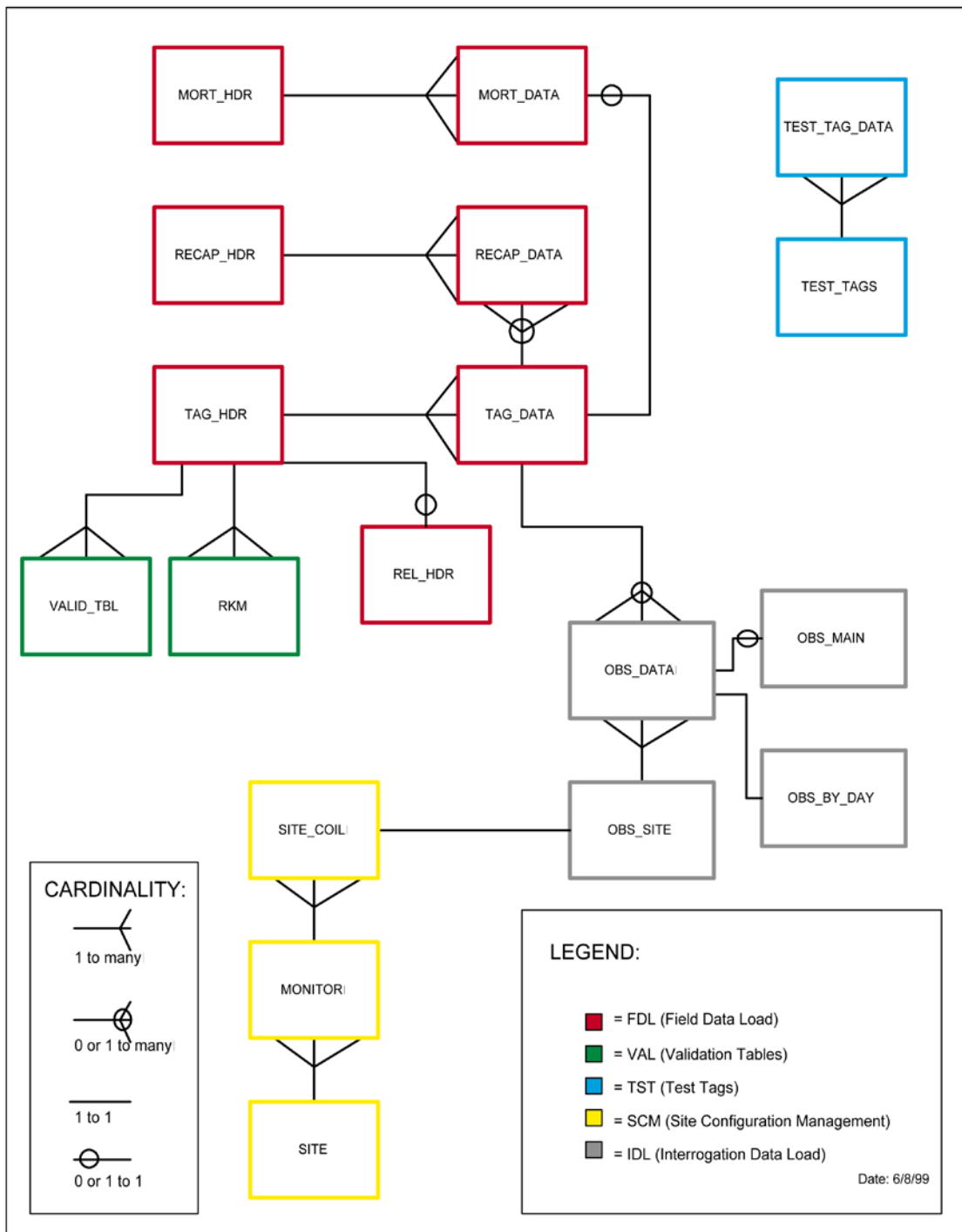
Day	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	June	July	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Day
1	001	032	061	092	122	153	183	214	245	275	306	336	1
2	002	033	062	093	123	154	184	215	246	276	307	337	2
3	003	034	063	094	124	155	185	216	247	277	308	338	3
4	004	035	064	095	125	156	186	217	248	278	309	339	4
5	005	036	065	096	126	157	187	218	249	279	310	340	5
6	006	037	066	097	127	158	188	219	250	280	311	341	6
7	007	038	067	098	128	159	189	220	251	281	312	342	7
8	008	039	068	099	129	160	190	221	252	282	313	343	8
9	009	040	069	100	130	161	191	222	253	283	314	344	9
10	010	041	070	101	131	162	192	223	254	284	315	345	10
11	011	042	071	102	132	163	193	224	255	285	316	346	11
12	012	043	072	103	133	164	194	225	256	286	317	347	12
13	013	044	073	104	134	165	195	226	257	287	318	348	13
14	014	045	074	105	135	166	196	227	258	288	319	349	14
15	015	046	075	106	136	167	197	228	259	289	320	350	15
16	016	047	076	107	137	168	198	229	260	290	321	351	16
17	017	048	077	108	138	169	199	230	261	291	322	352	17
18	018	049	078	109	139	170	200	231	262	291	323	353	18
19	019	050	079	110	140	171	201	232	263	293	324	354	19
20	020	051	080	111	141	172	202	233	264	294	325	355	20
21	021	052	081	112	142	173	203	234	265	295	326	356	21
22	022	053	082	113	143	174	204	235	266	296	327	357	22
23	023	054	083	114	144	175	205	236	267	297	328	358	23
24	024	055	084	115	145	176	206	237	268	298	329	359	24
25	025	056	085	116	146	177	207	238	269	299	330	360	25
26	026	057	086	117	147	178	208	239	270	300	331	361	26
27	027	058	087	118	148	179	209	240	271	301	332	362	27
28	028	059	088	119	149	180	210	241	272	302	333	363	28
29	029	060	089	120	150	181	211	242	273	303	334	364	29
30	030		090	121	151	182	212	243	274	304	335	365	30
31	031		091		152		213	244		305		366	31

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# **Appendix F. PTAGIS Database Structure**

# F1. Overview of PTAGIS DBMS Schema



## **F2. Field Data Load (FDVL) Sub-Schema**

The PIT Tag Operations Center (PTOC) runs processes that incorporate the "raw" Tagging and Release Information Files, as defined in this Columbia River Basin PIT Tag Information System Data Source Input Specification (a.k.a., the SpecDoc). PTOC refers to these processes as the FDL processes. These processes are currently initiated manually in order to assure that the process does not over-load system resources, does not interfere with other PTAGIS processing and to assure successful completion of the load event. The following describes the main tables that are updated during the operation of the FDL processes.

**FDVL Tables: tag_data, tag_hdr, mort_data, mort_hdr, recap_data, recap_hdr**

### **Table Functions:**

#### **tag_data:**

The tag_data table contains one record per fish that is released in the Columbia River drainage. This record is contained in a Tagging and Release Information File (Tagging File) that is submitted by PTAGIS system users. The tag_file field in the tag_data table contains a reference to the Tagging and Release Information File submitted by PTAGIS users. There are one or more tag_data records for each tag_file.

#### **Special Notes:**

Recapture and Mortality information are assigned to individual fish using the flags attribute (See "

Conditional Comments (Flag Codes)" on page 47).

If a fish is marked with an RE Flag Code, then this fish record is written to the recap_data table and the tag_header information associated with this tag_data record is loaded to the recap_hdr table (if it does not exist there already). Likewise, if a fish is marked with any of the mortality flag codes, (e.g., M, MB, MK, MS, SM), then a mort_data record is created with this tag_id and a corresponding mort_hdr record is created based upon associated information.

Fish that die during recapture must be reported with flag codes of RE and M (this means recapture, mortality). The tag from this fish cannot be used again. Records with RE M flags will generate corresponding records in the mort_hdr, mort_data, recap_hdr and recap_data tables.

Adult fish that are recaptured at hatcheries should have RE RF flag codes. The RE flag code will assure that a record is inserted into the recap_hdr and recap_data tables. The RF flag will be used to report the adult return in the "Final Disposition Analysis" reports that will provide life-cycle information for each tagged fish.

### **tag_hdr:**

Each tagging file that is submitted to PTAGIS generates one tag_hdr record. This record contains information related to all fish contained in the Tagging File.

### **mort_data:**

Fish records in a Tagging File that are marked with a mortality flag code (M, MB, MK, MS, SM) generate a single mort_data record. Tags from fish that died after marking and prior to release can be reused. In this case, the tag_id for the fish that died should either be "dotted out" or removed from the Tagging File.

### **mort_hdr:**

One mort_hdr record is created for a collection of one or more mort_data records. The mort_hdr record is "cloned" from the tag_hdr record in a Tagging File.

### **recap_data:**

A recap_data record is generated for tagging records that are marked with an "RE" flag code. A fish may be recaptured many times, so there may be many recap_data records for the same tag_code.

### **recap_hdr:**

One recap_hdr record is created for a collection of one or more recap_data records generated from the same Tagging File. The recap_hdr record is "cloned" from the tag_hdr record created from information in the Tagging File.

### **Table Definitions:**

#### **Name: tag_data**

```
Owner:                pittag
Created:              30-sep-1998 13:57:09
Location:            db3
Type:                user table
Version:             0I2.0
Page size:          2048
Cache priority:      0
Alter table version: 0
Alter table totwidth: 164
Row width:          164
Number of rows:     4798229
Storage structure:  btree with unique keys
Compression:        none
Duplicate Rows:     not allowed
Number of pages:    589083
```

Overflow data pages: 0  
 Journaling: enabled after the next checkpoint  
 Base table for view: yes  
 Permissions: yes  
 Integrities: none  
 Optimizer statistics: yes; see avg count below, more info in the iistats catalog

### Column Information:

Column Name	Type	Length	Nulls	Defaults	Key Seq	Avg Count Per Value
migr_yr	char	2	yes	null		
tag_file	char	15	yes	null		154.3
tag_id	char	15	yes	null	1	unique
seq_no	integer	4	yes	null		437.3
t_species	char	2	yes	null		
t_run	char	2	yes	null		
t_rear_type	char	2	yes	null		
brd_yr	char	3	yes	null		
wt	float	8	yes	null		
length	integer	4	yes	null		
length_type	char	2	yes	null		
t_cksum	char	2	yes	null		
rel_var	char	5	yes	null		
rel_v_time	date		yes	null		
flags	varchar	11	yes	null		
mort_flag	char	2	yes	null		
recap_y_n	char	1	yes	null		
tag_rem	varchar	50	yes	null		

### Secondary indexes:

Index Name	Structure	Keyed On
x_tagid	btree	tag_id
xtag_file	btree	tag_file

## Name: tag_hdr

Owner: pittag  
Created: 30-sep-1998 13:27:31  
Location: db1  
Type: user table  
Version: OI2.0  
Page size: 2048  
Cache priority: 0  
Alter table version: 0  
Alter table totwidth: 427  
Row width: 427  
Number of rows: 27180  
Storage structure: btree  
Compression: none  
Duplicate Rows: allowed  
Number of pages: 7772  
Overflow data pages: 0  
Journaling: enabled after the next checkpoint  
Base table for view: yes  
Permissions: yes  
Integrities: none  
Optimizer statistics: yes; see avg count below, more info in the iistats catalog

## Column Information:

Column Name	Type	Length	Nulls	Defaults	Key Seq	Avg Count Per Value
migr_yr	char	2	yes	null		
file_id	char	15	yes	null	1	unique
tag_site	char	8	yes	null		
tag_date	date		yes	null		
nfish	integer	4	yes	null		
mort_no	integer	4	yes	null		
species	char	2	yes	null		
run	char	2	yes	null		
rear_type	char	2	yes	null		
hatchery	char	4	yes	null		
stock	char	15	yes	null		
brood_yr	char	2	yes	null		
raceway	char	10	yes	null		
capture_meth	char	8	yes	null		
tag_temp	float	8	yes	null		
tag_meth	char	4	yes	null		
org	char	6	yes	null		
coord_id	char	3	yes	null		
tagger	char	20	yes	null		
rel_file	char	15	yes	null		
rel_date	date		yes	null		
rel_num	integer	4	yes	null		
rel_site	char	8	yes	null		102.3
rel_temp	float	8	yes	null		
river_km	char	27	yes	null		
epa_reach	char	8	yes	null		
transp_dur	char	8	yes	null		
transp_type	char	20	yes	null		
water_temp	float	8	yes	null		
assoc_mark	char	30	yes	null		
close_date	date		yes	null		
tag_session	varchar	100	yes	null		
mon_rel_y_n	char	1	yes	null		

## Secondary indexes:

Index Name	Structure	Keyed On
xtaghdr_relsite	btree	rel_site, file_id

## Name: recap_data

Owner: pittag  
Created: 30-sep-1998 13:27:04  
Location: db1  
Type: user table  
Version: OI2.0  
Page size: 2048  
Cache priority: 0  
Alter table version: 0  
Alter table totwidth: 165  
Row width: 165  
Number of rows: 161142  
Storage structure: btree  
Compression: none  
Duplicate Rows: allowed  
Number of pages: 22985  
Overflow data pages: 0  
Journaling: enabled after the next checkpoint  
Base table for view: yes  
Permissions: yes  
Integrities: none  
Optimizer statistics: yes; see avg count below, more info in the iistats catalog

## Column Information:

Column Name	Type	Length	Nulls	Defaults	Key Seq	Avg Count Per Value
tag_id	char	15	yes	null	2	unique
recap_file	char	12	yes	null	1	15.8
orig_tagfile	char	15	yes	null		
re_migr_yr	char	2	yes	null		
re_t_chksum	char	2	yes	null		
re_seq_no	integer	4	yes	null		
re_length_type	char	2	yes	null		
re_length	integer	4	yes	null		
re_wt	float	8	yes	null		
re_t_species	char	1	yes	null		
re_t_run	char	1	yes	null		
re_t_rear_type	char	1	yes	null		
re_brd_yr	char	3	yes	null		
re_rel_var	char	5	yes	null		
re_rel_v_time	date		yes	null		
re_flags	char	11	yes	null		
re_tag_rem	char	50	yes	null		

## Secondary indexes:

Index Name	Structure	Keyed On
retagx	btree	tag_id

## Name: recap_hdr

Owner: pittag  
Created: 30-sep-1998 13:31:05  
Location: db1  
Type: user table  
Version: OI2.0  
Page size: 2048  
Cache priority: 0  
Alter table version: 0  
Alter table totwidth: 405  
Row width: 405  
Number of rows: 10354  
Storage structure: btree  
Compression: none  
Duplicate Rows: allowed  
Number of pages: 2951  
Overflow data pages: 0  
Journaling: enabled after the next checkpoint  
Base table for view: yes  
Permissions: yes  
Integrities: none  
Optimizer statistics: yes; see avg count below, more info in the iistats catalog

## Column Information:

Column Name	Type	Length	Nulls	Defaults	Key Seq	Avg Count Per Value
re_migr_yr	char	2	yes	null		
recap_file	char	12	yes	null		unique
re_site	char	6	yes	null	1	91.3
re_date	date		yes	null		
re_nfish	integer	4	yes	null		
re_mort_no	integer	4	yes	null		
re_species	char	1	yes	null		
re_run	char	1	yes	null		
re_rear_type	char	1	yes	null		
re_hatchery	char	4	yes	null		
re_stock	char	15	yes	null		
re_brood_yr	char	2	yes	null		
re_raceway	char	15	yes	null		
re_capture_meth	char	8	yes	null		
re_tag_temp	float	8	yes	null		
re_tag_meth	char	4	yes	null		
re_org	char	6	yes	null		
re_coord_id	char	3	yes	null	2	182.5
re_tagger	char	20	yes	null		
re_rel_file	char	12	yes	null		
re_rel_date	date		yes	null		
re_rel_site	char	6	yes	null		
re_rel_temp	float	8	yes	null		
re_river_km	char	20	yes	null		
re_epa_reach	char	8	yes	null		
re_transp_dur	char	8	yes	null		
re_transp_type	char	20	yes	null		
re_water_temp	float	8	yes	null		
re_assoc_mark	char	30	yes	null		
re_close_date	date		yes	null		
re_session	varchar	100	yes	null		

## Secondary indexes:

Index Name	Structure	Keyed On
refilex	btree	recap_file



## Name: mort_data

Owner: pittag  
Created: 30-sep-1998 13:32:18  
Location: db1  
Type: user table  
Version: OI2.0  
Page size: 2048  
Cache priority: 0  
Alter table version: 0  
Alter table totwidth: 208  
Row width: 208  
Number of rows: 80164  
Storage structure: btree  
Compression: none  
Duplicate Rows: allowed  
Number of pages: 11201  
Overflow data pages: 0  
Journaling: enabled after the next checkpoint  
Base table for view: yes  
Permissions: yes  
Integrities: none  
Optimizer statistics: yes; see avg count below, more info in the iistats catalog

## Column Information:

Column Name	Type	Length	Nulls	Defaults	Key Seq	Avg Count Per Value
m_file	char	15	yes	null		62.1
tag_file	char	15	yes	null	1	11.2
m_tagid	char	15	yes	null		unique
m_cksm	char	2	yes	null		
migr_yr	char	2	yes	null		
m_seq_no	integer	4	yes	null		
tag_lgth	integer	4	yes	null		
tag_wt	float	8	yes	null		
mrt_lgth	float	8	yes	null		
mrt_wt	float	8	yes	null		
org	char	6	yes	null		
coord_id	char	3	yes	null		
tag_rel_site	char	6	yes	null		
tag_rel_date	date		yes	null		
mort_date	date		yes	null		
species	char	1	yes	null		
run	char	1	yes	null		
rear_type	char	1	yes	null		
flag_code	varchar	11	yes	null		
m_rem	varchar	50	yes	null		

## Secondary indexes:

Index Name	Structure	Keyed On
xm_file	btree	m_file
xm_tagid	btree	m_tagid

## Name: mort_hdr

Owner: pittag  
Created: 30-sep-1998 13:22:26  
Location: db1  
Type: user table  
Version: OI2.0  
Page size: 2048  
Cache priority: 0  
Alter table version: 0  
Alter table totwidth: 198  
Row width: 198  
Number of rows: 1238  
Storage structure: btree  
Compression: none  
Duplicate Rows: allowed  
Number of pages: 189  
Overflow data pages: 0  
Journaling: enabled after the next checkpoint  
Base table for view: yes  
Permissions: yes  
Integrities: none  
Optimizer statistics: yes; see avg count below, more info in the iistats catalog

## Column Information:

Column Name	Type	Length	Nulls	Defaults	Key Seq	Avg Count Per Value
mort_file	char	15	yes	null	1	unique
m_file_date	date		yes	null		
coll_site	char	6	yes	null		
river_km	char	27	yes	null		
m_capt_meth	char	6	yes	null		
cap_org	char	6	yes	null		
m_coord_id	char	3	yes	null		
m_close_date	date		yes	null		
proj_mess	varchar	100	yes	null		

Secondary indexes: none

### **F3. Interrogation Data Load (IDL) Sub-Schema**

The PTOC runs processes that incorporate the "raw" Interrogation Files, as defined in the Spec Doc. PTOC refers to these processes as IDL processes. The IDL processes are initiated automatically at 00:05, 06:05, and 12:05 daily. The following describes the main tables that are updated during the IDL processes.

#### **IDL Tables: obs_data, obs_site, obs_main, obs_by_day**

##### **Table Purpose:**

##### **obs_data**

Each row in the obs_data table corresponds to one "fish" record in a 'raw' interrogation file (either the new "MULTIMON" file type, or the traditional "INTERROGATION" file type). If a single fish generates 20 interrogation records, then 20 fish records will be inserted to the obs_data table.

"Fish" records are distinguished from "test tags" during the load process of an interrogation file by probing the test_tags table for a matching tag_id. If a match is found in the test_tags table, then the corresponding interrogation record is not loaded into the obs_data table, but instead is loaded into the test_tag_data table. Other records in an interrogation file that are not test_tag records or fish records are diagnostic of the interrogation system at the site, or descriptive of the site itself.

As IDL processes fish records from interrogation files, it not only inserts a new record to the obs_data table, but will update or insert new records into the obs_site table, obs_main table and the obs_by_day table. These tables contain a single summary record for each distinct fish record (tag_id) as appropriate.

##### **obs_site**

The obs_site table contains a single record for each fish seen at each interrogation site. For example if the fish was seen at the Snake Trap (SNJ), Little Goose (GOJ), Bonneville Powerhouse 2 (B2J) and at the Lower Granite Adult Ladder, then the obs_site table will contain 4 records with the unique tag_id of the fish. These records contains the first interrogation date and time of this fish at associated site and the coil identifier (location within the site) where this fish was seen. In addition, it contains the last interrogation date and time that this fish was seen at this site in addition to the last coil identifier that 'saw' this fish. In addition, a count of the total number of 'coil hits' is accumulated that indicates the number of times this fish was seen on any coil. If a fish was seen on coil 01, coil 02, on coil 01 again and finally on coil 03, then the intrgn_count will record four coil hits for this fish at this site.

##### **obs_main**

There are zero or one records in the obs_main table for any tag_id record that exists in the tag_data table or obs_data table. If the fish is never interrogated at a "Main Site", there will be no matching record in obs_main. If the fish is seen at one or more main interrogation sites in the river system, there will be exactly one record for this fish in the obs_main table.

The advantage of this summary table is that it records only the first interrogation of the fish at any "Main Site". This table is maintained in order to provide faster reporting of "First Obs Main" reports. The First Obs Main reports show only the first interrogation of a fish as it migrates down stream. This allows the user to determine what percent of a fish release was seen first, for example, at Lower Granite, Little Goose, Lower Monumental, Bonneville, etc. The PIT Tag Steering Committee determines which sites are designated as "Main Sites". This designation is stored in the PTAGIS database in the Site Configuration Management Schema of PTAGIS.

In addition to tracking the first main site that the fish was seen at the obs_main table keeps track of the last main site that a fish was seen at. The first time that the fish was seen, the first obs site and the last obs site (and corresponding date and time stamps) are set to the same value. When the fish is seen at subsequent main sites, the record for this fish is updated to reflect the last place and time that this fish was seen.

## obs_by_day

The obs_by_day table contains a single record for each fish seen at each site. This summary table contains only the date that the fish was first seen at this site; it does not include the time stamp. If the fish was seen at 23:57 on May 31, 1998 and then at 00:14 on June 1, 1998 at Lower Granite Dam then the obs_by_day table contains a single record that shows this fish on May 31, 1998. This table also contains the name of the interrogation file where this fish was first seen on this date.

This table is used to generate the obs_by_day reports. The obs_by_day reports list the number of fish seen at an interrogation site, by species, run and rearing_type on the given day.

### Table Definitions:

#### Name: obs_data

```
Owner:                pittag
Created:              30-sep-1998 13:32:22
Location:             db6,
                    db5,
                    db4
Type:                 user table
Version:              OI2.0
Page size:            2048
Cache priority:       0
Alter table version:  0
Alter table totwidth: 92
Row width:            92
Number of rows:       18581463
Storage structure:    btree
Compression:          none
Duplicate Rows:       not allowed
Number of pages:      1764958
Overflow data pages:  0
Journaling:           disabled
Base table for view:  yes
Permissions:          yes
Integrities:          none
Optimizer statistics: yes; see avg count below, more info in the iistats catalog
```

#### Column Information:

Column Name	Type	Length	Nulls	Defaults	Key Seq	Avg Count Per Value
obs_date	date		yes	null	3	2.0
obs_site	char	3	yes	null	1	428280.8
cnfg_seq_nbr	integer	4	no	yes		
tag_id	char	15	yes	null	2	8.4
cksm	char	2	yes	null		
contr	char	2	yes	null		
nreads	integer	4	yes	null		
coil1	char	2	yes	null		
coil2	char	2	yes	null		
coil3	char	2	yes	null		
coil4	char	2	yes	null		
obs_file	char	15	yes	null		459.0
obs_first	char	1	yes	null		
obs_flag2	char	1	yes	null		
obs_flag3	char	1	yes	null		
notfnd	char	1	yes	null		
cksum_ign	char	1	yes	null		
tagid_mod	char	1	yes	null		
anomalie_nbr	integer	4	no	yes		

#### Secondary indexes:

Index Name	Structure	Keyed On
o_d_x1	btree	obs_date

```

obtagx          btree      tag_id
xobs_file       btree      obs_file

```

**Name: obs_site**

```

Owner:          pittag
Created:        30-sep-1998 13:22:30
Location:       db3
Type:           user table
Version:        OI2.0
Page size:      2048
Cache priority: 0
Alter table version: 0
Alter table totwidth: 88
Row width:      88
Number of rows: 3108105
Storage structure: btree
Compression:    none
Duplicate Rows: not allowed
Number of pages: 287645
Overflow data pages: 0
Journaling:     enabled after the next checkpoint
Base table for view: yes
Permissions:    yes
Integrities:    none
Optimizer statistics: yes; see avg count below, more info in the iistats catalog

```

**Column Information:**

Column Name	Type	Length	Nulls	Defaults	Key Seq	Avg Count Per Value
tag_id	char	15	yes	null	2	1.5
obs_site	char	3	yes	null	1	77938.4
intrgn_count	integer	4	no	yes		10971.9
first_obs_date	date		yes	null	3	unique
first_cnfg_seq_nbr	integer	4	no	yes		
first_coil	char	2	no	yes		
first_obs_file	char	12	yes	null		
last_obs_date	date		yes	null		
last_cnfg_seq_nbr	integer	4	no	yes		
last_coil	char	2	no	yes		
last_obs_file	char	12	yes	null		88.8

**Secondary indexes:**

Index Name	Structure	Keyed On
o_s_x1	btree	intrgn_count
o_s_x2	btree	last_obs_file
o_s_x3	btree	tag_id

## Name: obs_main

Owner: pittag  
Created: 30-sep-1998 14:06:31  
Location: db4  
Type: user table  
Version: OI2.0  
Page size: 2048  
Cache priority: 0  
Alter table version: 0  
Alter table totwidth: 88  
Row width: 88  
Number of rows: 1874815  
Storage structure: btree with unique keys  
Compression: none  
Duplicate Rows: not allowed  
Number of pages: 148694  
Overflow data pages: 0  
Journaling: enabled after the next checkpoint  
Base table for view: yes  
Permissions: yes  
Integrities: none  
Optimizer statistics: yes; see avg count below, more info in the iistats catalog

## Column Information:

Column Name	Type	Length	Nulls	Defaults	Key Seq	Avg Count Per Value
tag_id	char	15	yes	null	1	unique
first_obs_date	date		yes	null		unique
first_obs_site	char	3	yes	null		
first_cnfg_seq_nbr	integer	4	no	yes		
first_coil	char	2	no	yes		
first_obs_file	char	12	yes	null		102.0
last_obs_date	date		yes	null		
last_obs_site	char	3	yes	null		
last_cnfg_seq_nbr	integer	4	no	yes		
last_coil	char	2	no	yes		
last_obs_file	char	12	yes	null		

## Secondary indexes:

Index Name	Structure	Keyed On
fo_file_x1	btree	first_obs_file
fo_tag_id_x2	btree	first_obs_date, tag_id
fo_tag_id_x3	btree	tag_id

## Name: obs_by_day

Owner: pittag  
Created: 30-sep-1998 13:10:26  
Location: db3  
Type: user table  
Version: OI2.0  
Page size: 2048  
Cache priority: 0  
Alter table version: 0  
Alter table totwidth: 49  
Row width: 49  
Number of rows: 3115945  
Storage structure: btree with unique keys  
Compression: none  
Duplicate Rows: not allowed  
Number of pages: 266279  
Overflow data pages: 0  
Journaling: enabled after the next checkpoint  
Base table for view: yes  
Permissions: yes  
Integrities: none  
Optimizer statistics: yes; see avg count below, more info in the iistats catalog

## Column Information:

Column Name	Type	Length	Nulls	Defaults	Key Seq	Avg Count Per Value
obs_day	date		yes	null	3	888.4
obs_site	char	3	yes	null	1	78208.8
tag_id	char	15	yes	null	2	1.5
obs_file	char	15	yes	null		

## Secondary indexes:

Index Name	Structure	Keyed On
o_b_d_x1	btree	tag_id, obs_site
o_b_d_x2	btree	obs_day

## **F4. Test Tag (TST) Sub-Schema**

Test Tags are tags that are used to test interrogation and tagging system components. Test tags should not be counted as fish. Test tags are specifically registered to PTAGIS and recorded in the test_tags table.

There are two types of test tags: fixed reference tags and variable reference tags. Fixed reference tags are also known as "timer tags". These tags are assigned to a specific coil at an interrogation site. These tags will emit a unique code at periodic (usually every four hours) intervals. Absence of the fixed reference tags at an interrogation site indicates the failure of a system component or the specific antenna coil. Fixed reference tags **MUST** be registered with a specific interrogation site_code and coil_id.

The variable reference tags are also called stick tags. Stick tags are, by tradition, wooden sticks with PIT tags embedded in one or two ends. These tags are used by system maintainers to test the operation of interrogation coils throughout the system. The stick tags are usually floated in the fishway (usually a flume) through the interrogation coils. The sticks are recovered and used to test other coils. Stick tags are differentiated from timer tags in that they are not assigned to a specific coil_id or interrogation site_code.

### **TST Tables: test_tags, test_tag_data**

#### **Table Purpose:**

#### **test_tags**

The test_tags table is the registration table for tag_ids that are specifically not to be identified as fish. This table implicitly differentiates fixed reference tags from stick tags by assigning a site code and coil_id to fixed reference tags. The IDL process updates the last_load_int_count with the number of times that the fixed reference tag was seen at the interrogation site, for each time that the IDL process loads data from this site. If the last_load_int_count is zero, then the coil is listed on the "Timer Tag Exception Report". Otherwise, the last_load_int_count is used to display the number of timer tag hits on the "Timer Tag Report".

#### **test_tag_data**

Any tag_id that is registered in the test_tags table and is processed during operation of the IDL is inserted into the test_tag_data table. This table is useful for verifying operation of facilities at some time in the past, by identifying operation of timer tags or by verifying testing via diagnostics generated by a maintenance technician using test tags.



## **Table Definitions:**

### **Name: test_tags**

Owner: pittag  
Created: 30-sep-1998 13:26:58  
Location: db1  
Type: user table  
Version: OI2.0  
Page size: 2048  
Cache priority: 0  
Alter table version: 0  
Alter table totwidth: 29  
Row width: 29  
Number of rows: 2692  
Storage structure: hash with unique keys  
Compression: none  
Duplicate Rows: not allowed  
Number of pages: 66  
Overflow data pages: 0  
Journaling: enabled after the next checkpoint  
Base table for view: yes  
Permissions: yes  
Integrities: none  
Optimizer statistics: yes; see avg count below, more info in the iistats catalog

### **Column Information:**

Column Name	Type	Length	Nulls	Defaults	Key Seq	Avg Count Per Value
testtag_id	char	15	yes	null	1	unique
test_cksum	char	2	yes	null		
obs_site	char	3	no	yes		213.5
coil_id	char	3	no	yes		29.4
last_load_int_count	integer	4	no	no		

### **Secondary indexes:**

Index Name	Structure	Keyed On
t_t_x1	btree	obs_site, coil_id

## Name: test_tag_data

Owner: pittag  
Created: 30-sep-1998 13:14:22  
Location: db4  
Type: user table  
Version: OI2.0  
Page size: 2048  
Cache priority: 0  
Alter table version: 0  
Alter table totwidth: 72  
Row width: 72  
Number of rows: 4889950  
Storage structure: btree  
Compression: none  
Duplicate Rows: not allowed  
Number of pages: 446851  
Overflow data pages: 0  
Journaling: enabled after the next checkpoint  
Base table for view: yes  
Permissions: yes, including SELECT to ALL  
Integrities: none  
Optimizer statistics: yes; see avg count below, more info in the iistats catalog

## Column Information:

Column Name	Type	Length	Nulls	Defaults	Key Seq	Avg Count Per Value
obs_date	date		yes	null	3	2.2
obs_site	char	3	yes	null	1	273412.2
tag_id	char	15	yes	null	2	2151.9
cksm	char	2	yes	null		
contr	char	2	yes	null		
nreads	integer	4	yes	null		
coil1	char	2	yes	null		
coil2	char	2	yes	null		
coil3	char	2	yes	null		
coil4	char	2	yes	null		
obs_file	char	15	yes	null		

## Secondary indexes:

Index Name	Structure	Keyed On
t_t_d_x1	btree	obs_date
t_t_of_x2	btree	obs_file

## **F5. Site Configuration Management (SCM) Sub-Schema**

The Site Configuration Management Schema provides PTAGIS the capability to maintain change history at interrogation sites. For example, McNary (MCJ) installed a new facility that went on-line in 1994. However, prior to that, MCJ was operating a four-monitor interrogation facility. The SCM tool was used to construct a configuration sequence number for the original McNary facility and a subsequent configuration sequence number for the new facility.

The SCM tool maps coils within monitors (collections of coils) to interrogation sites that can change over time.

Interrogation data stored in obs_data and obs_site and obs_main link to specific configuration sequence numbers (cnfg_seq_nbr) found in the SCM schema.

### **SCM Tables: site, monitor, site_coil**

#### **Table Purpose:**

##### **site**

The site table describes the site. Information about a site includes its long description, site_code, whether or not it is a main site, the current configuration sequence number of the site and other information used by IDL and report sorting processes.

##### **monitor**

The monitor table describes monitors (monitors are collections of one or more coils). Monitors are associated with a configuration (they can be added, changed or removed over time) and so they maintain a cnfg_seq_nbr. Monitors can be associated with entry into a fish collection system, or exit from a fish collection system.

##### **site_coil**

The site_coil table associates a coil to a monitor for a specific configuration. Each coil within an interrogation site (and current configuration) is unique. The contr_id (controller identifier) is obsolete.

## **Table Definitions:**

### **Name: site**

Owner: pittag  
Created: 30-sep-1998 13:28:09  
Location: db1  
Type: user table  
Version: OI2.0  
Page size: 2048  
Cache priority: 0  
Alter table version: 0  
Alter table totwidth: 48  
Row width: 48  
Number of rows: 39  
Storage structure: hash with unique keys  
Compression: none  
Duplicate Rows: not allowed  
Number of pages: 18  
Overflow data pages: 0  
Journaling: enabled after the next checkpoint  
Base table for view: yes  
Permissions: yes  
Integrities: none  
Optimizer statistics: yes; see avg count below, more info in the iistats catalog

### **Column Information:**

Column Name	Type	Length	Nulls	Defaults	Key Seq	Avg Count Per Value
obs_site	char	3	no	no	1	unique
site_name	varchar	30	no	yes		
cur_cnfg_seq	integer	4	no	yes		
main_y_n	char	1	no	no		
active_y_n	char	1	no	no		
parallel_a_b	char	1	no	no		
poll_y_n	char	1	no	no		
new_data_y_n	char	1	no	no		
max_llint_count	integer	4	no	yes		

**Secondary indexes: none**

## Name: monitor

Owner: pittag  
Created: 30-sep-1998 13:14:18  
Location: db1  
Type: user table  
Version: OI2.0  
Page size: 2048  
Cache priority: 0  
Alter table version: 0  
Alter table totwidth: 52  
Row width: 52  
Number of rows: 236  
Storage structure: btree with unique keys  
Compression: none  
Duplicate Rows: not allowed  
Number of pages: 15  
Overflow data pages: 0  
Journaling: enabled after the next checkpoint  
Base table for view: yes  
Permissions: yes  
Integrities: none  
Optimizer statistics: yes; see avg count below, more info in the iistats catalog

## Column Information:

Column Name	Type	Length	Nulls	Defaults	Key Seq	Avg Count Per Value
obs_site	char	3	no	no	1	5.5
cnfg_seq_nbr	integer	4	no	no	2	44.0
monitor_nbr	integer	4	no	no	3	12.6
monitor_name	varchar	30	no	no		
mon_ctgry_str	char	3	no	yes		
entry_y_n	char	1	no	yes		
exit_y_n	char	1	no	yes		
sort_str	char	4	no	yes		

Secondary indexes: none

## Name: site_coil

Owner: pittag  
Created: 30-sep-1998 14:11:23  
Location: db1  
Type: user table  
Version: OI2.0  
Page size: 2048  
Cache priority: 0  
Alter table version: 0  
Alter table totwidth: 17  
Row width: 17  
Number of rows: 653  
Storage structure: btree with unique keys  
Compression: none  
Duplicate Rows: not allowed  
Number of pages: 23  
Overflow data pages: 0  
Journaling: enabled after the next checkpoint  
Base table for view: yes  
Permissions: yes  
Integrities: none  
Optimizer statistics: yes; see avg count below, more info in the iistats catalog

## Column Information:

Column Name	Type	Length	Nulls	Defaults	Key Seq	Avg Count Per Value
obs_site	char	3	no	no	1	17.0
cnfg_seq_nbr	integer	4	no	no	2	115.0
coil_id	char	3	no	yes	3	4.3
contr_id	char	3	no	yes	4	10.2
monitor_nbr	integer	4	no	no		

**Secondary indexes: none**

## F6. Validation SubSchema (VAL)

Two tables are used to validate user input to PTAGIS in conformance with the Spec Doc.

### VAL Tables: rkm, valid_tbl

#### Table Purpose:

#### **rkm**

The rkm table contains the list of valid tagging, release and recapture site codes, associated river kilometers, a revision date and associated messages for administrative and tracking purposes. New entries to this table are submitted by members of the PIT Tag Steering Committee.

#### **valid_tbl**

The valid_tbl contains a set of domains (*e.g.*, TAG COORD, FLAG CODE) and the associated short code name and the description of the code. These codes are approved by the PIT Tag Steering Committee.

#### Table Definitions:

#### **Name: rkm**

```
Owner:                pittag
Created:              30-sep-1998 13:09:54
Location:            db3
Type:                user table
Version:             OI2.0
Page size:           2048
Cache priority:      0
Alter table version: 0
Alter table totwidth: 276
Row width:           276
Number of rows:      412
Storage structure:   btree
Compression:         none
Duplicate Rows:      allowed
Number of pages:     80
Overflow data pages: 0
Journaling:          enabled after the next checkpoint
Base table for view: yes
Permissions:         yes
Integrities:         none
Optimizer statistics: yes; see avg count below, more info in the iistats catalog
```

#### **Column Information:**

Column Name	Type	Length	Nulls	Defaults	Key Seq	Avg Count Per Value
modification_date	date		yes	null		
loc_name	char	125	yes	null		
site	char	6	yes	null	1	unique
fixed_rel_site_y_n	char	1	yes	null		
parent_release_loc	char	6	yes	null		
river_km	char	23	yes	null		
km_tot	integer	4	yes	null		
reach	char	8	yes	null		
modification_message	varchar	80	yes	null		

**Secondary indexes: none**

**Name: valid_tbl**

Owner: pittag  
Created: 30-sep-1998 13:29:08  
Location: db1  
Type: user table  
Version: OI2.0  
Page size: 2048  
Cache priority: 0  
Alter table version: 0  
Alter table totwidth: 98  
Row width: 98  
Number of rows: 366  
Storage structure: btree  
Compression: none  
Duplicate Rows: allowed  
Number of pages: 53  
Overflow data pages: 0  
Journaling: enabled after the next checkpoint  
Base table for view: no  
Permissions: yes  
Integrities: none  
Optimizer statistics: yes; see avg count below, more info in the iistats catalog

**Column Information:**

Column Name	Type	Length	Nulls	Defaults	Key Seq	Avg Count Per Value
ref_code	char	30	yes	null	2	unique
ref_name	char	45	yes	null		
domain	char	20	yes	null	1	27.8

**Secondary indexes: none**